

CARDIOVASCULAR TISSUE ENGINEERING IN PRECISION AND REGENERATIVE MEDICINE

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**Associate Professor, Industrial
Bioengineering, University of Pavia**

**Formerly:
Harvard Wyss Institute in Boston
Wyss translational center in Zurich**

Contacts:

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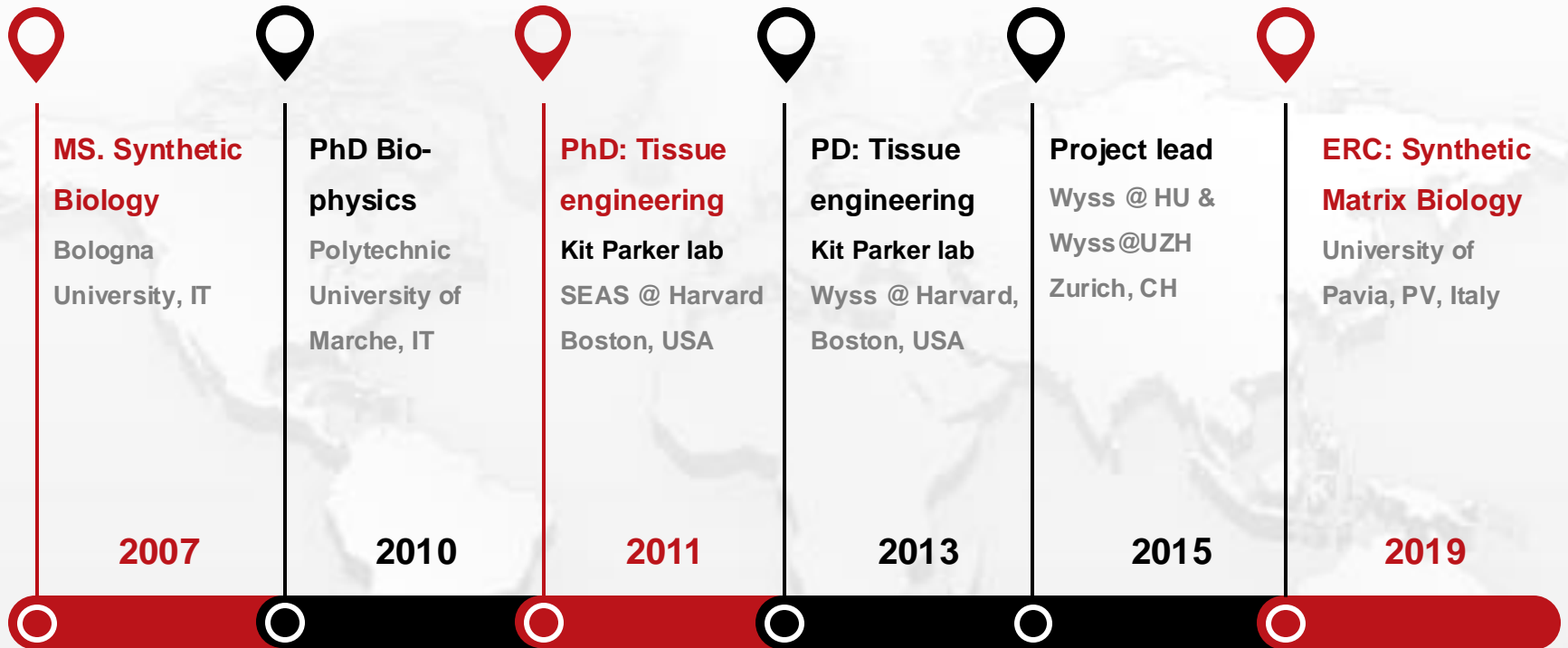
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LinkedIn: <https://www.linkedin.com/in/fsp81>



From synthetic biology, to tissue engineering, to synthetic matrix biology



Parker lab funding



Pasqualini lab funding



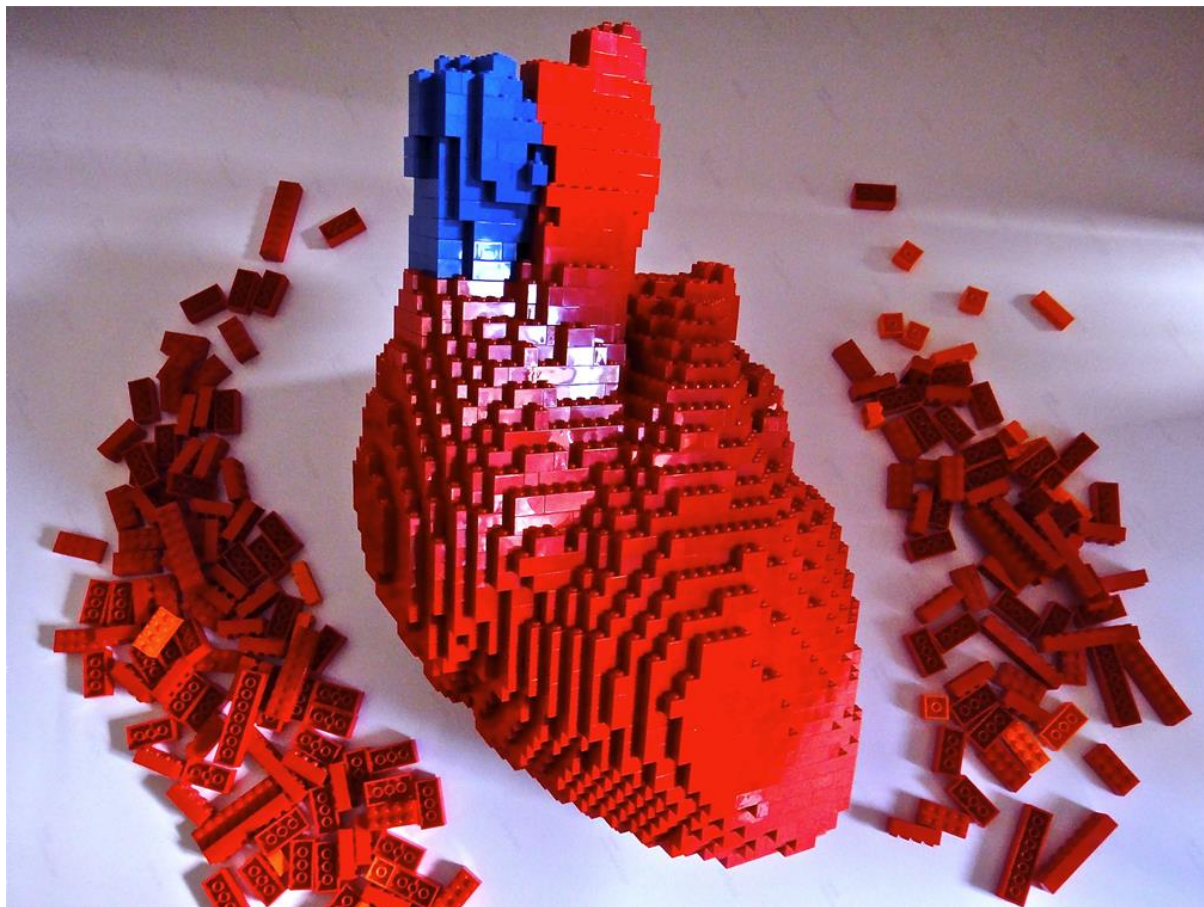
My original quest: What does it take to make cardiac tissue engineered **products**?

Roadmap (from 2010):

- Organ replacement: 20 years, >20B cells, different cell types
- Regenerative medicines: 10 years, >100Ms cells,
- Drug discovery: 5 years, <1M cells, single/multiple cell types

Roadblocks:

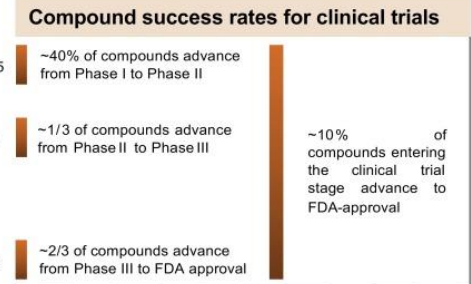
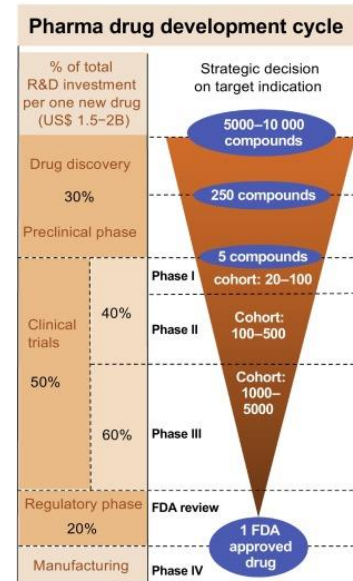
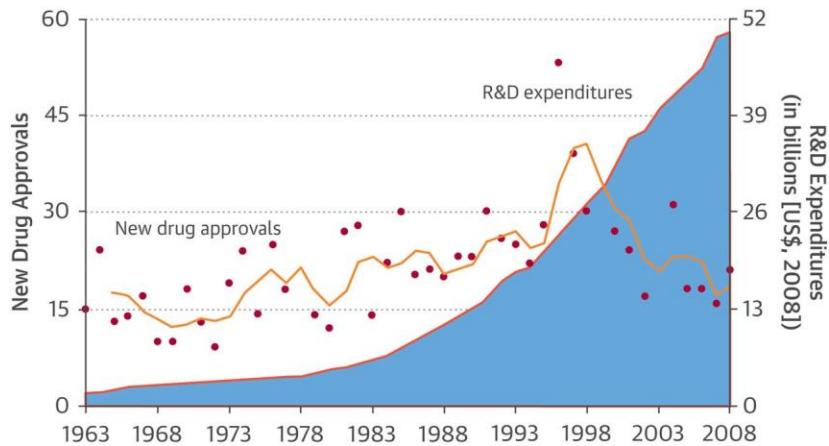
- Cells as building blocks
- High-quantity
- High-quality



Agenda

- 1. Background: Organ-chips in precision and regenerative medicine**
- 2. My work with the heart-chip in Boston**
- 3. My work with regenerative cardiovascular prostheses in Zurich**
- 4. My work in Synthetic Matrix Biology in Pavia**
- 5. Discussion**

Organs-on-chips (OOC) are fail-fast/cheap platforms for predictive pre-clinical investigations



Eroom law

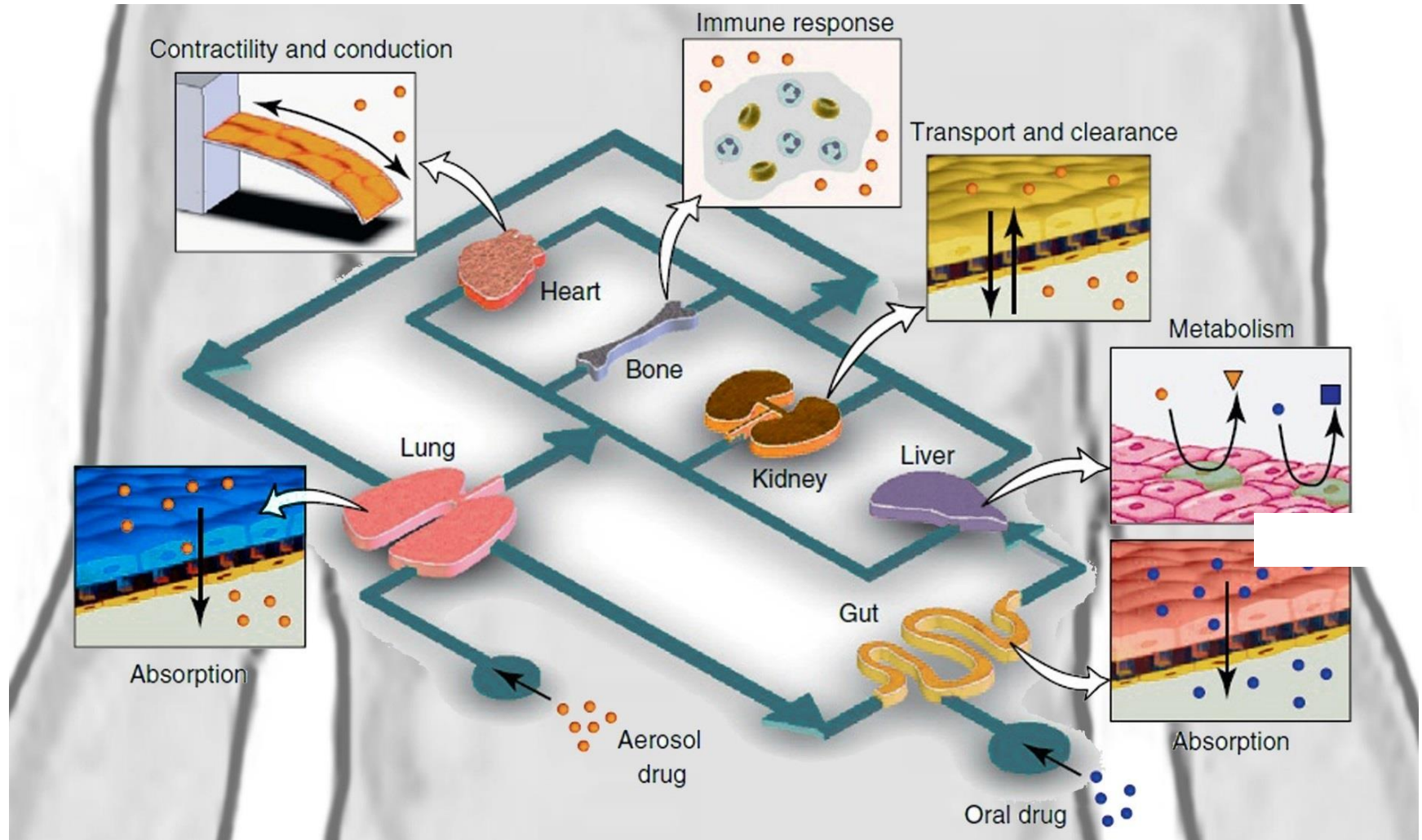
- The cost of getting a drug to the market has doubled yearly over the last 30 yrs

Drug discovery economics

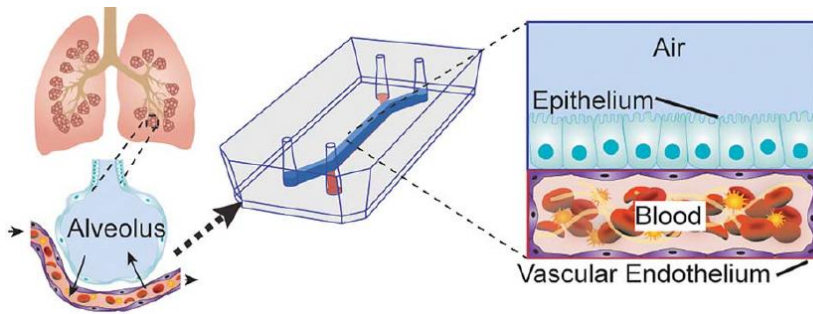
- Failures in the clinical trial phase are ethical and economical catastrophes

OOC are assays meant to fail candidate compounds pre-clinically

Organs-on-chips (OOC) are fail-fast/cheap platforms for **predictive pre-clinical investigations**



The Wyss/Emulate approach: General-purpose OOCs for safety, efficacy, and everything in between



Overview

Total Funding Amount **\$95M** CB Rank (Company) **3,248**

Emulate
Emulate is a private company focused on commercializing Organs-on-Chips.
Boston, Massachusetts, United States

Categories **Biotechnology, Health Care, Medical**

Headquarters Regions **Greater Boston Area, East Coast, New England**

Founded Date **2013**

Founders **Daniel Levner, Geraldine A. Hamilton, James Coon**

Operating Status **Active**

Funding Status **Late Stage Venture**

Last Funding Type **Series C**

Number of Employees **51-100**

Legal Name **Emulate, Inc.**

IPO Status **Private**

Website emulatebio.com

Facebook [View on Facebook](#)

LinkedIn [View on LinkedIn](#)

Twitter [View on Twitter](#)

Phone Number **508-843-5324**

Emulate, Inc. is a private company focused on commercializing Organs-on-Chips as an automated human bioemulation platform that achieves a new standard for mimicking true human physiology so that responses to medicines, chemicals and diseases can be accurately predicted. Through co-innovation with collaborators and internal programs, Emulate is...

[Read More](#)

The Harvard Wyss Institute OOC

- Human cell types + biomimetic stretch
- ~50 M\$ in DARPA/NIH funding

Emulate, Inc

- >100 M\$ in private investments
- Co-development deals with Pharma

Emulate, the dominant player in this market, doesn't have a heart chip

Heart-chips powered by human pluripotent stem cell-derived cardiomyocytes for disease modeling

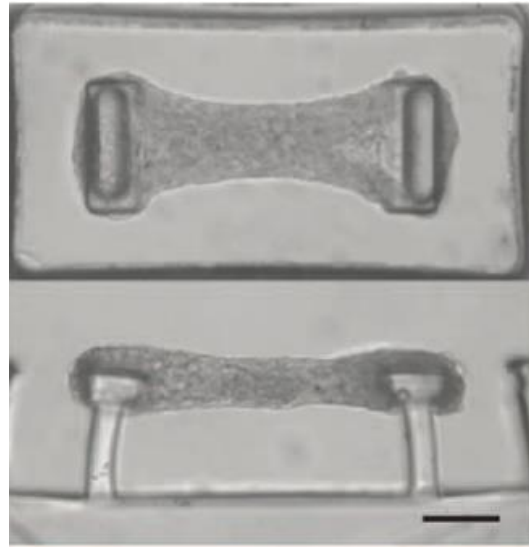
Cell sources

- Patient-specific
- Genome-edited

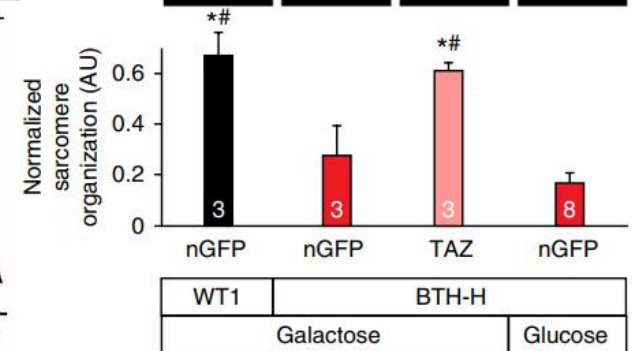
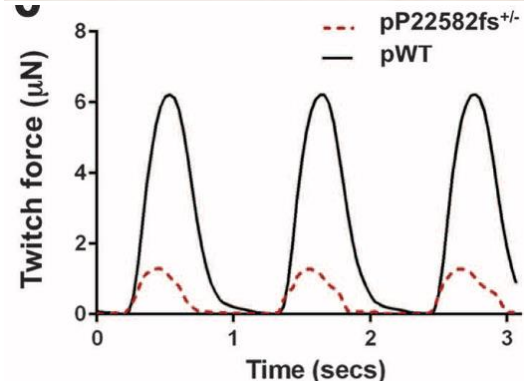
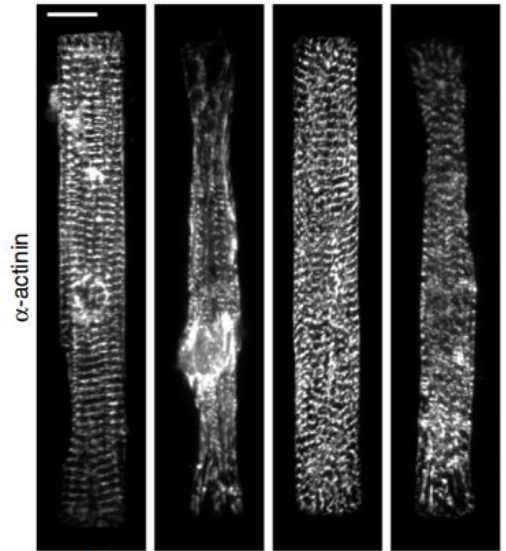
Type of diseases

- Genetic disorders
- Single mutations

Key application in this space is the ability to model diseases



a



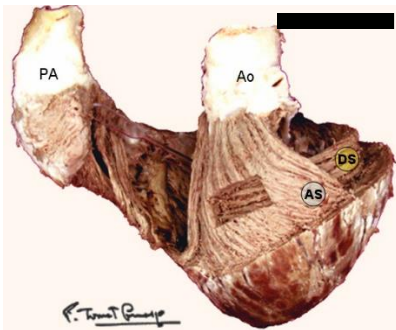
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Microfabrication Techniques to Recapitulate Cardiac Cell and Tissue Structure

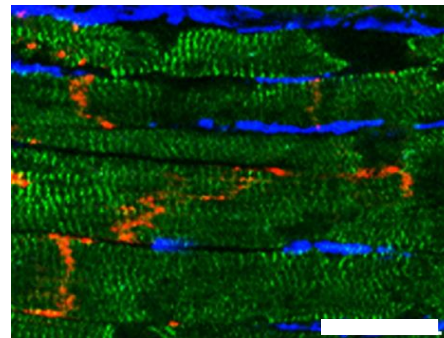
Contractile structure in the heart:

- Laminar tissues
- Aligned myofibrils
- Striated muscle cells

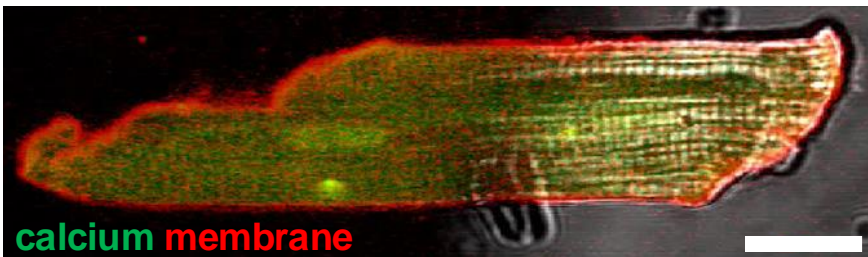


Scale: ~10 cm

α -actinin, β -catenin, fibro

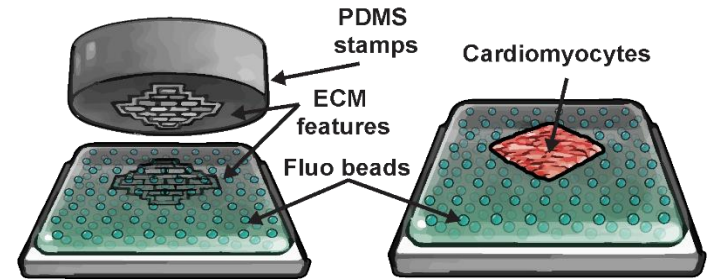


Scale: ~250 μ m

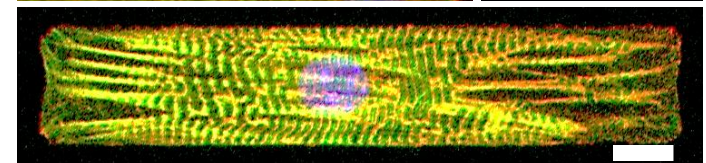
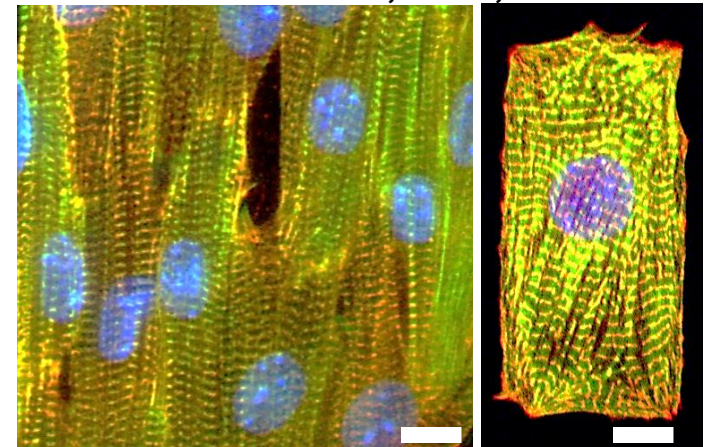


Scale: ~25 μ m

Microcontact printing



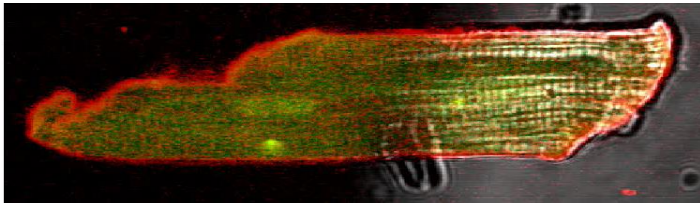
α -actinin, actin, chromatin



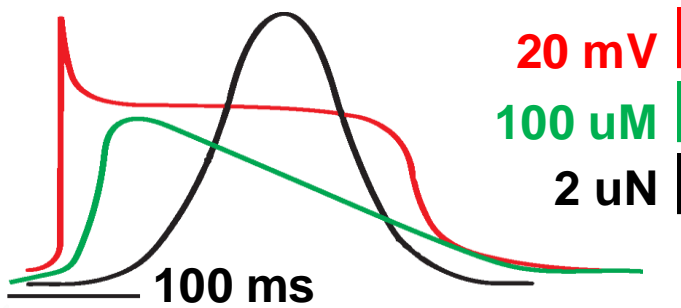
Scale: 10 μ m

Multiparametric assessment of cardiac tissue structure and function in the Heart-chip

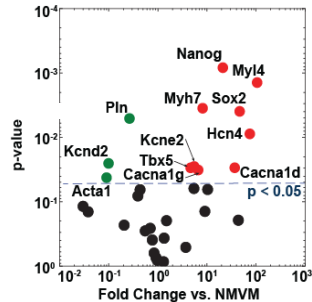
Rat cardiomyocyte



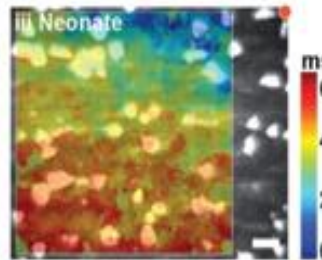
calcium membrane



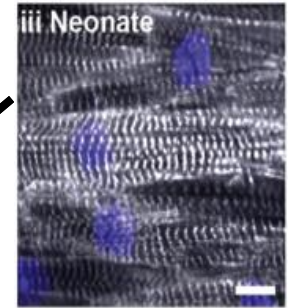
Gene Expression



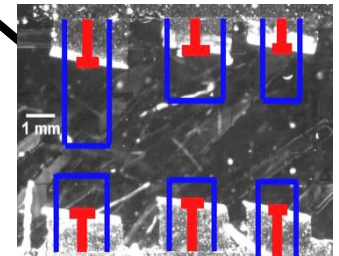
Electrical Activity



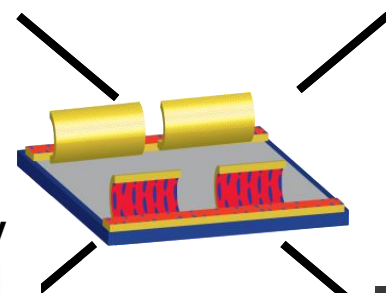
Structure



Contractility



Heart-on-a-Chip



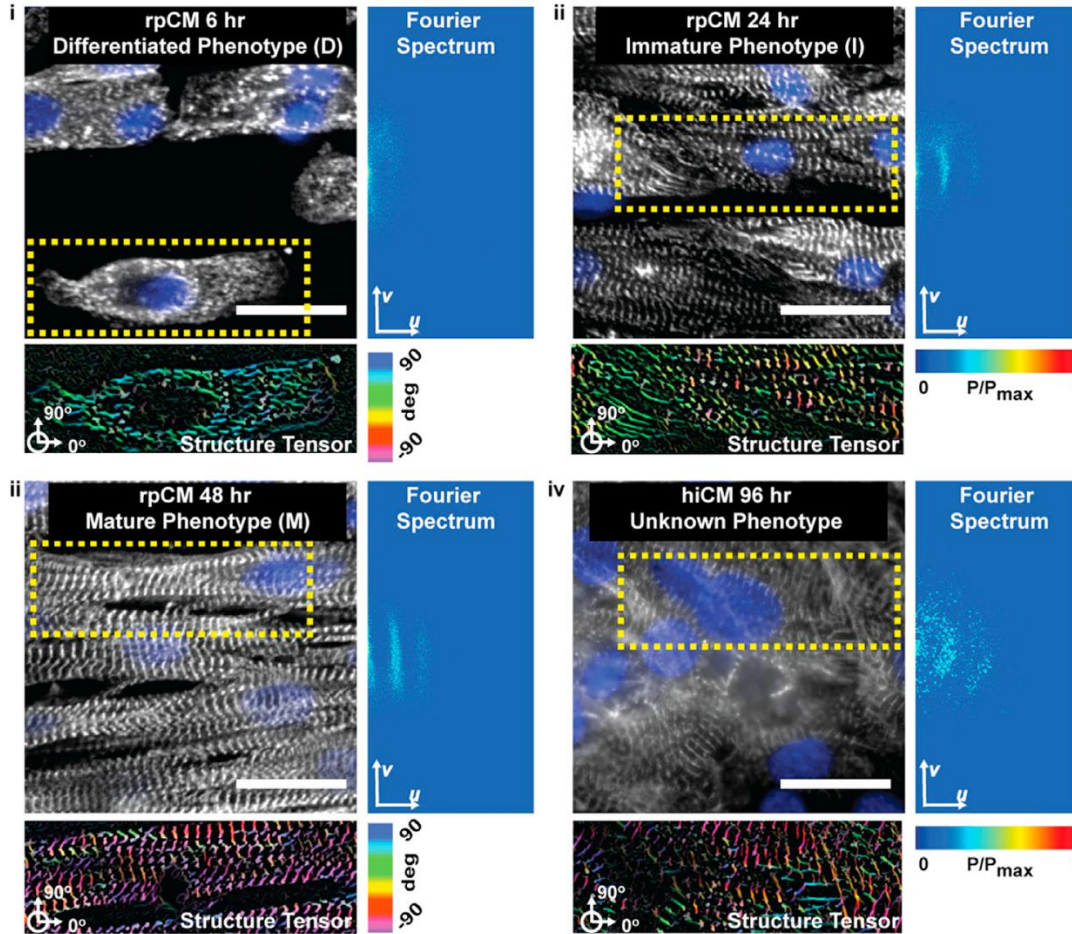
Functional signals in the heart:

- Action potential
- Calcium transient
- Contractile force

Heart-Chip Assay:

- Gene expression
- Electrochemical coupling
- Contractility

Quantifying the **structural maturation** of hiPSC-CMs using a heart-chip platform

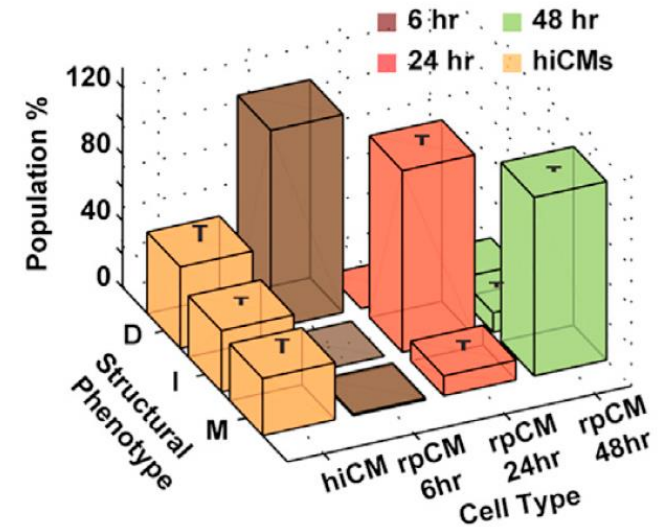


α -actinin chromatin

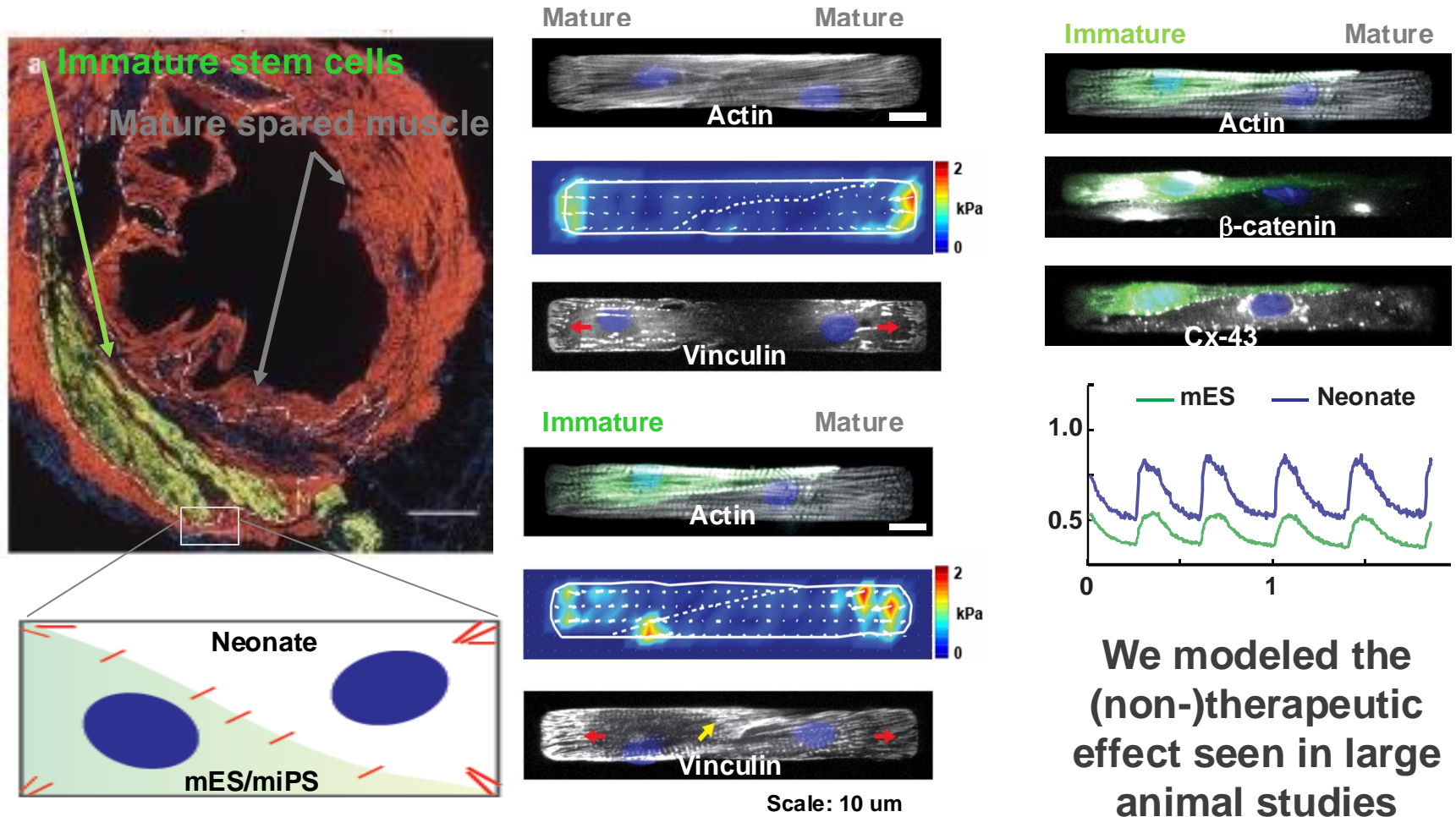
Scale: 25 um

30% of hiPS-CM have mature contractile structure

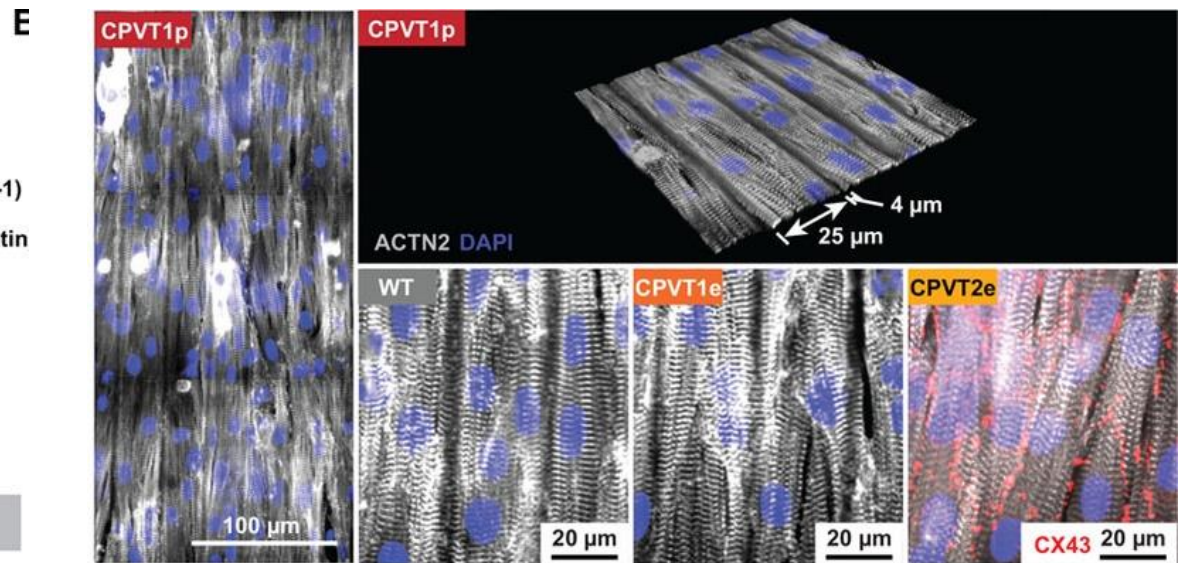
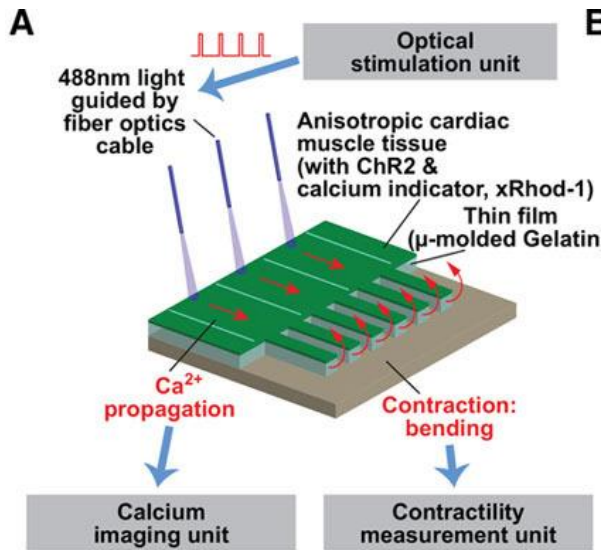
- *Training dataset: Primary engineered tissues*
- *Test set: hiPS-CM*
- *Machine learning: Three independent classifiers*



A heart-chip potency assay for cardiac cell therapy



Heart-chip based **disease-modeling**



Park et al, Circ, 2019

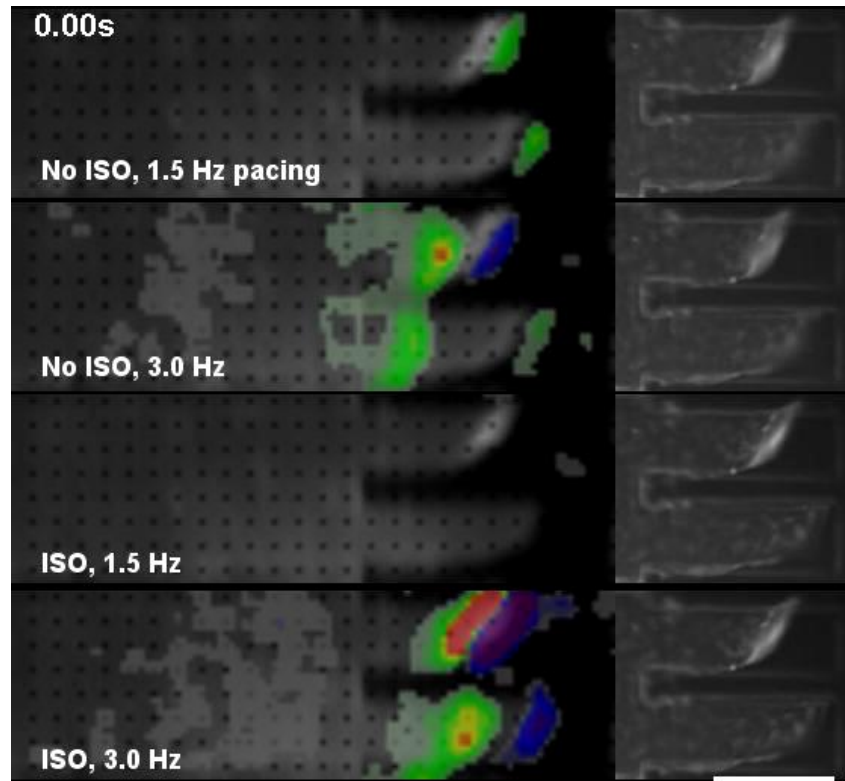
Heart chip

- Optogenetics
- Muscular thin film
- Custom-made to have larger areas to study calcium propagation

Engineered WT and CVPT tissues

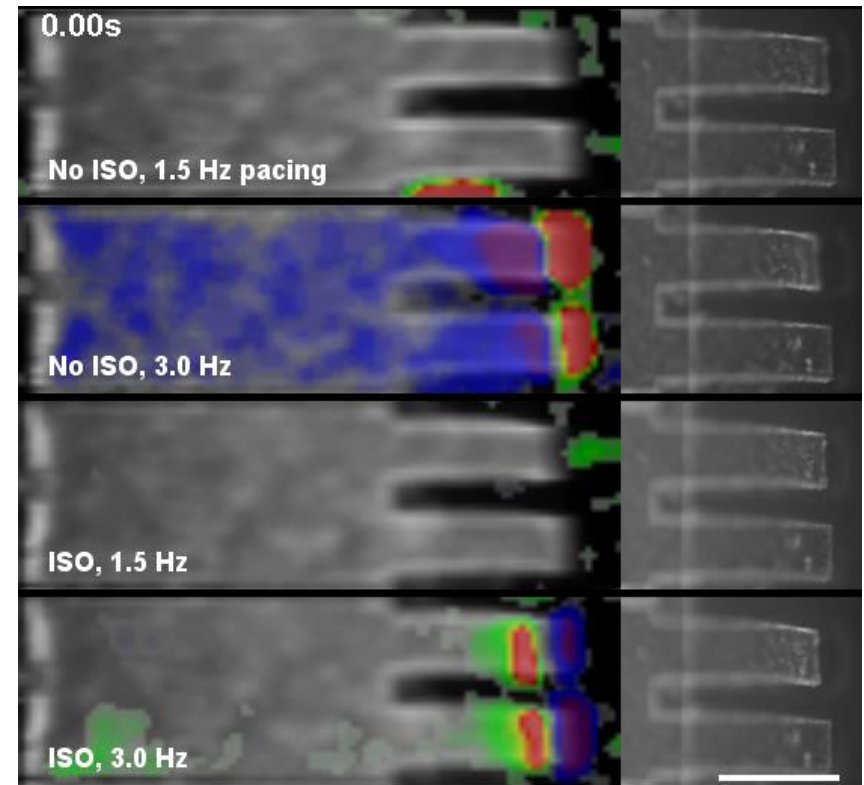
- 2.5D platform
- Laminar tissue architecture
- Well-developed contractile apparatus
- Electrically-competent tissues

Tissue models from **CPVT patient-derived hiPSC-CMs** formed rotors under an exercise-mimicking stimulation protocol



Healthy heart chip

- Regular calcium waves w/out ISO



CPVT heart chip

- Reentry with exercise-like stimulation

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The extracellular matrix (**ECM**) in the heart

Whole heart

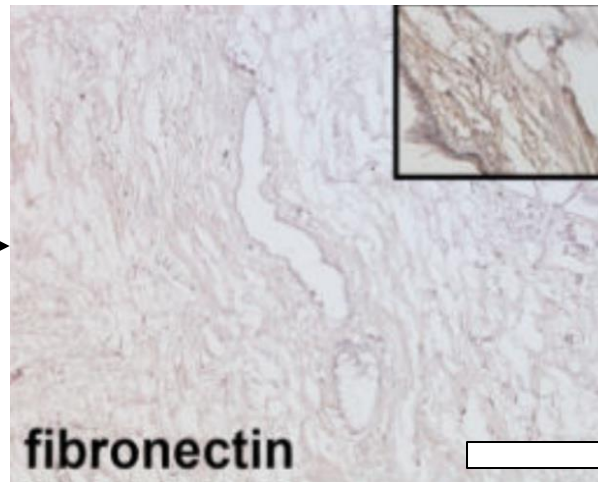
Ott, Taylor@UMn, 2008



Scale: ~2.5 cm

2D layer

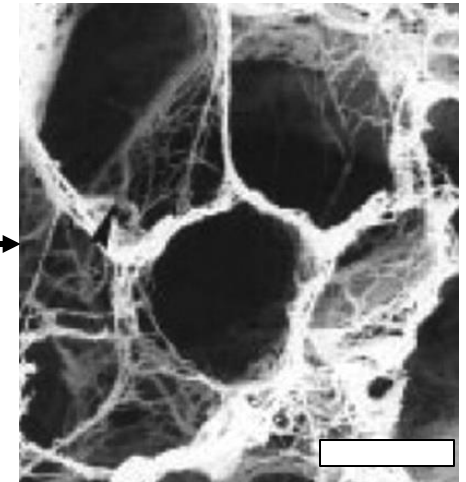
Guyette, Ott@MGH, Circ Res, 2016



Scale: ~250 um

Single cells

Spinale@MUSC, Phy Rev, 2007



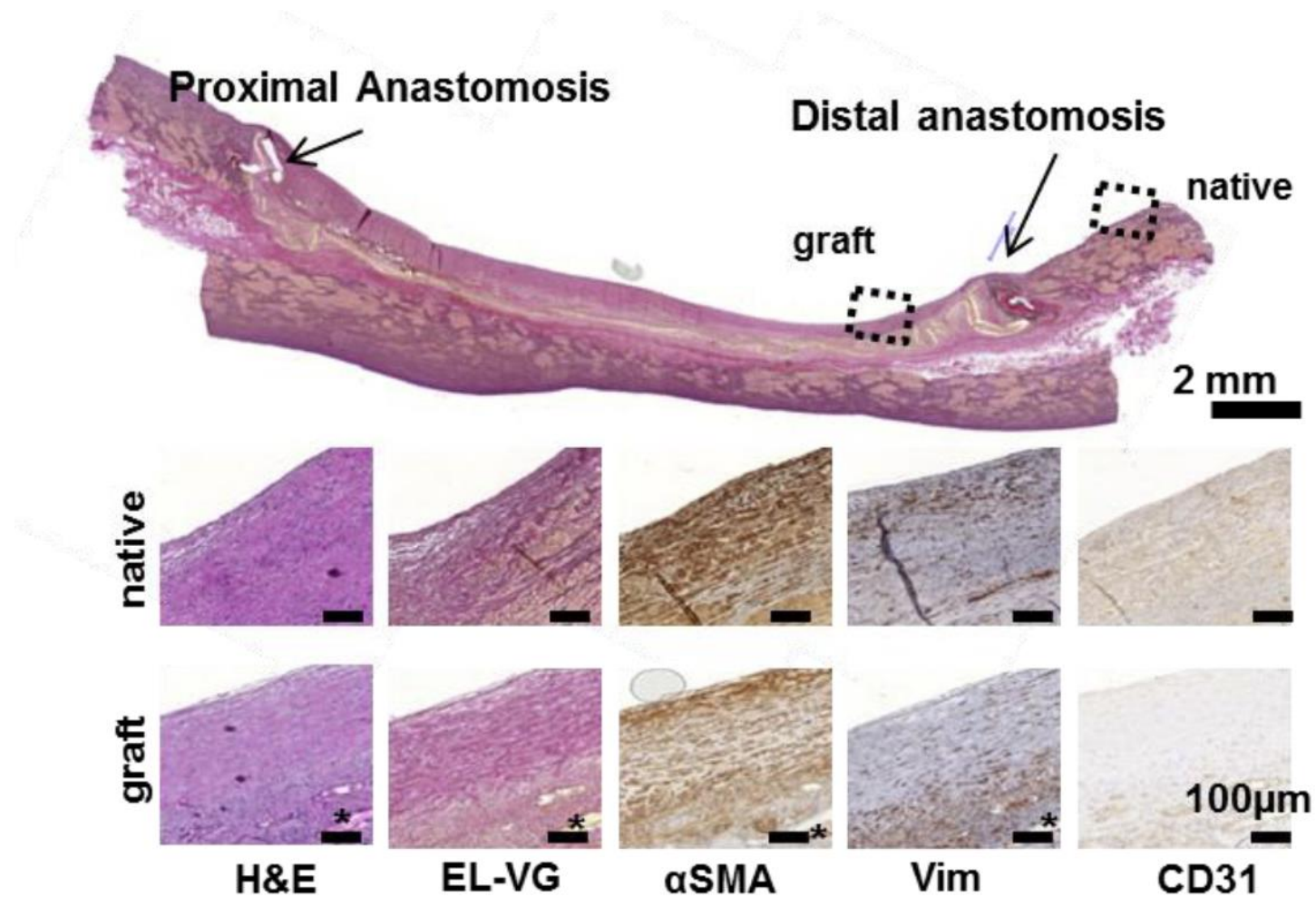
Scale: ~25 um

Multiscale organization of the extracellular matrix (ECM):

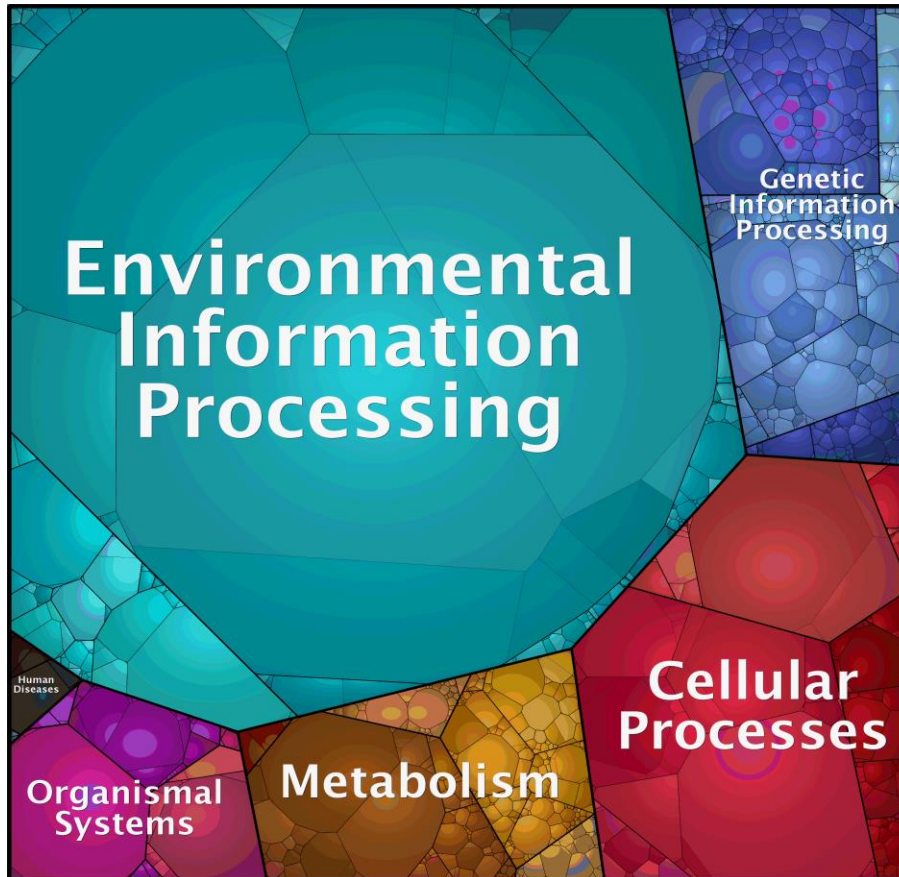
- Fibrous, compact ECM maintain multi-chambered organ structure
- Anisotropic distribution of ECM proteins sustain laminar tissues
- ECM boundaries that physically constrained single cells

Biomimetic ECM cues to engineer native-like cardiac tissues

Decellularized ECM from tissue-engineered heart vessels is highly regenerative in a sheep model after one year.



The regenerative decellularized ECM is a *complex mix of structural and functional proteins* (and even more with sugars)



Regenerative decellularized human ECM:

- **~6000 proteins**

By gene ontology:

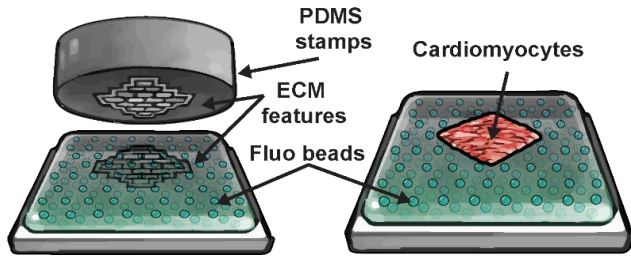
- **~60% of ECM proteins are structural.**
- **~40% of ECM proteins are functional.**

Agenda

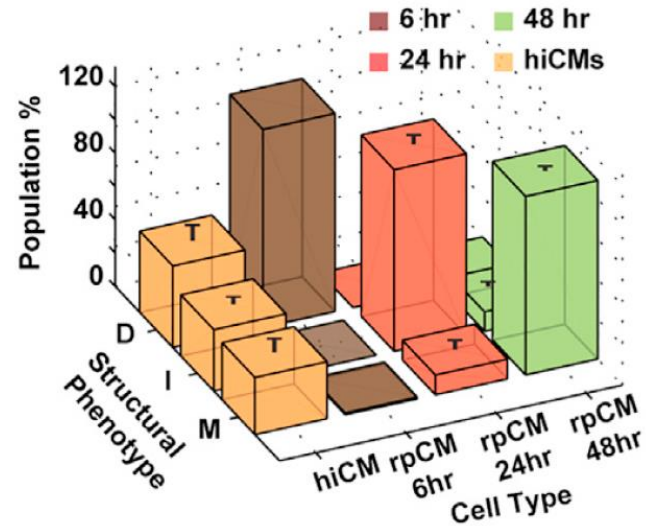
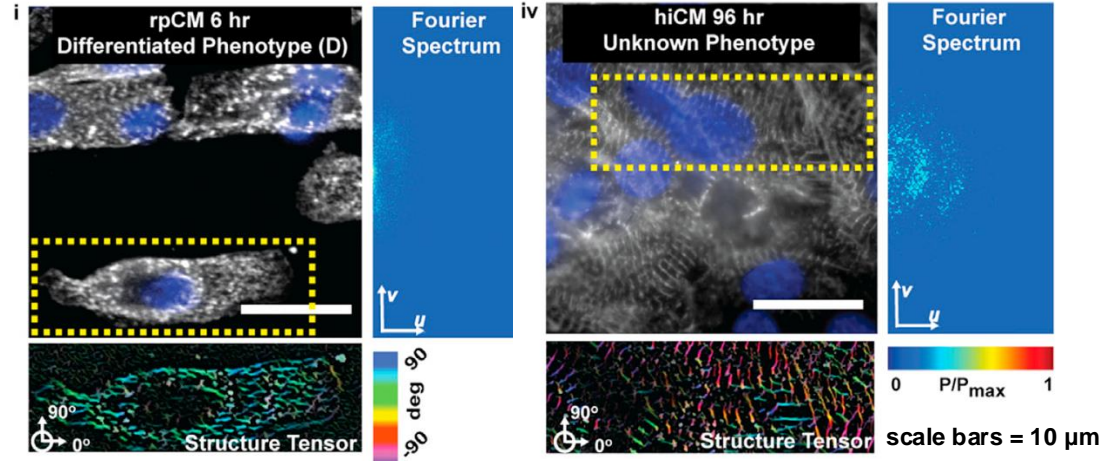
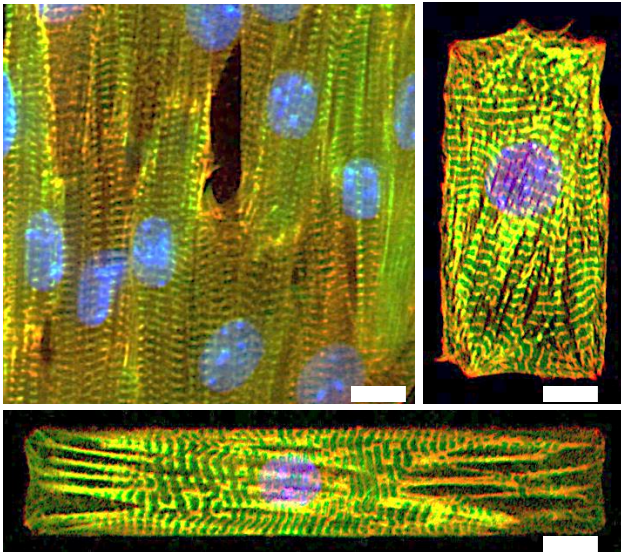
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What I used to believe: We could build a heart by sticking together high-quality cells

Microcontact printing

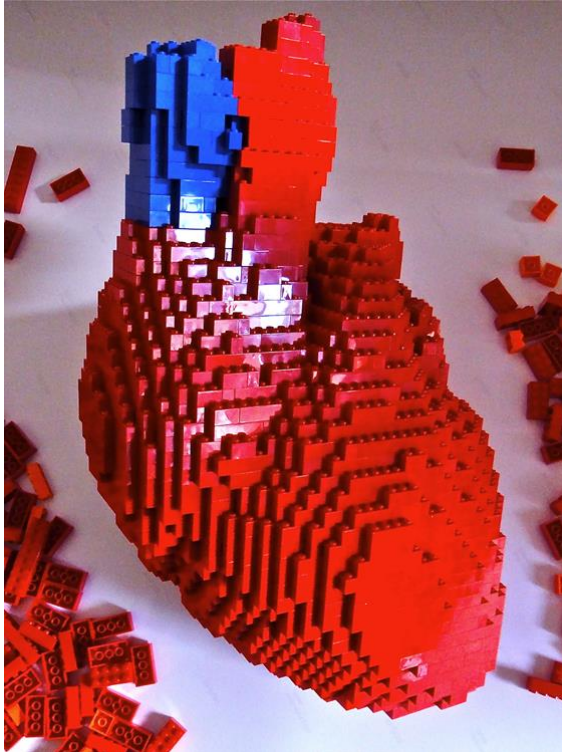


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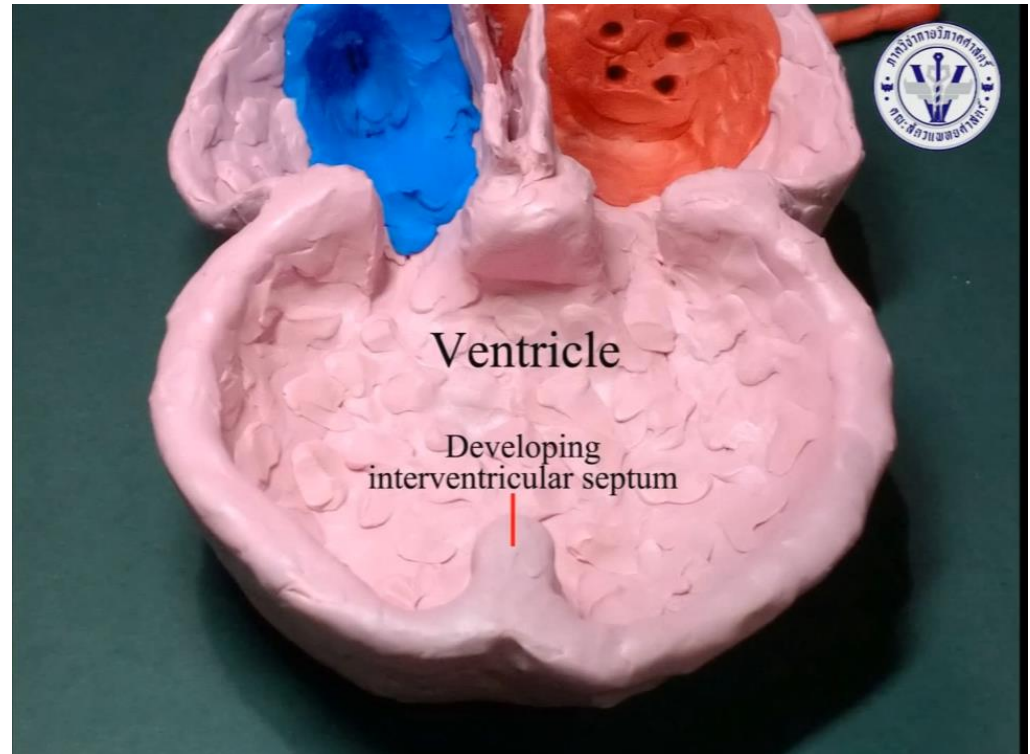


I was wrong #1! Stem-cell-derived cardiac cells are fetal, so we should use them to grow hearts out, not build them.

Building a heart



Growing a heart



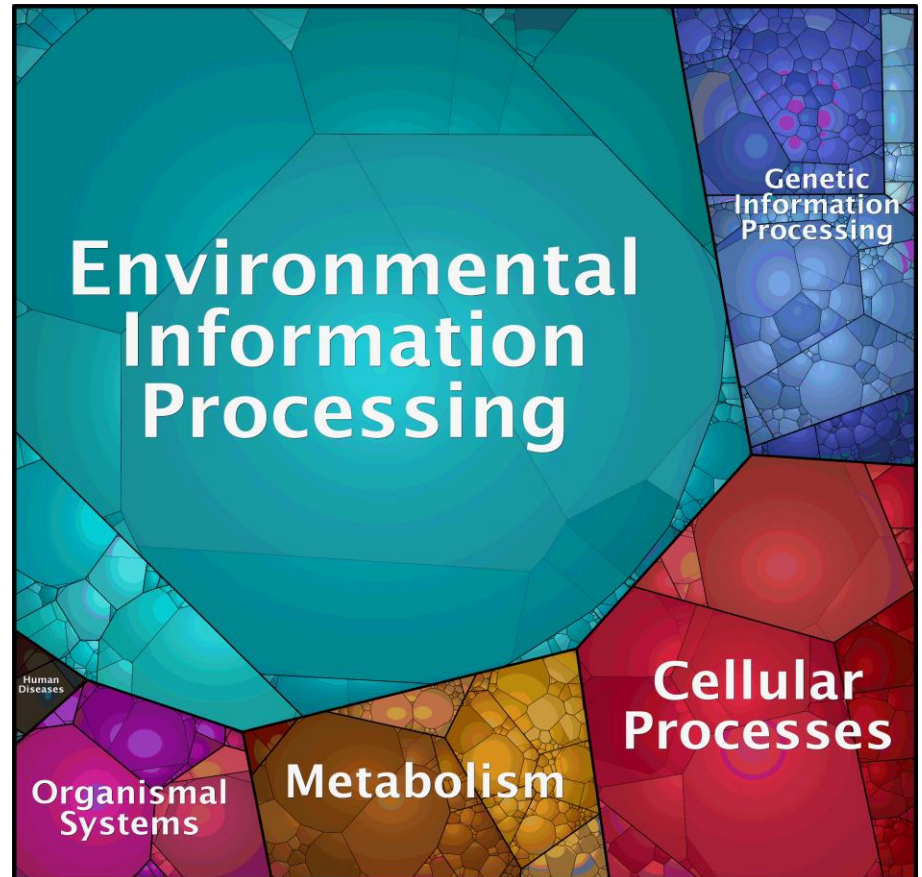
I was wrong #2! If the ECM is just the glue that keeps the cells together, *why is it so complex?!*

Cells: functional blocks

ECM: structural glue

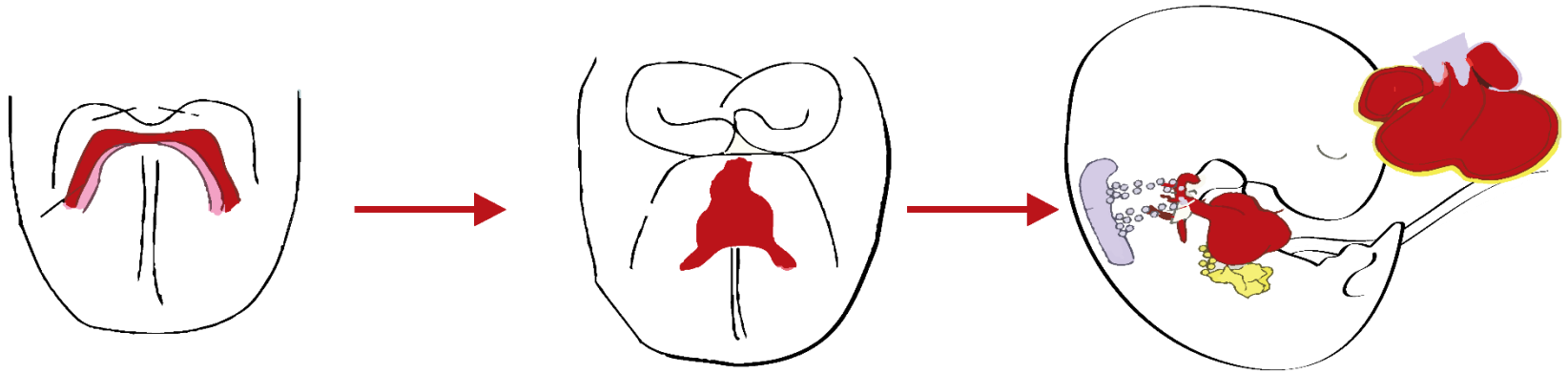
Decell. human tissues proteomics:

40% of ECM proteins are **functional**.

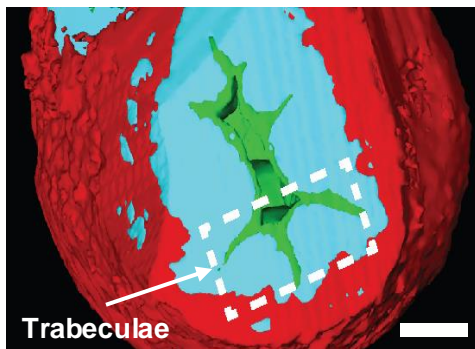


Synthetic Matrix Biology: Can use ECM parts to program tissues in the same way synthetic biologists use DNA parts to program cells?

Complexity

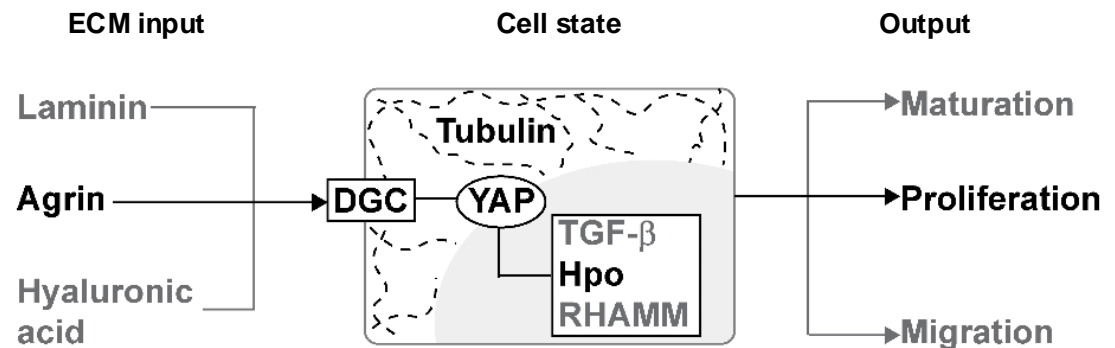


Heart development in mouse
Myocardial morphogenesis: Trabeculation



Del Monte-Nieto, 2018* Scale: 500 μ m

Mouse heart tube: **Myocytes on agrin**, **Endothelial cells on laminin**, **hyaluronic acid**.



Team: A multidisciplinary, diverse group of people committed to understanding biology through engineering and *vice-versa*

Senior scientists



[Moises di Sante](#)

Molecular Biology



[Alessandro Enrico](#)

Materials science



[Julius Zimmermann](#)

Modeling and simulation / Image analysis

Post-doctoral fellows



[Sandipan Chattaraj](#)

Polymer physics



[Saranya Vasudevan](#)

Molecular dynamics

PhD students



[Bohdana Horda](#)

Materials and manufacturing for bioengineering



[Eloisa Torchia](#)

Mechanobiology in engineered cell culture platforms



[Melissa Pezzotti](#)

Advanced optical methods in tissue engineering

Agenda: New tools

- 1. New Cells**
- 2. New Cells**
- 3. ECM-Cell interactions**

**FUCCIplex: A multiplexable
cell cycle sensor for
imaging-based phenotyping**

What do you need to make a cardiac tissue model?

Cardiac (muscle) cells and their extracellular matrix (ECM)

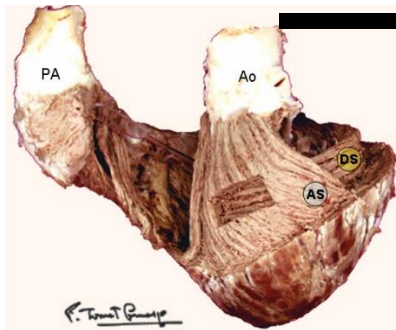
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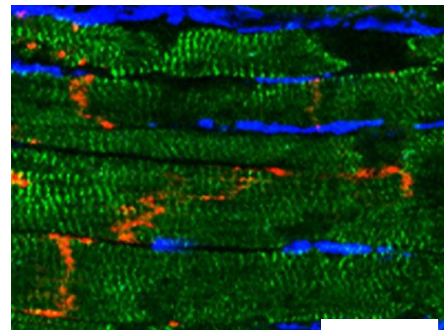
ECM Multiscale organization:

- Multi-chambered organ
- Anisotropic 2D distribution
- Single-cell constraints

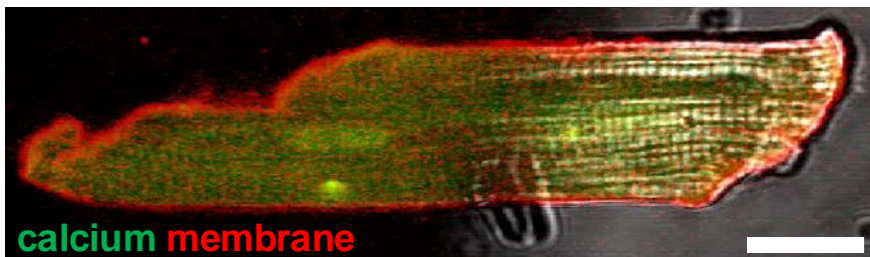
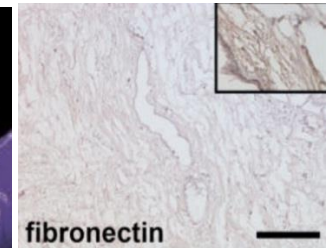
α -actinin, β -catenin, fibro



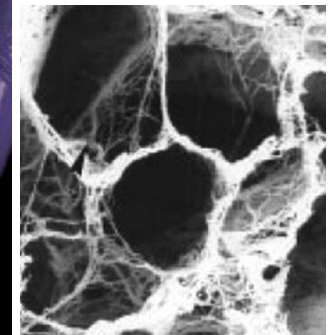
Scale: ~10 cm



Scale: ~250 μ m



Scale: ~25 μ m



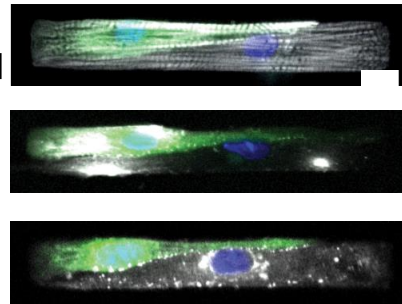
Scale: 10 μ m

FUCCIplex: A cell cycle sensor that can be multiplexed with existing GFP/RFP-based sensors for cell structure/function

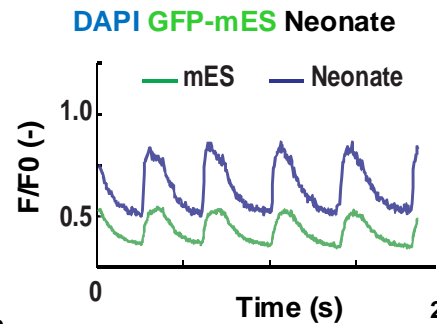
PROBLEM

Physiological signals in neonate and mES-derived cardiomyocytes using

- FURA-RED
- GFP



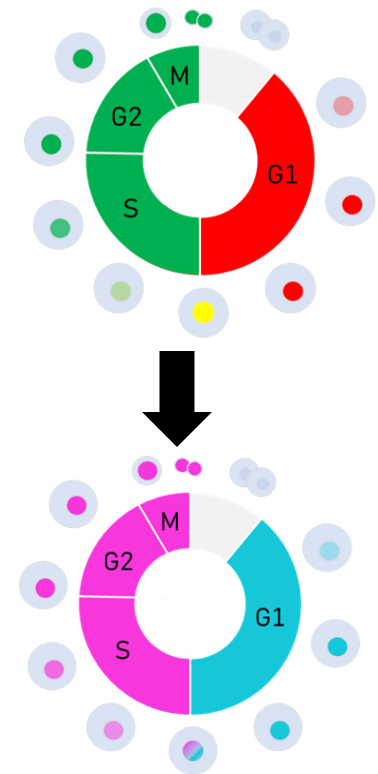
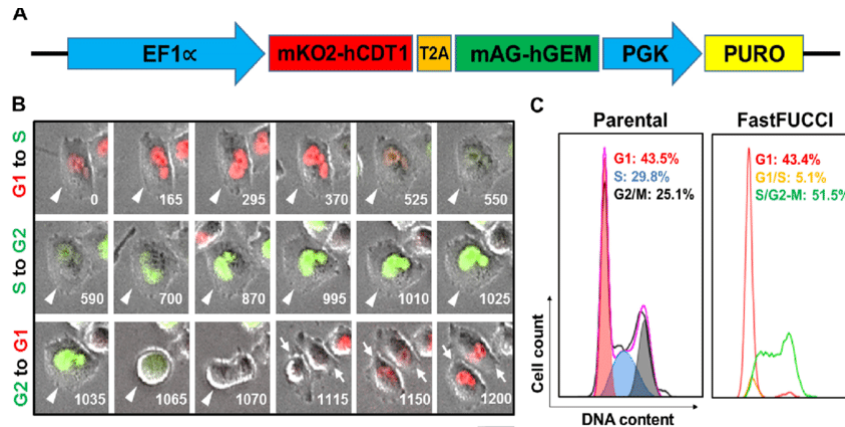
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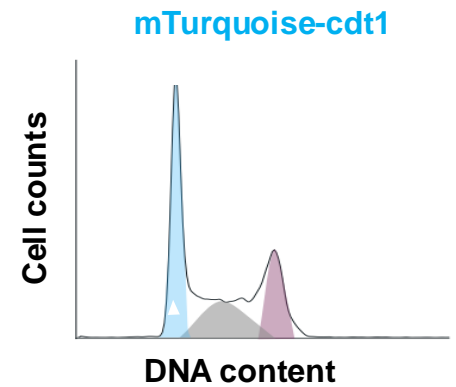
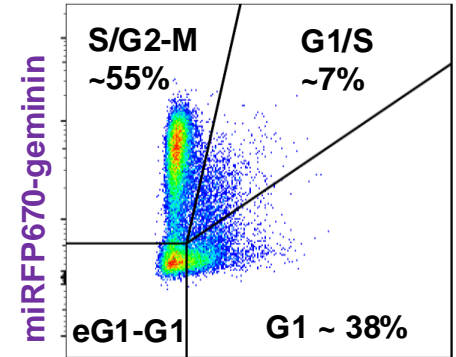
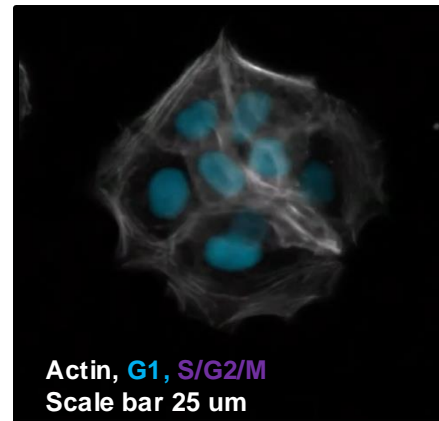
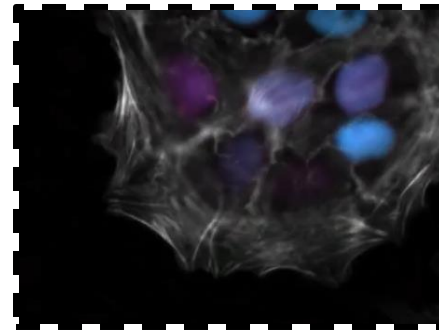
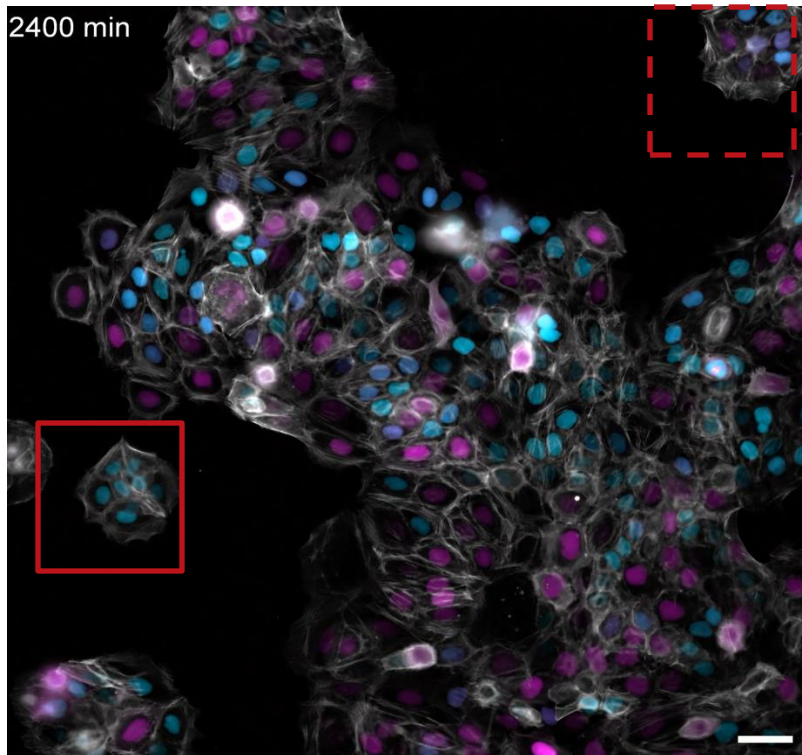
SOLUTION

Tracking of cell cycle in pancreatic cancer cells using

- RFP-cdt1
- GFP-geminin

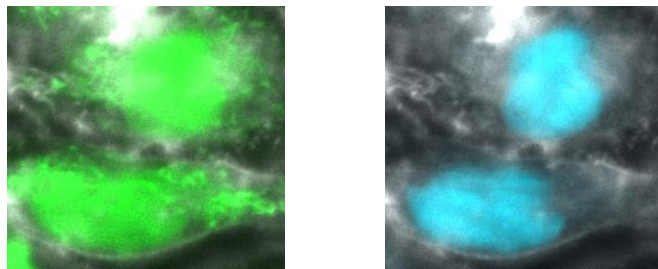
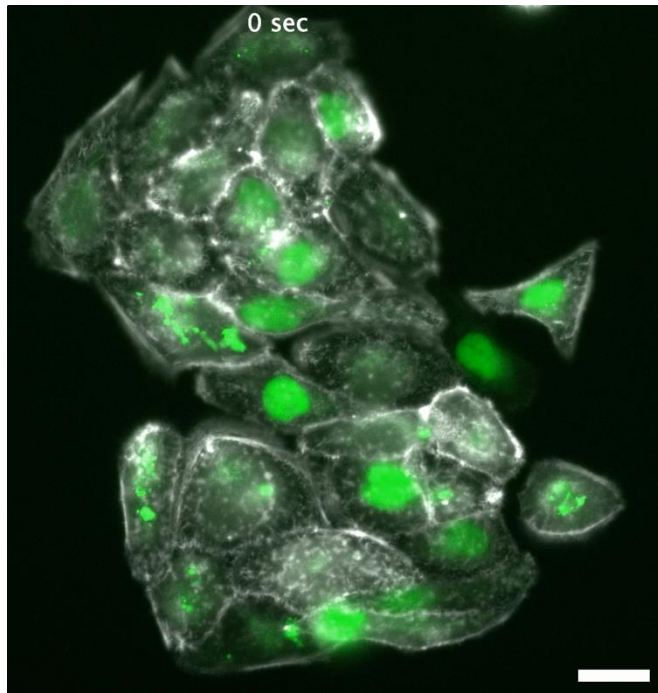


FUCCIplex is a good cell cycle sensor in HaCaT cells also expressing RFP-LifeAct

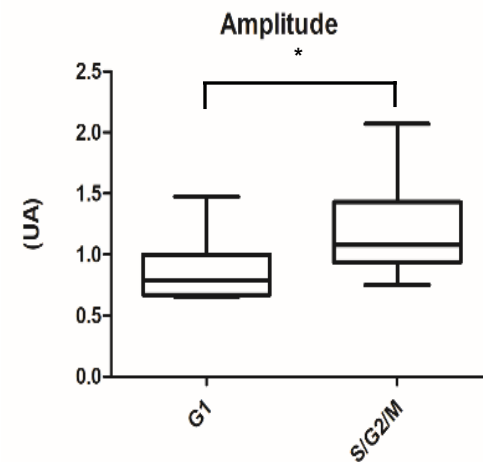
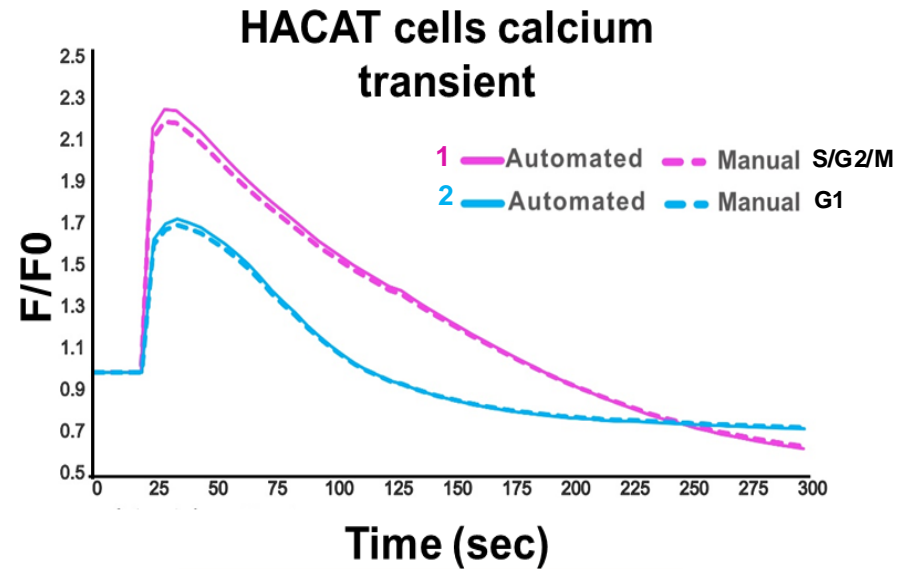


Further multiplexing with GFP-based calcium sensors (Fluo-4) suggests cell cycle-dependent ATP-response

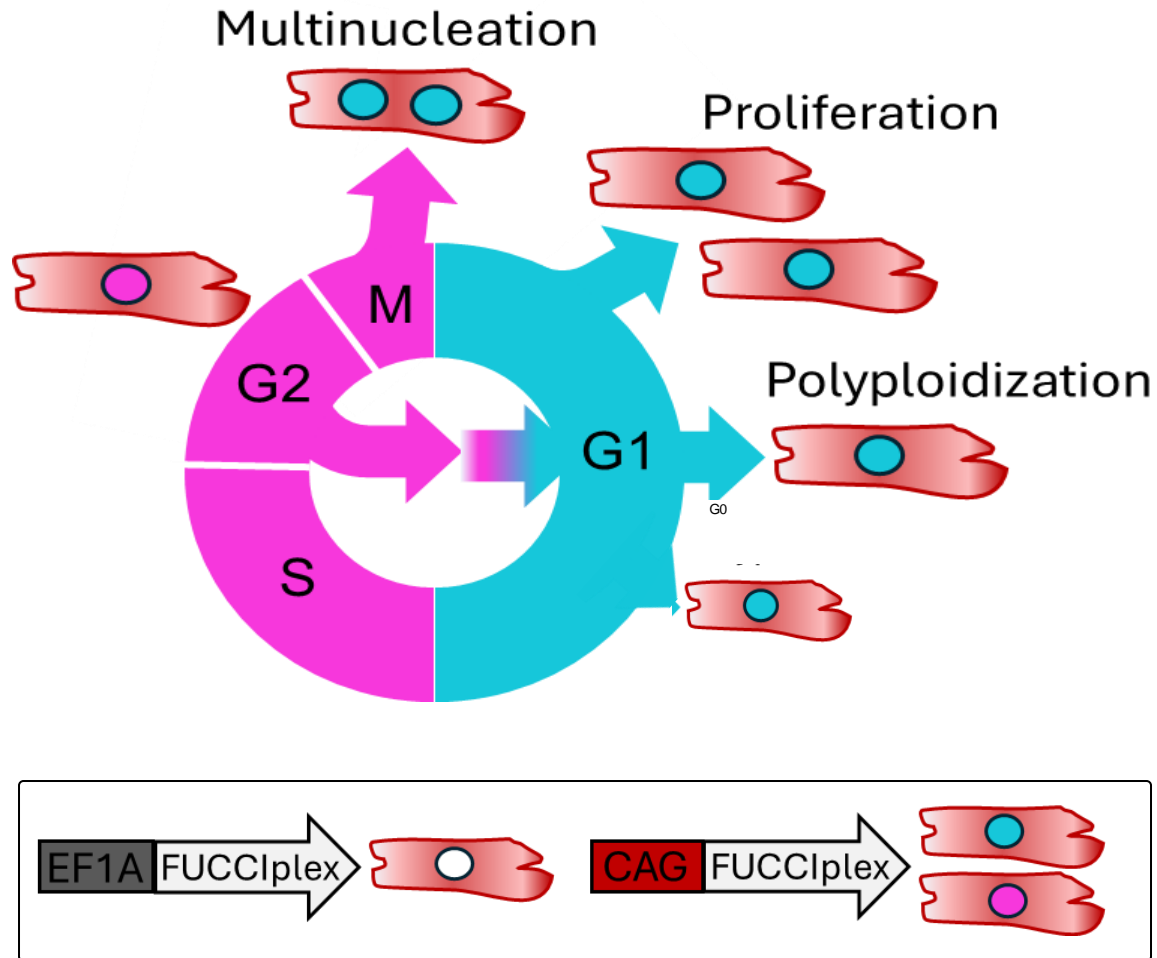
Raw data



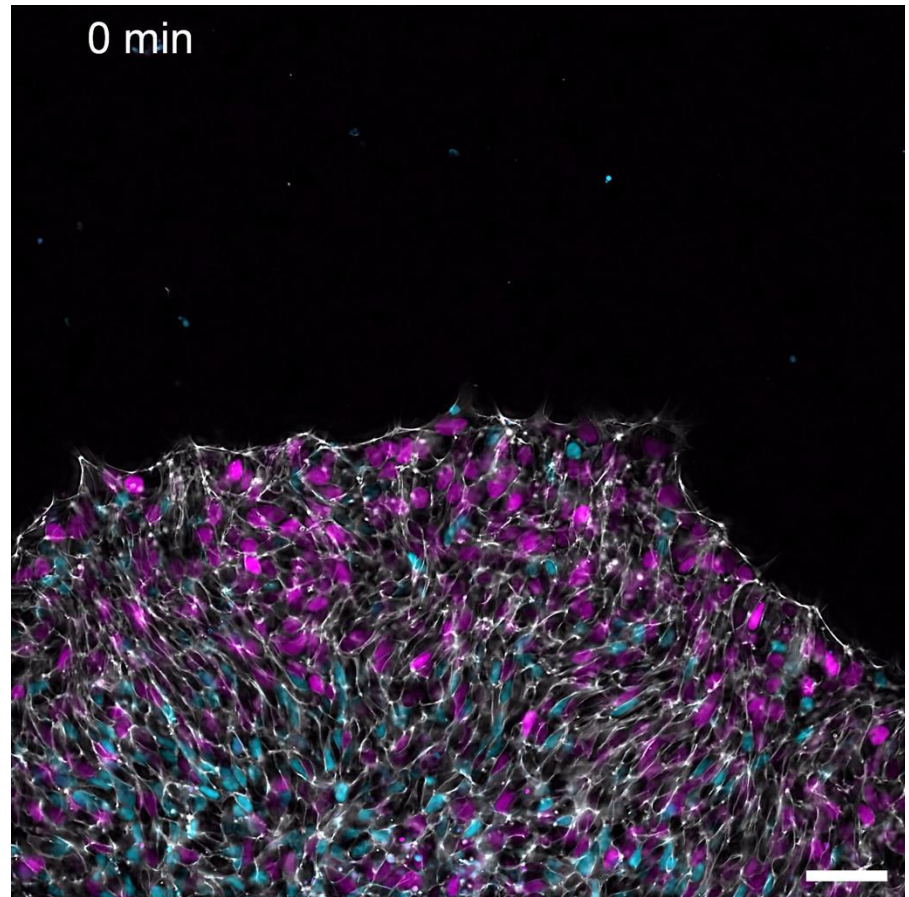
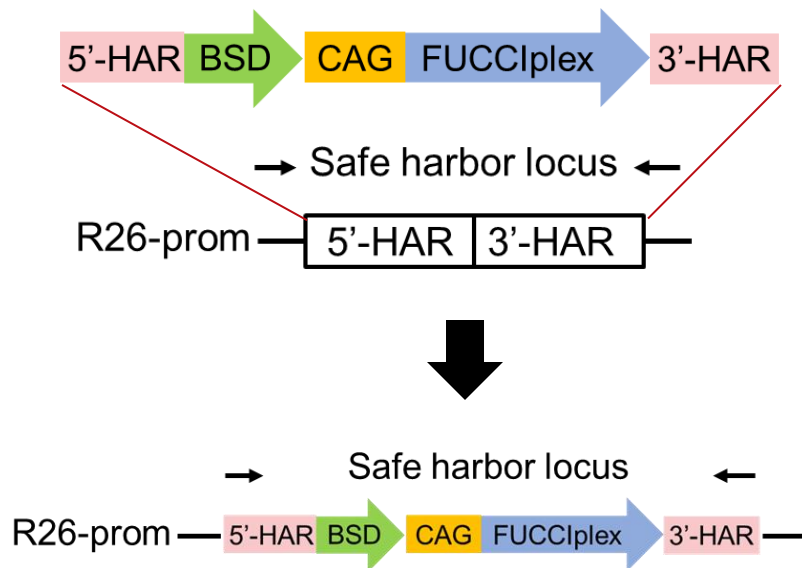
Fluo-4 calcium sensitive dye



FUCCIplex in hiPSC and hiPSC-derived cardiomyocytes: strategies for drug testing or regenerative medicine

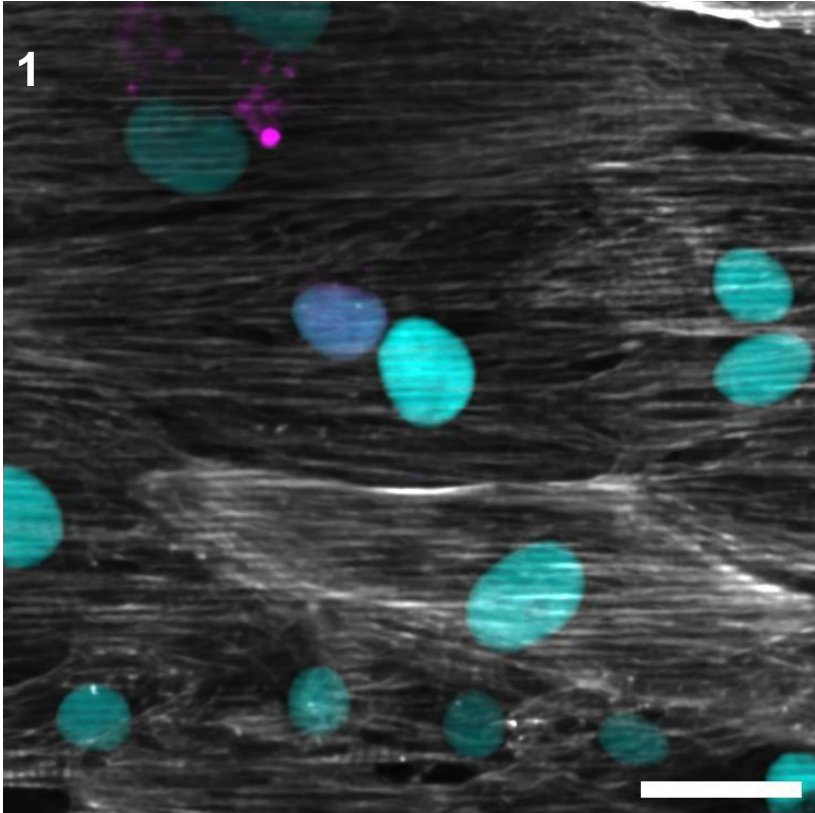
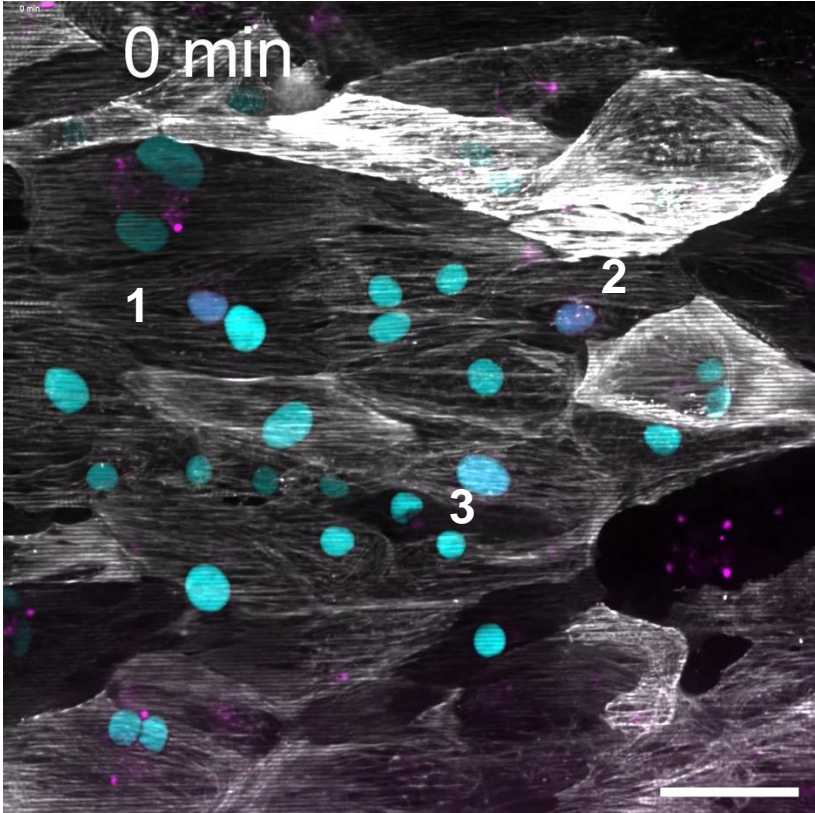


CAG-FUCCIplex expression from human Rosa26 to have a 4-color reporter line for all the tests



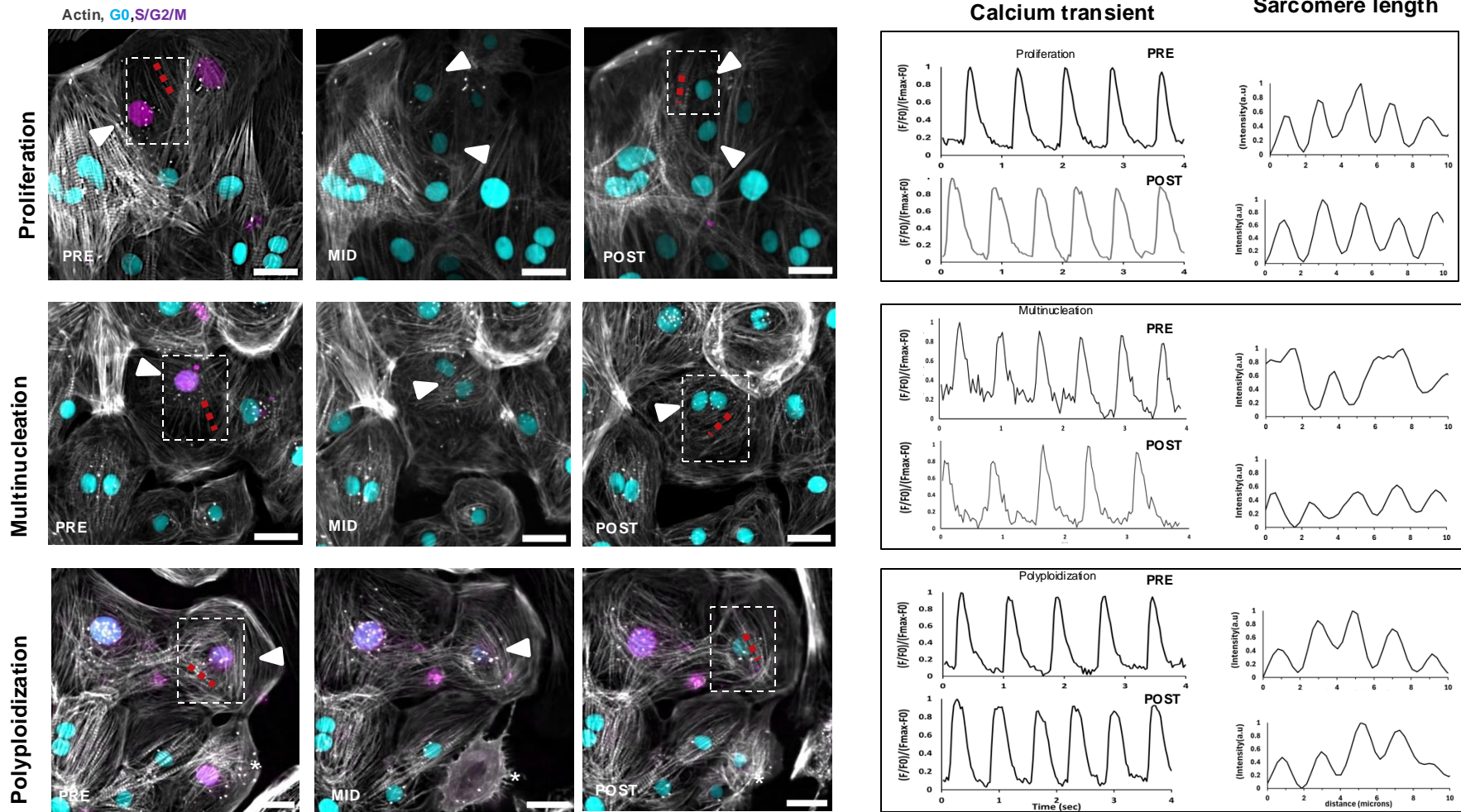
Actin, G1, S/G2/M Scale 25 um

Regenerative medicine: hRosa26-CAG-FUCCIplex enables imaging of hiPSC-CM cell cycle re-entry with Agrin treatment

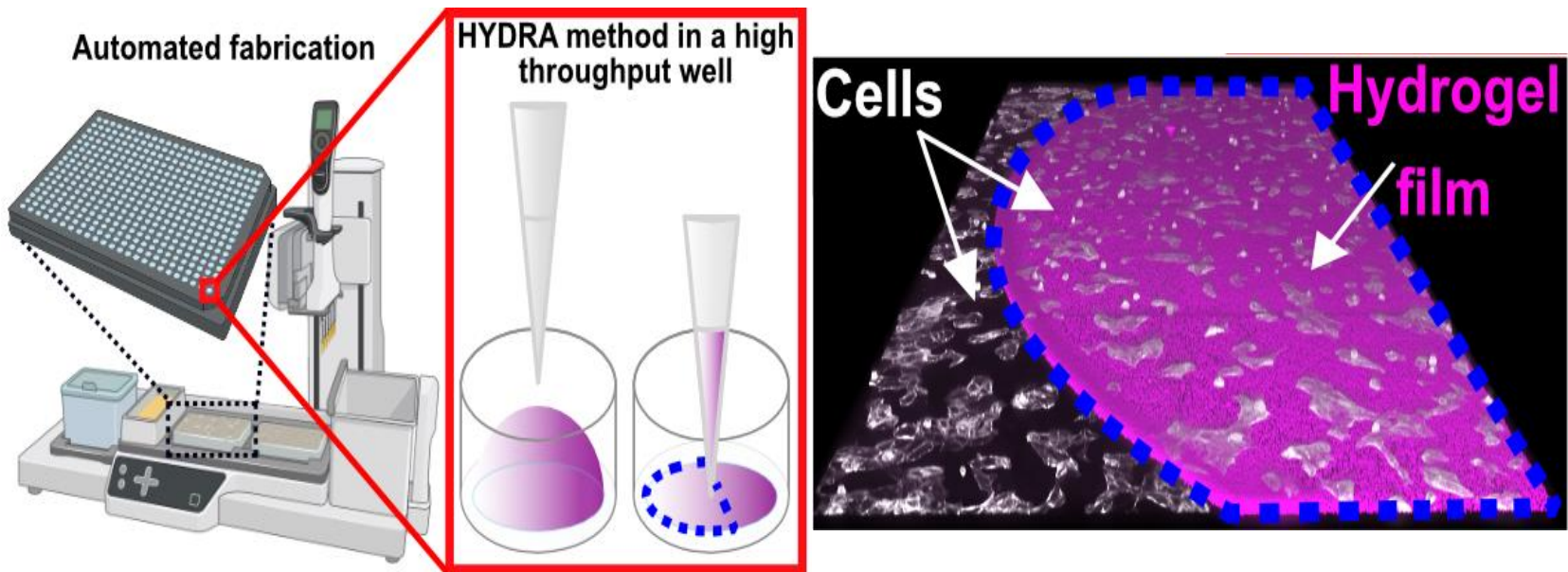


Actin, G1, S/G2/M Scale 100 and 25 um

Regenerative medicine: We can look at calcium transients and sarcomere structures before and after cell cycle events

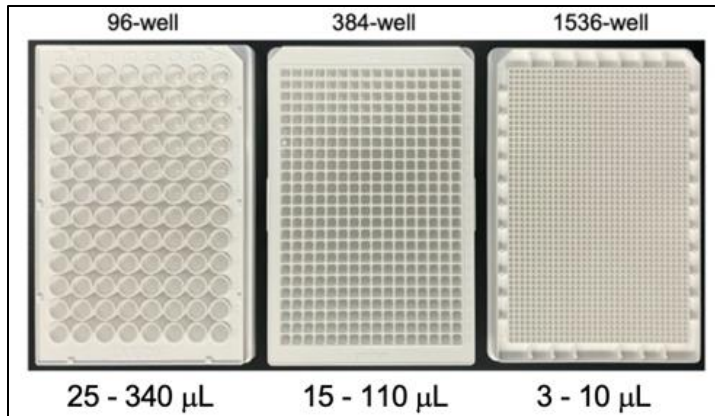


HYDRA: HYdrogel Dispensing with Robotic Automation

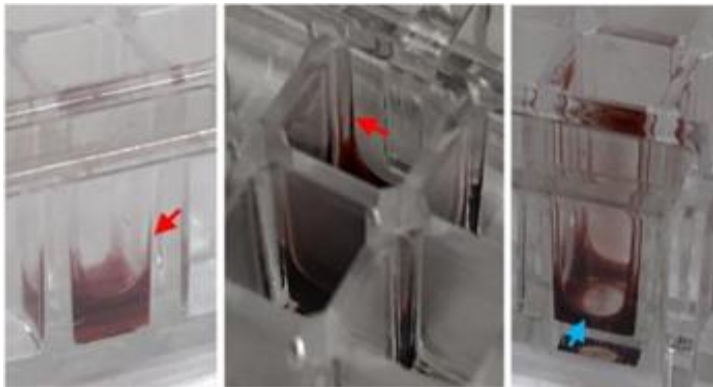


We develop **HYDRA** (**HY**drogel **D**ispensing with **R**obotic **A**utomation) to **automate** the fabrication of **thin hydrogels** in **multi-well plates**.

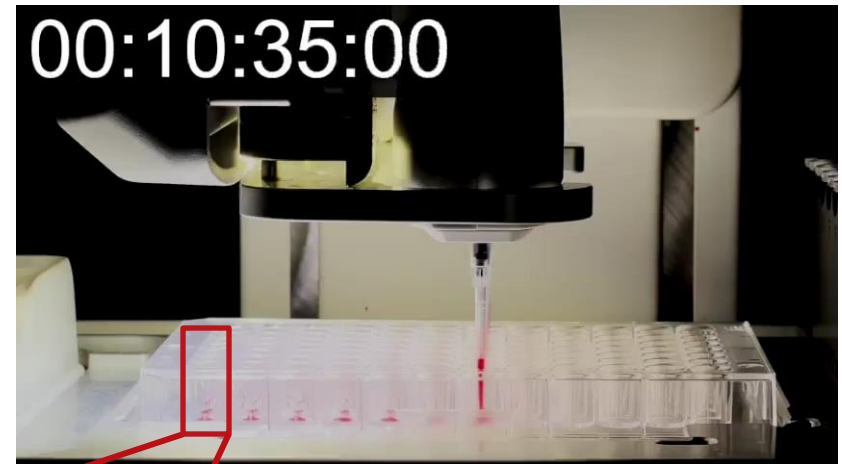
Working volumes in HT plates



Meniscus effect in HT wells



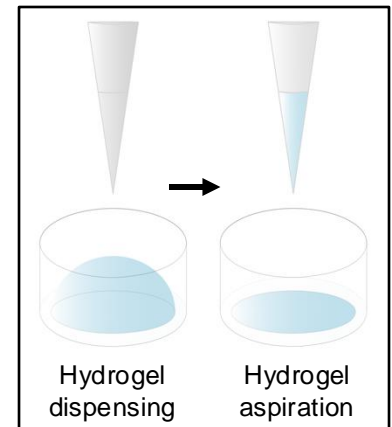
HYDRA method in a TC 96-well plate



00:00:32:40

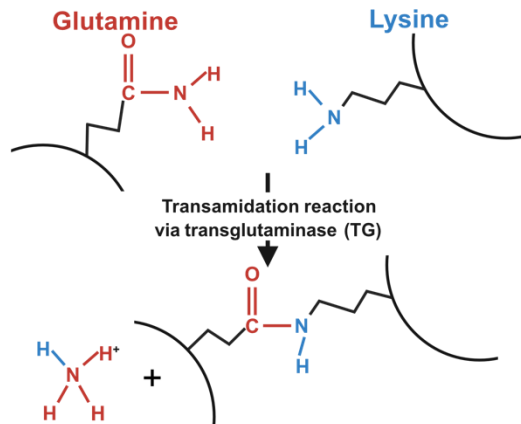


Zoom on a single well

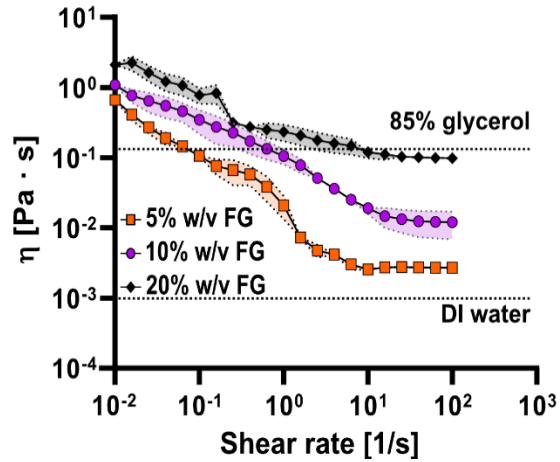


Feasibility – We characterized fish gelatin viscosity and stiffness by chemically crosslinking it with transglutaminase (TG)

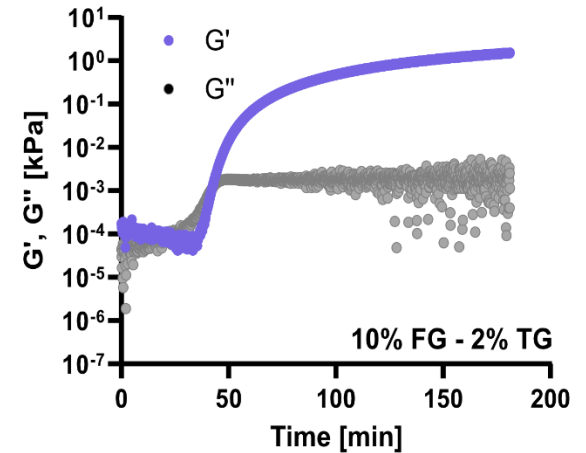
Chemical crosslinking schematic



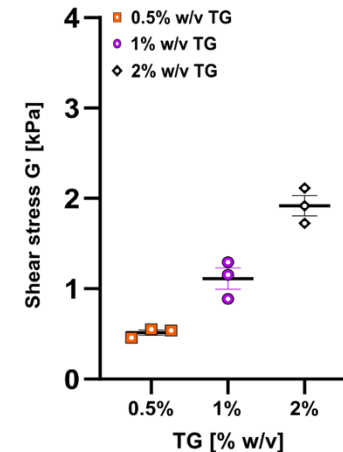
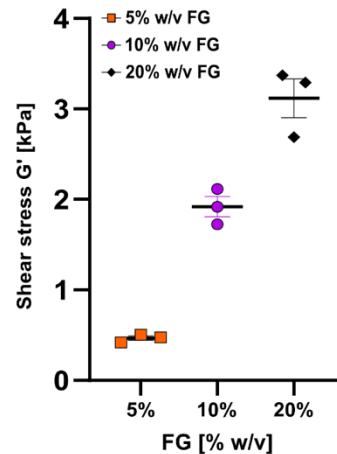
Fish gelatin viscosity



Crosslinking kinetic

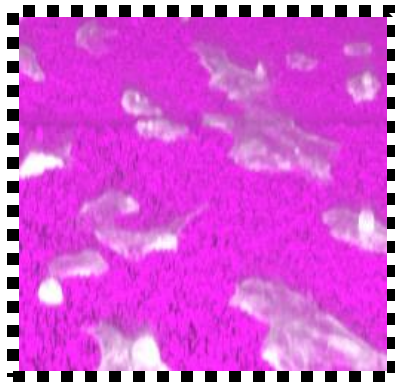
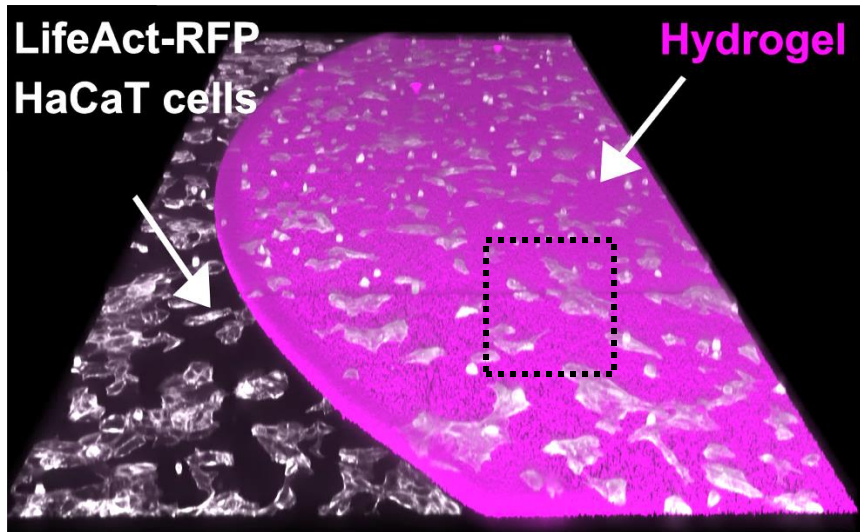


Fish gelatin stiffness by varying gelatin or TG concentration

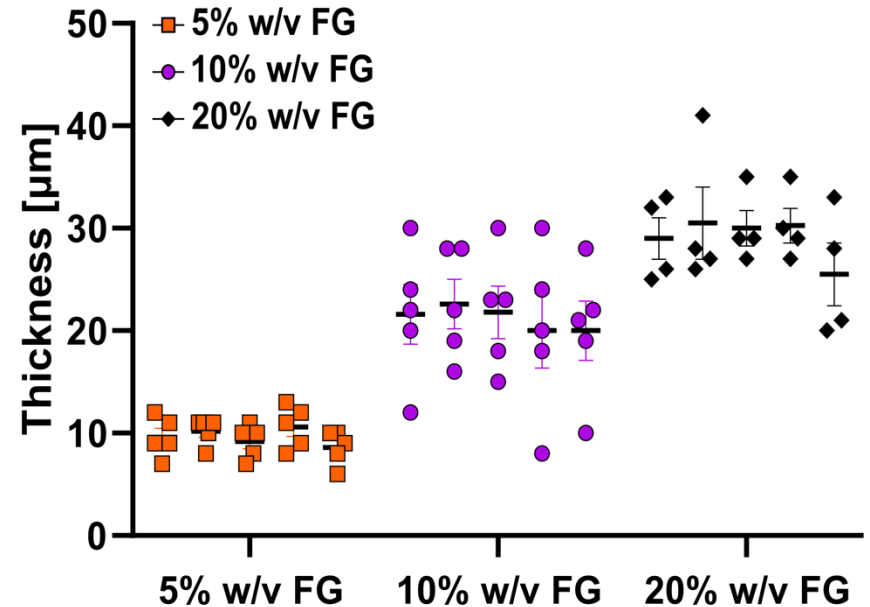


Feasibility – We characterized fish gelatin hydrogel thickness and flatness using confocal imaging.

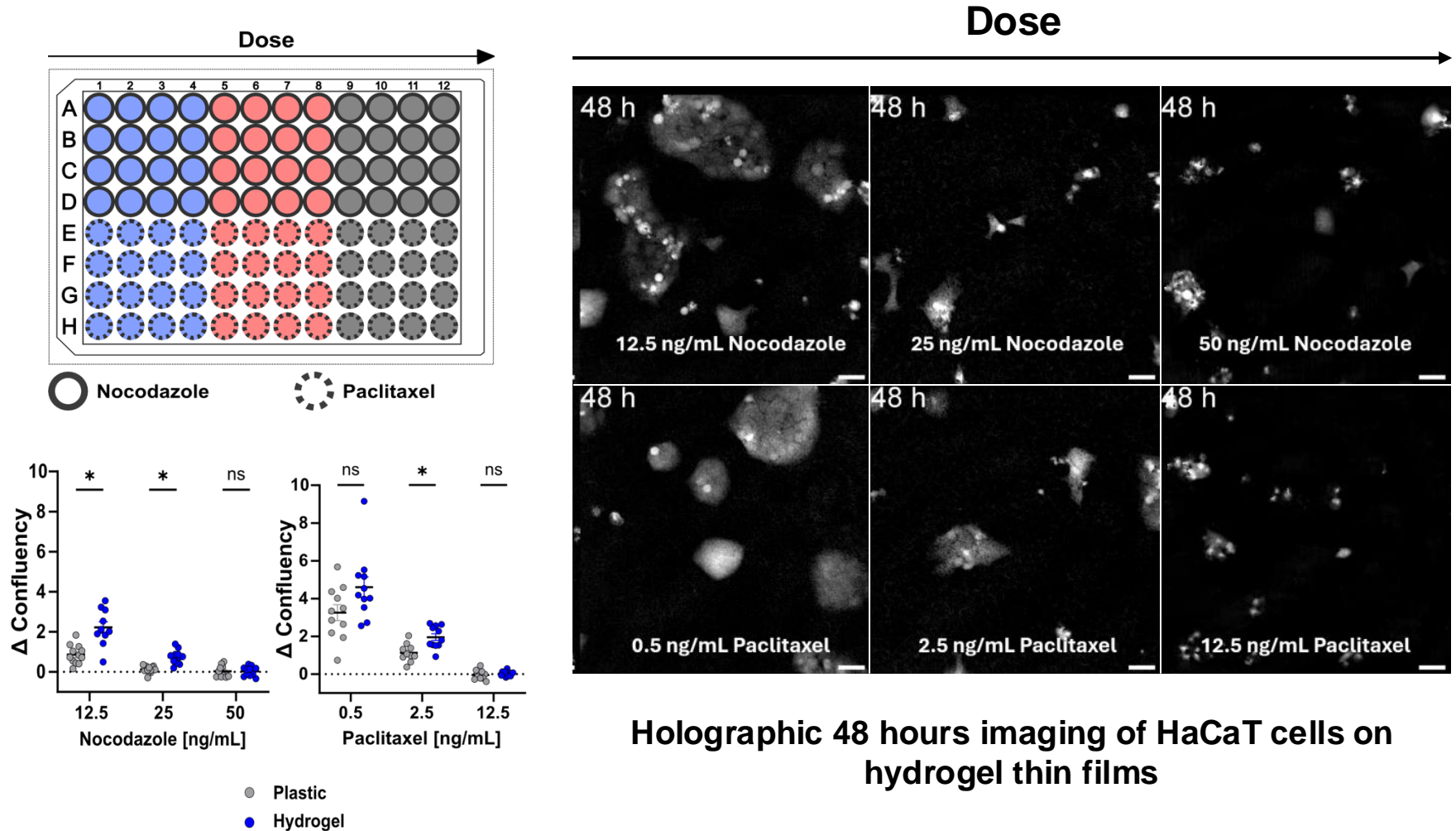
3D rendering of HYDRA-like hydrogels embedding fluorescent beads



Thickness measurements by varying gelatin concentrations



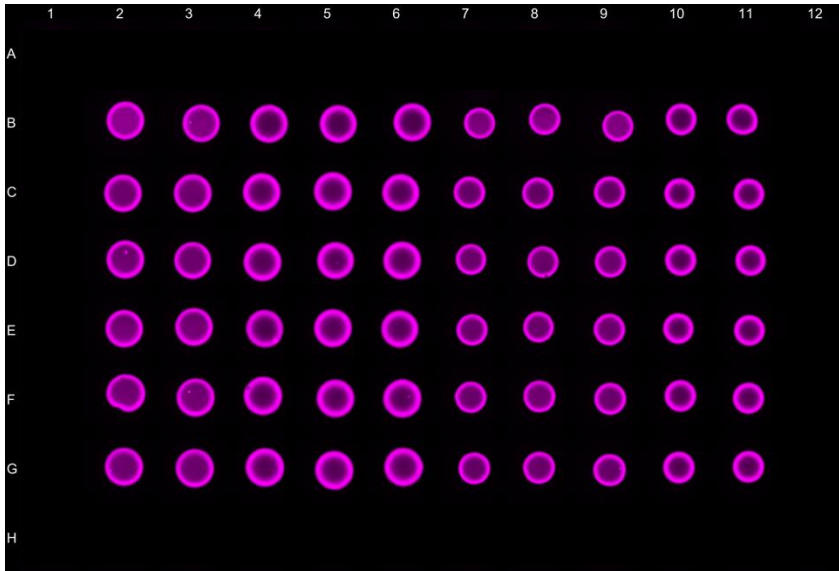
Quantitative Phase Imaging compatibility – We demonstrate HYDRA HTS plate can be used for imaging-based screening (drugs).



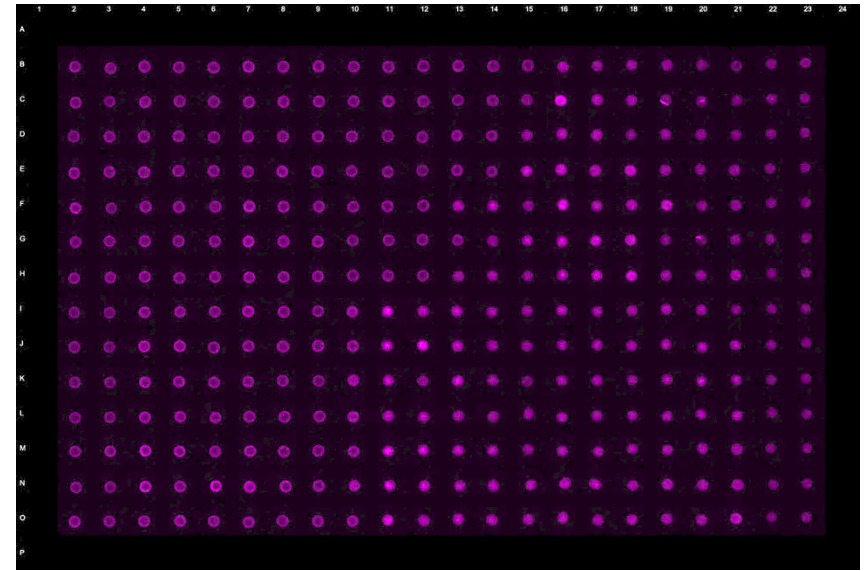
Holographic 48 hours imaging of HaCaT cells on hydrogel thin films

Scalability - We move from a 96- to a 384-well plate scaling hydrogel volumes.

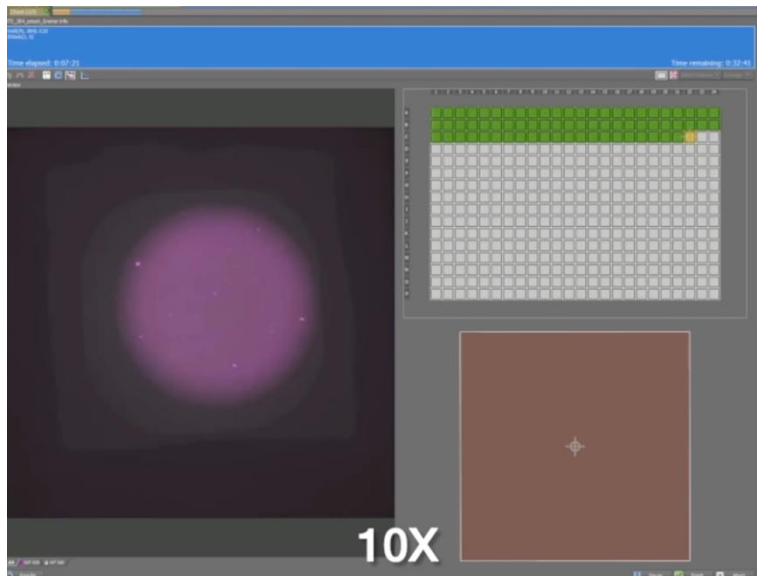
96-well plate (12 uL)



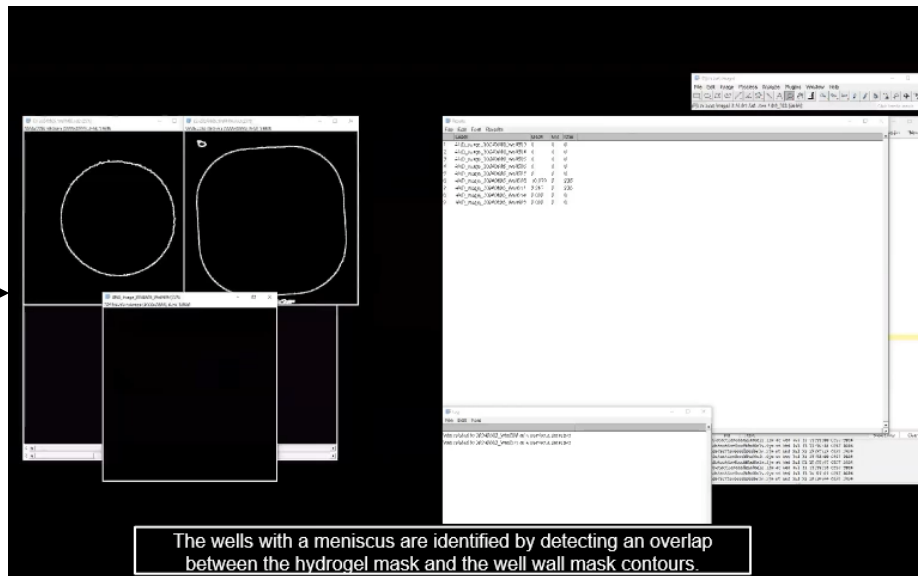
384-well plate (1 uL)



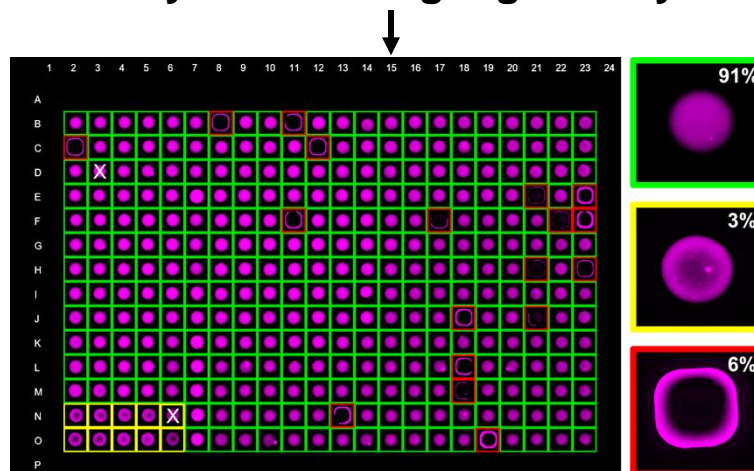
Scalability - We move from a 96- to a 384-well plate scaling hydrogel volumes.



Automated fluorescence imaging of hydrogel w/ beads



Quality control single-gel analysis

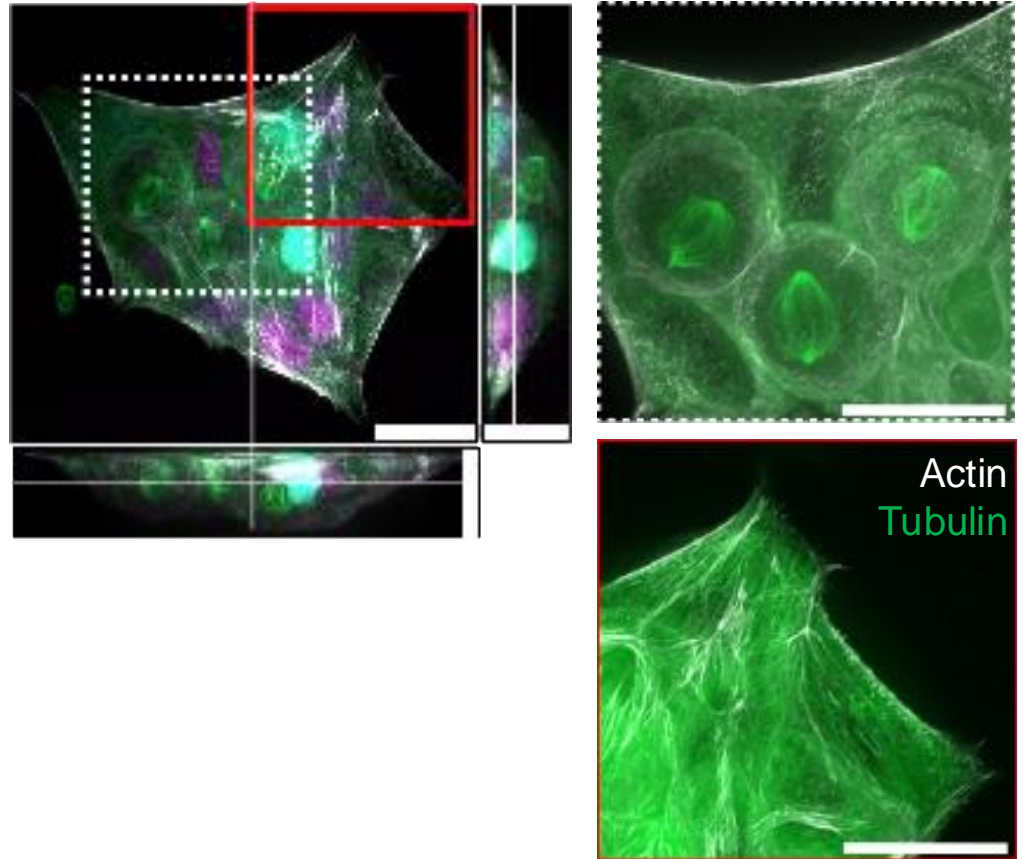


HYDRA 384-well plates can be used in **advanced fluorescence microscopy applications.**

18-hour HaCaT cell proliferation experiment



High-resolution confocal imaging



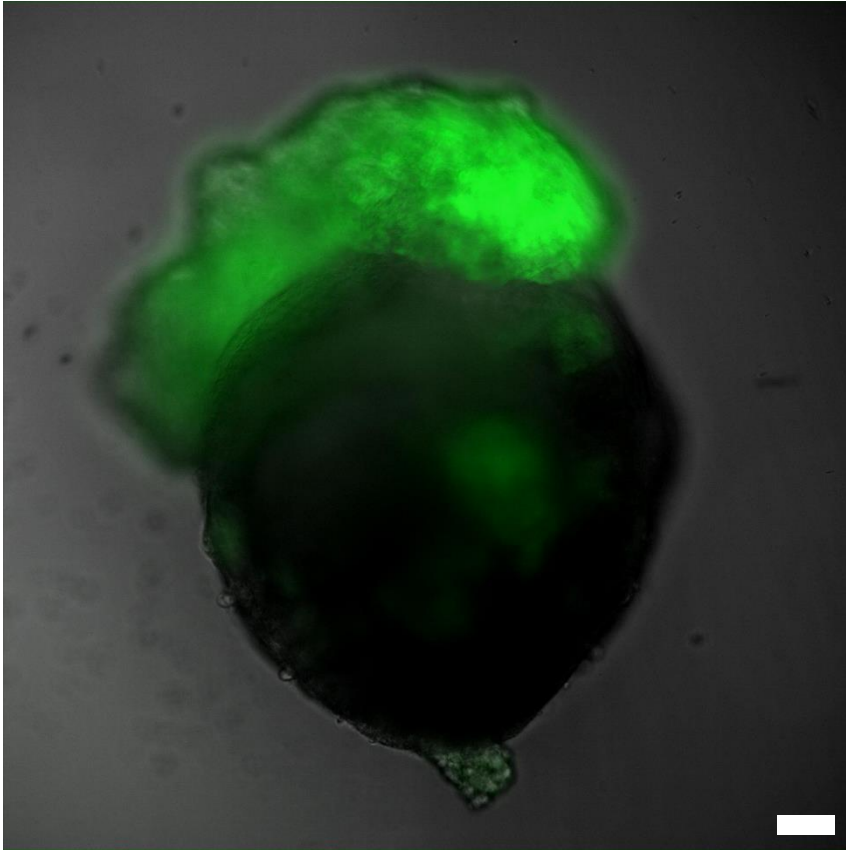
Summary

1. **HYDRA: High-throughput (really!!) engineered cell culture platforms to study ECM-cell interactions (pre-print out by the end of the month)**
2. **TEMPO: a suite of genetically encoded suite of fluorescent sensors for in hiPSCs (pre-print out by the end of the month)**

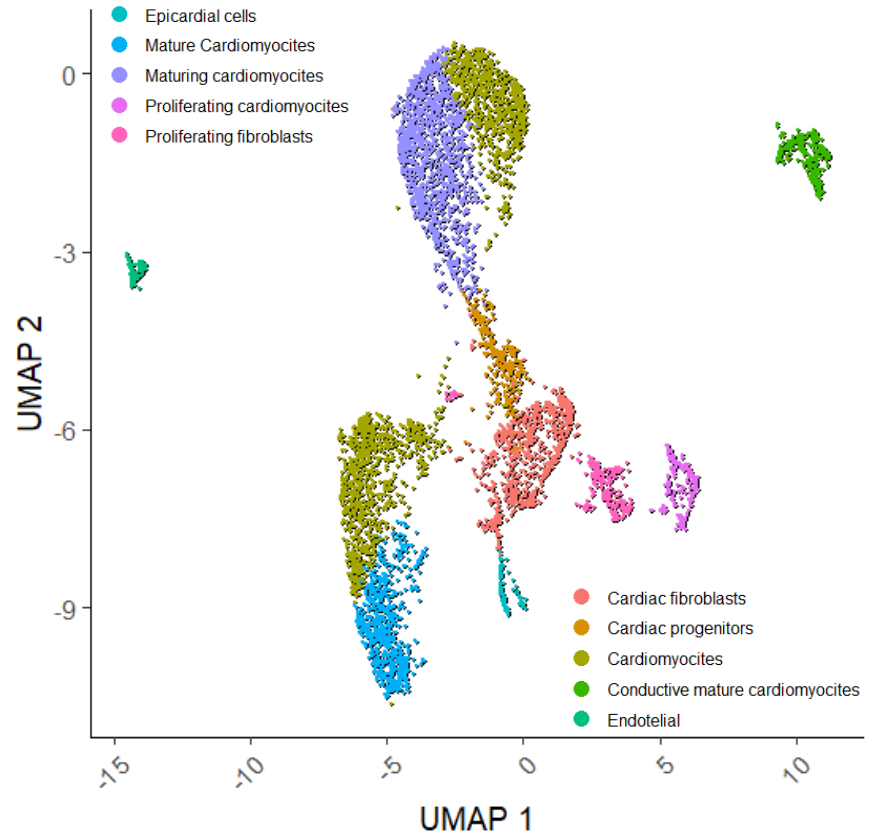
But what about cell-ECM interactions?!

We can use FUCCIplex hiPSC to produce **cardiac organoids or cardioids**: in-vitro models of cardiac morphogenesis

hiPSC-derived cardiac organoid (live)

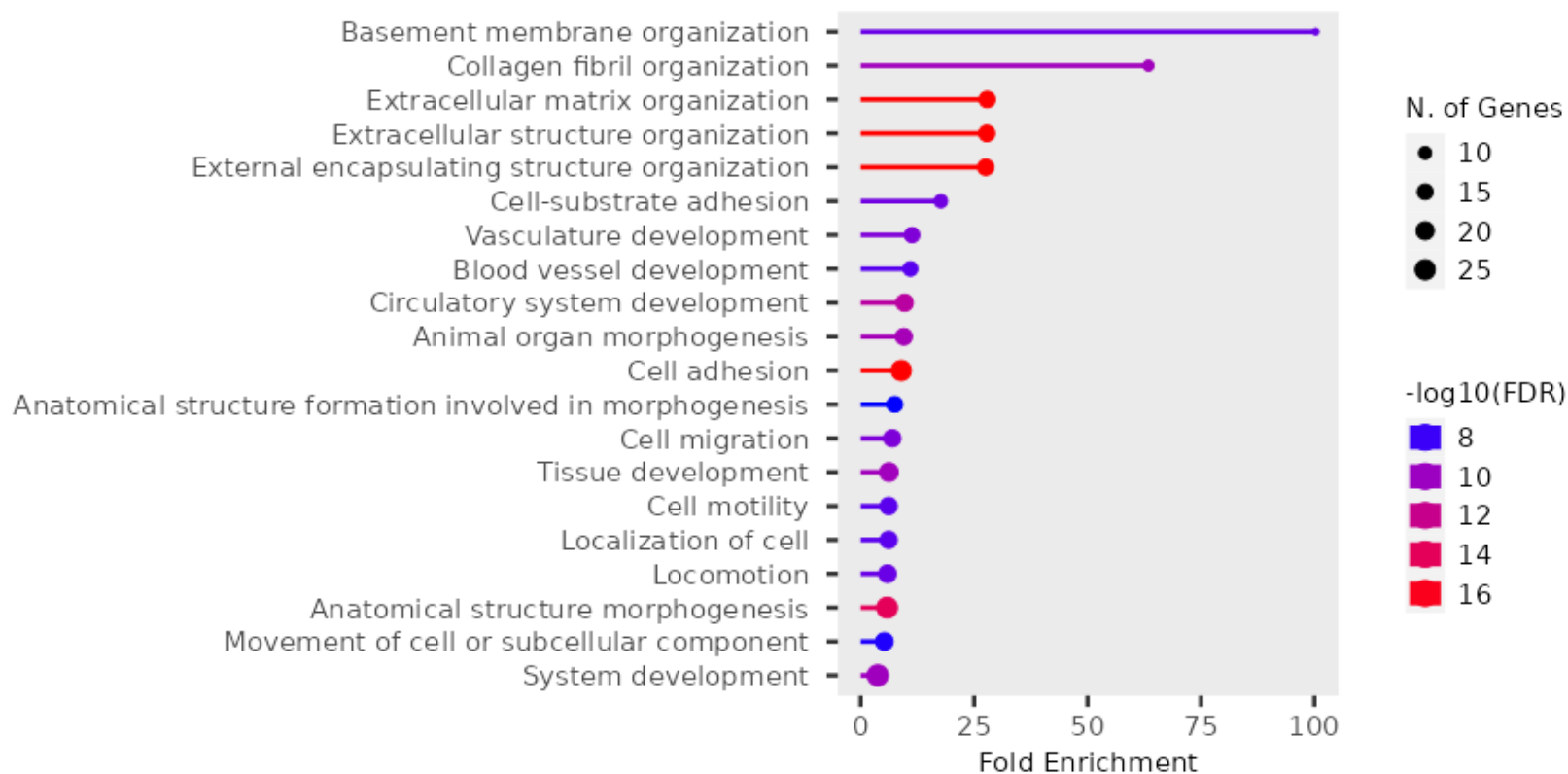


Scale: 100 um

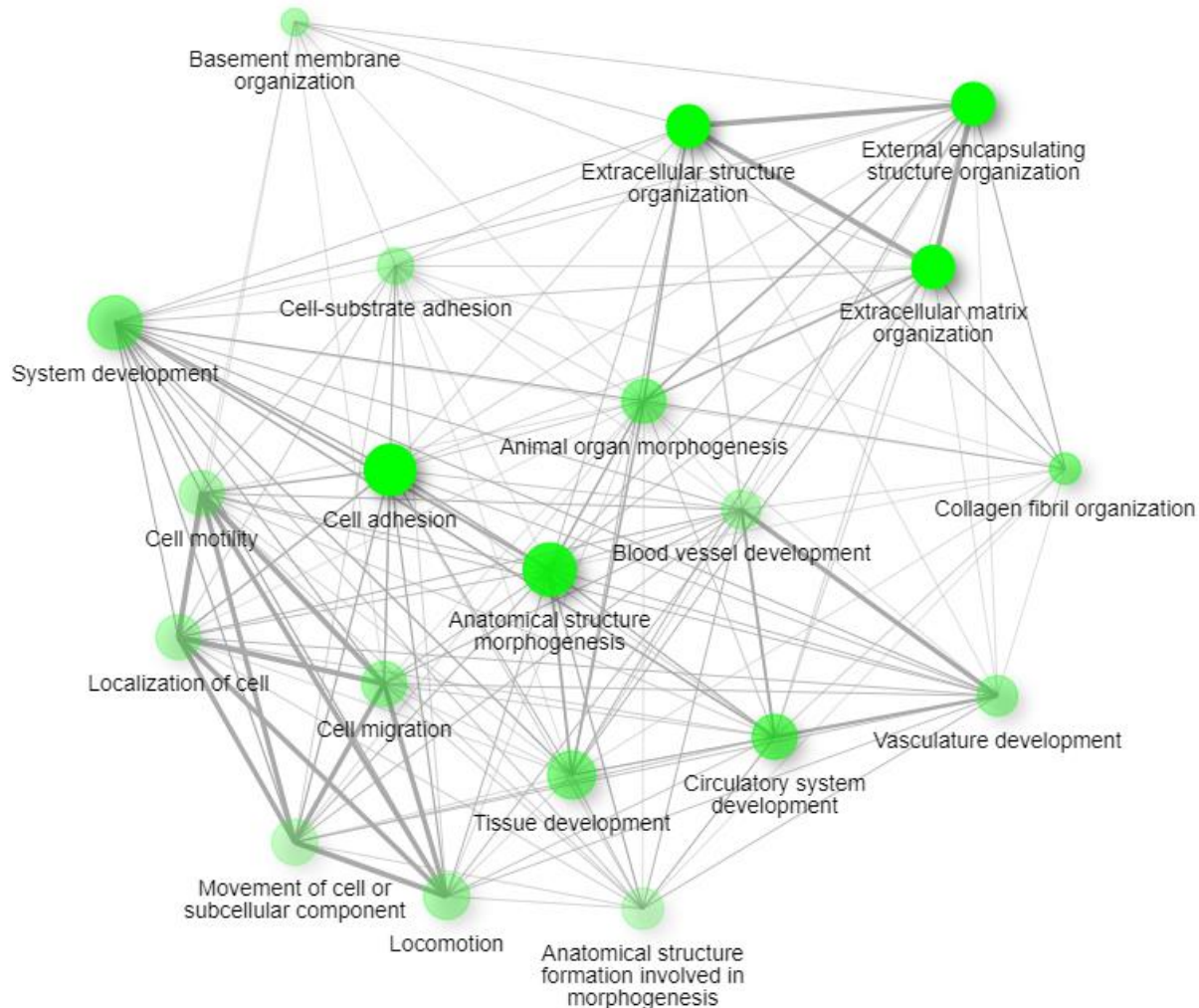


With Bertero's lab @ UniTO

We can further mine the dataset with the **Matrisome** database: by gene ontology ECM-associated genes participate in myocardial morphogenesis

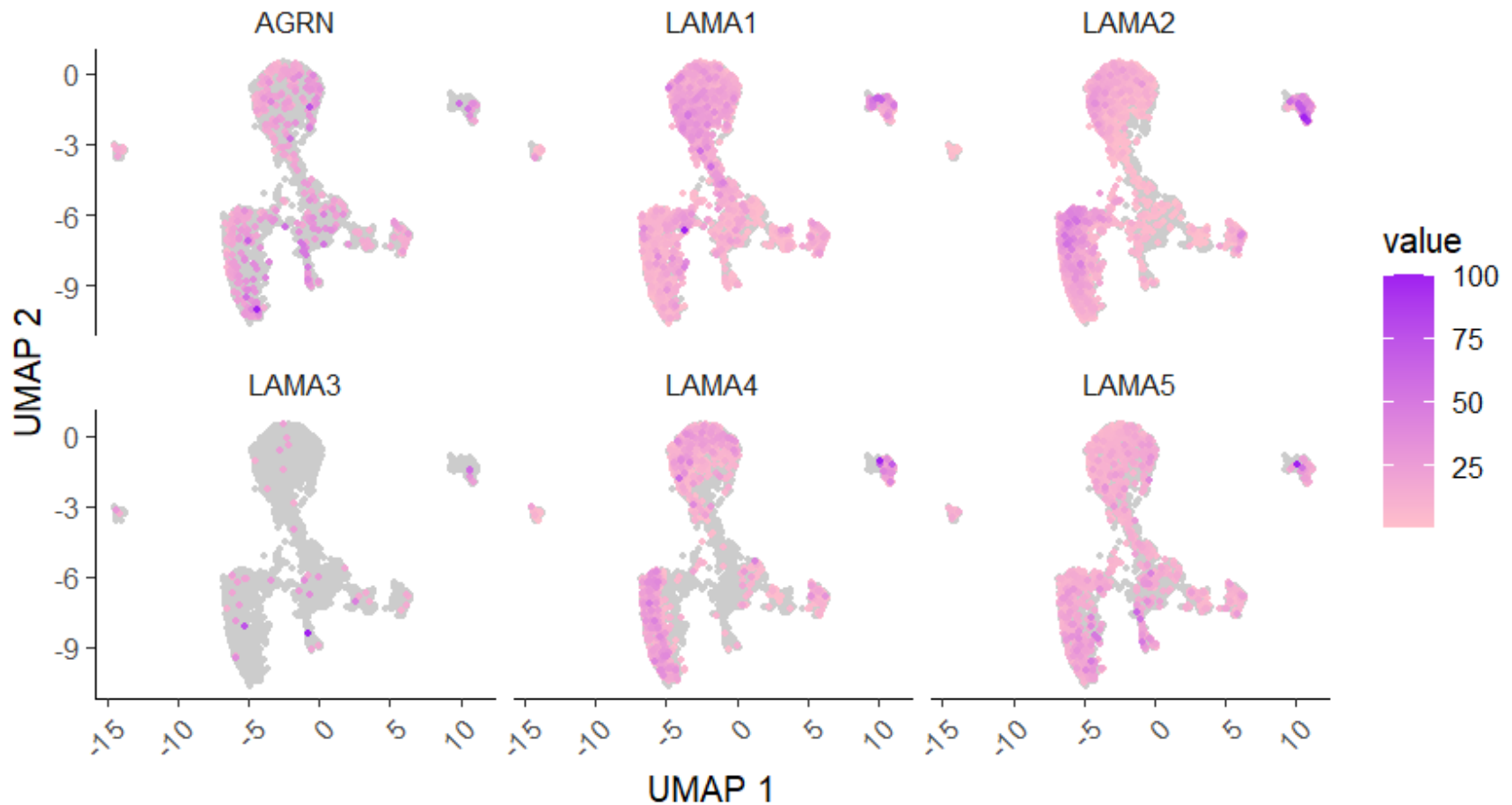


Interaction network analysis further supports an **integrative role of the ECM** in the biological processes linked with cardiac development.



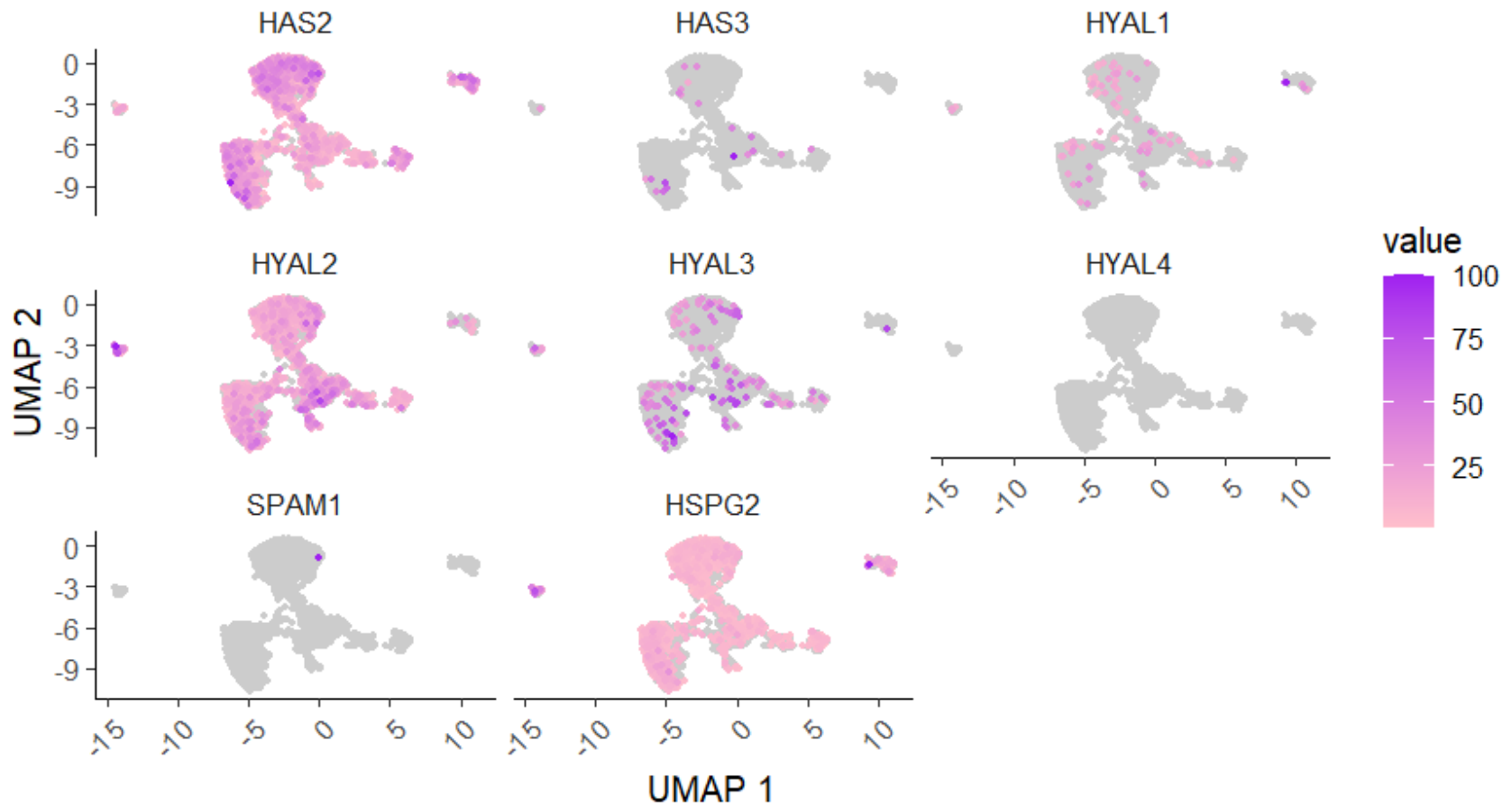
Agrin and laminin genes are differentially expressed across cell types

UMAP of Agrin & Laminin Genes Expression



Hyaluronic acid genes are **differentially expressed** across cell types

UMAP of Hyaluronic acid Genes Expression



Thinking Outside the Cell: Let's make a Functionally Annotated ECM Atlas!

