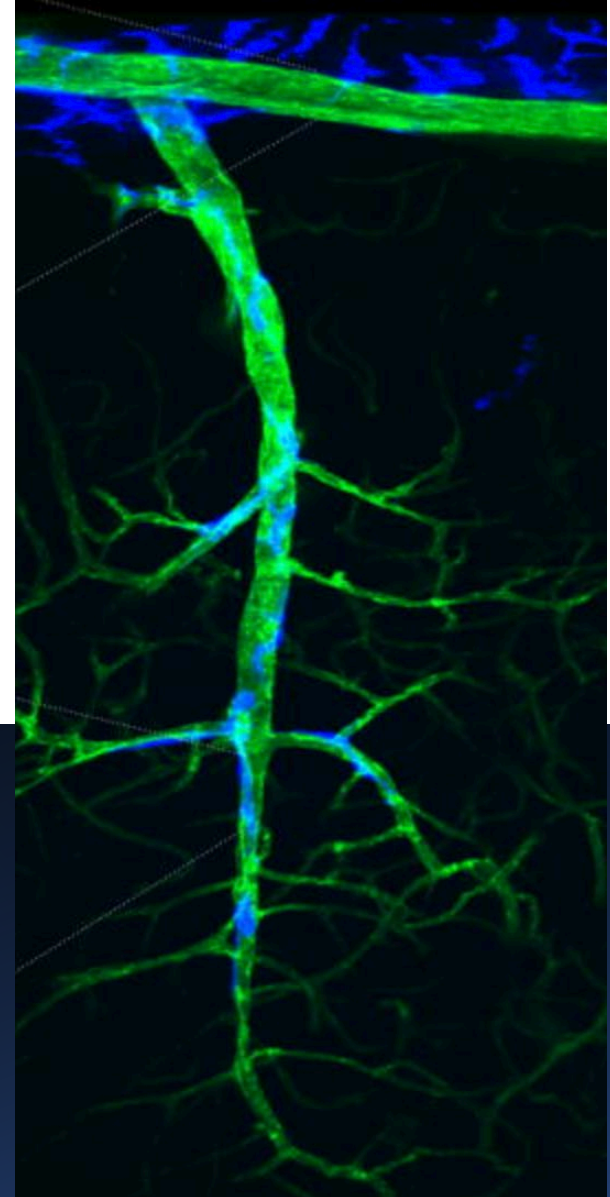


# Il sistema glinfatico:

l'interesse della neuropatologia allo studio della complessa struttura anatomo-funzionale di pulizia del Sistema Nervoso Centrale



Carla Uggetti  
MILANO

# Glymphatic system

## OUTLINE

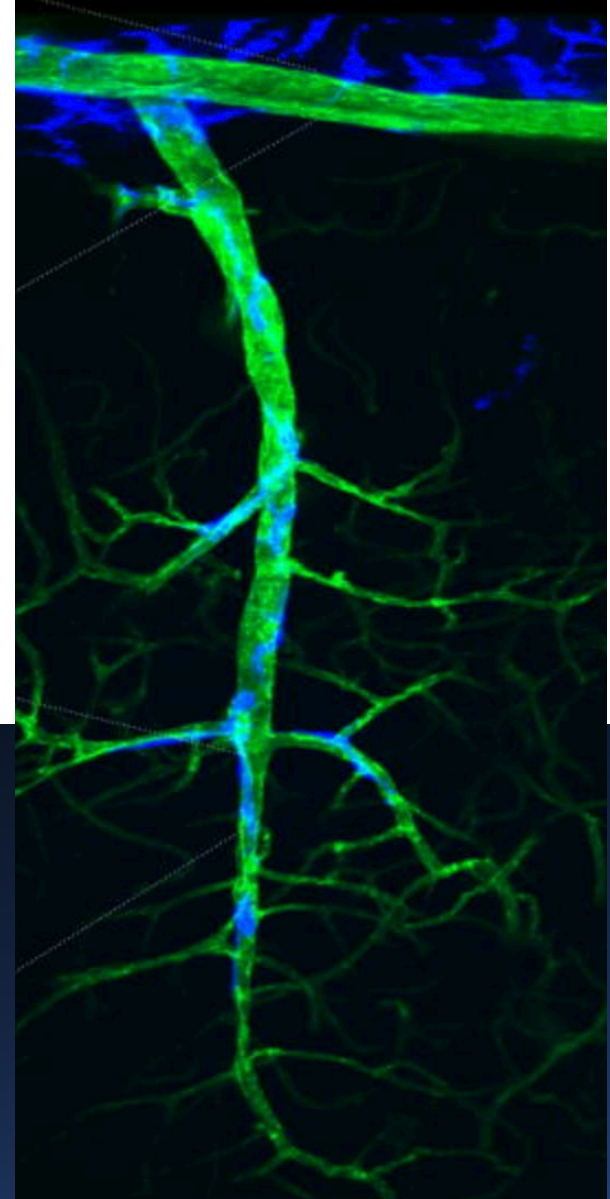
“Glymphatic system”

Study methods

Related diseases

Future outlook

# THE GLYMPHATIC SYSTEM



# (G)-lymphatic

Maiken  
Nedergaard

Neuroscienziata

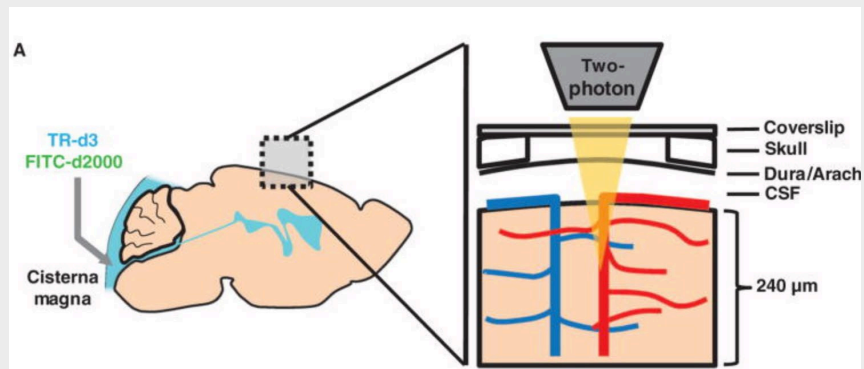


## **A Paravascular Pathway Facilitates CSF Flow Through the Brain Parenchyma and the Clearance of Interstitial Solutes, Including Amyloid $\beta$**

*Sci Transl Med 2012*

Jeffrey J. Iliff<sup>1,\*</sup>, Minghuan Wang<sup>1,2</sup>, Yonghong Liao<sup>1</sup>, Benjamin A. Plogg<sup>1</sup>, Weiguo Peng<sup>1</sup>, Georg A. Gundersen<sup>3,4</sup>, Helene Benveniste<sup>5,6</sup>, G. Edward Vates<sup>1</sup>, Rashid Deane<sup>1</sup>, Steven A. Goldman<sup>1,7</sup>, Erlend A. Nagelhus<sup>3,4</sup>, and Maiken Nedergaard<sup>1,\*</sup>

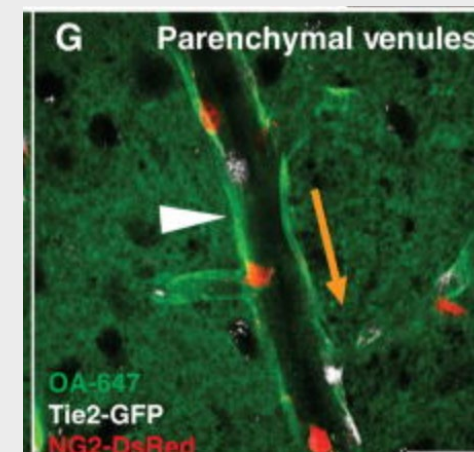
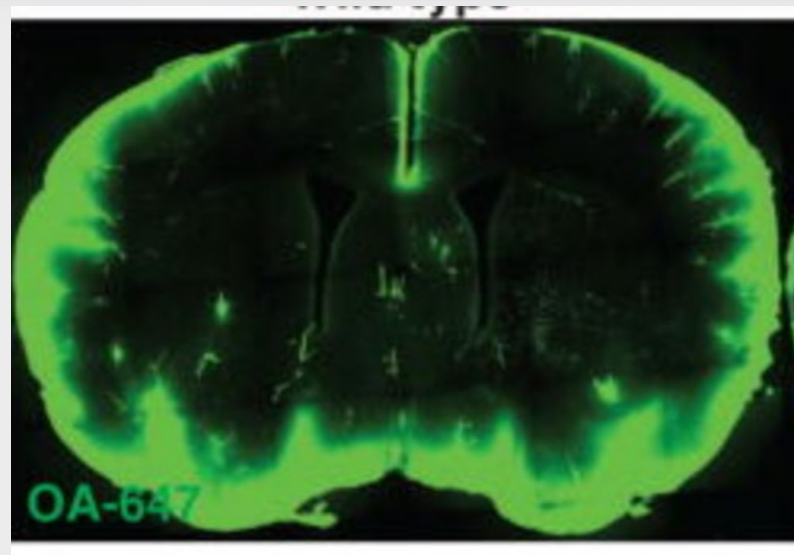
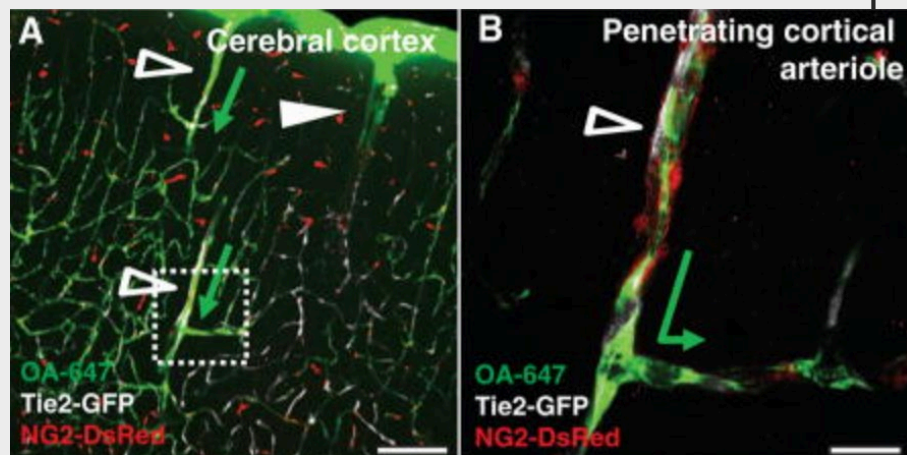
# Glymphatic



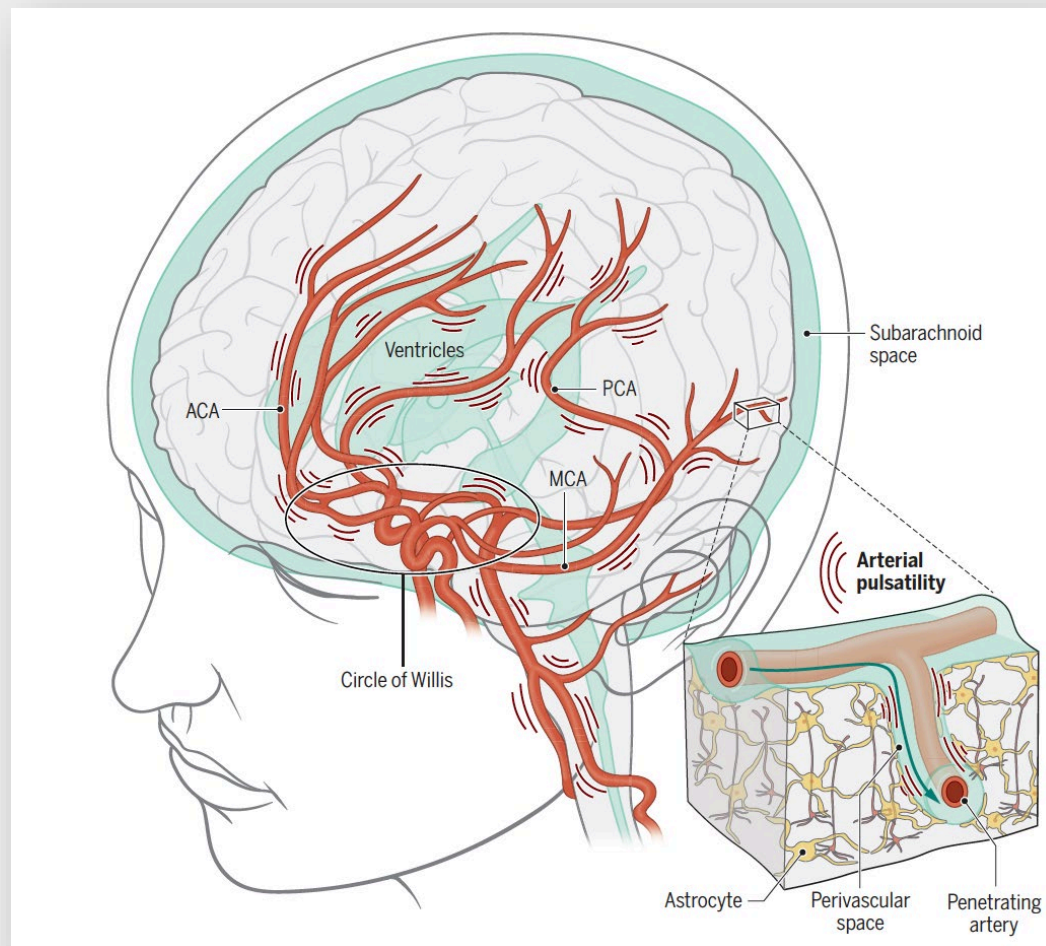
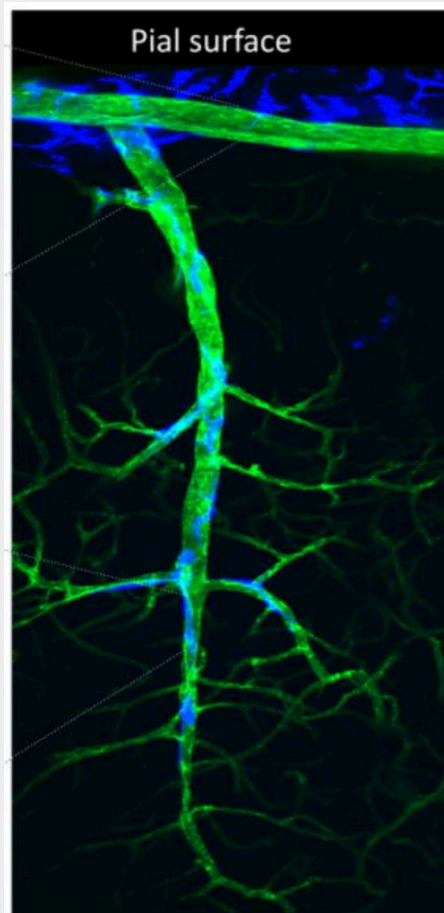
## A Paravascular Pathway Facilitates CSF Flow Through the Brain Parenchyma and the Clearance of Interstitial Solutes, Including Amyloid $\beta$

*Sci Transl Med* 2012

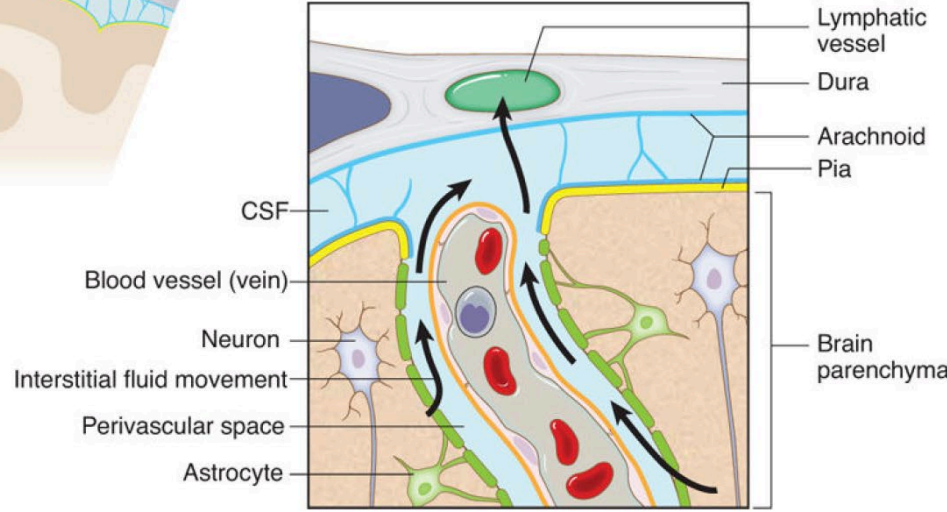
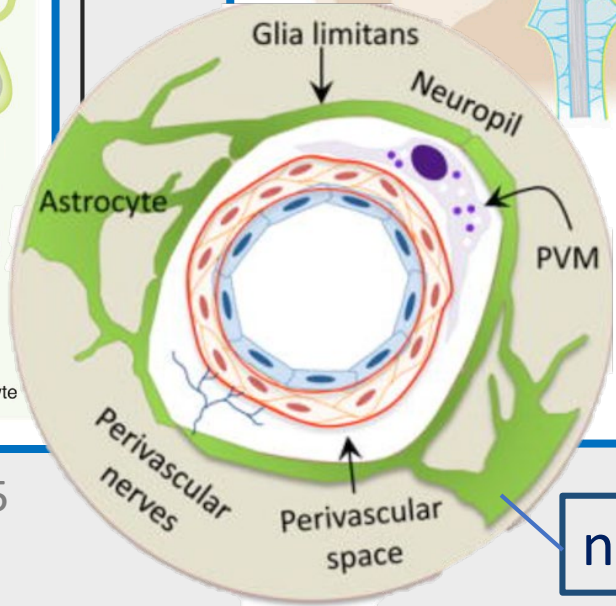
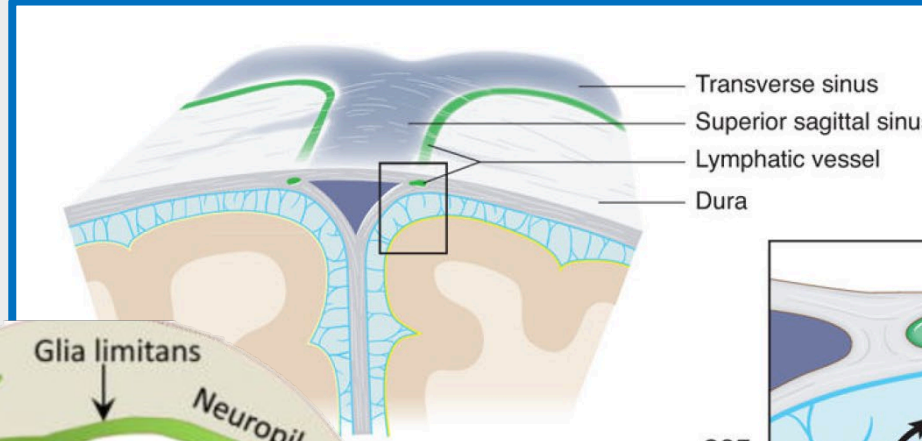
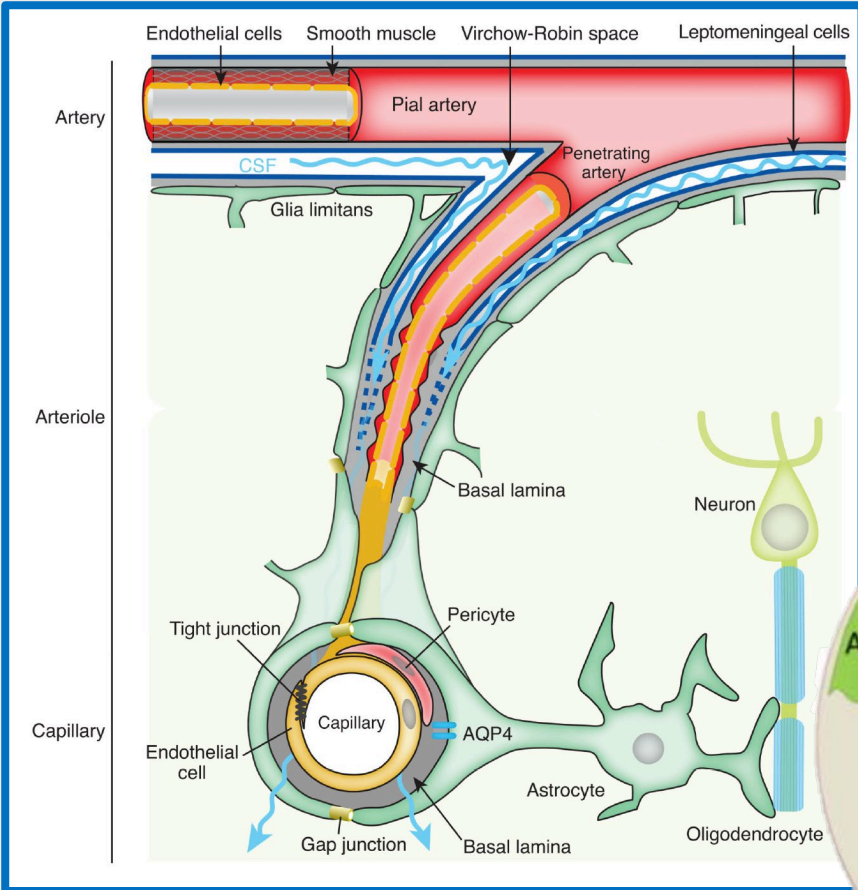
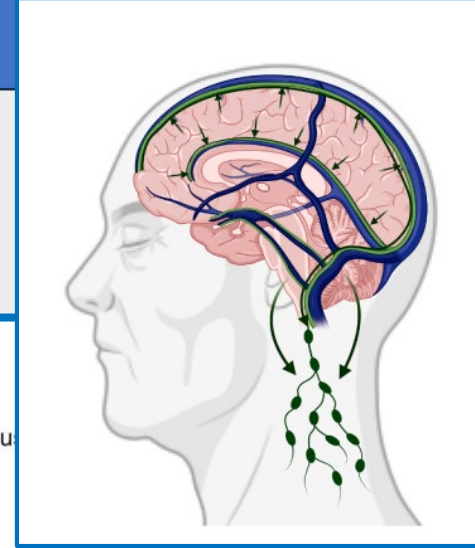
Jeffrey J. Iliff<sup>1,\*</sup>, Minghuan Wang<sup>1,2</sup>, Yonghong Liao<sup>1</sup>, Benjamin A. Plogg<sup>1</sup>, Weiguo Peng<sup>1</sup>, Georg A. Gundersen<sup>3,4</sup>, Helene Benveniste<sup>5,6</sup>, G. Edward Vates<sup>1</sup>, Rashid Deane<sup>1</sup>, Steven A. Goldman<sup>1,7</sup>, Erlend A. Nagelhus<sup>3,4</sup>, and Maiken Nedergaard<sup>1,\*</sup>



# Glymphatic



# Glymphatic = *glial-lymphatic*



Nedergaard et al, *Neurochem Res*, 2015

Louveau et al, *Nature*, 2015

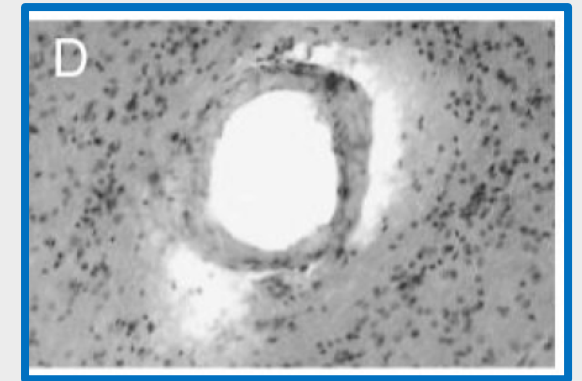
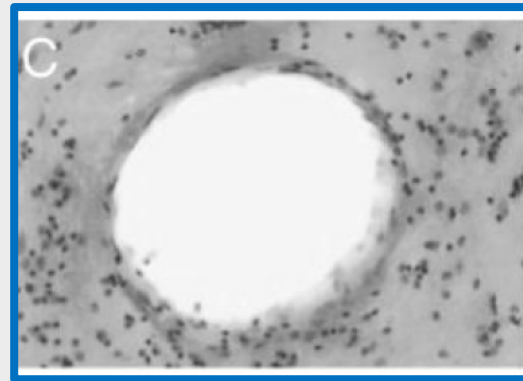
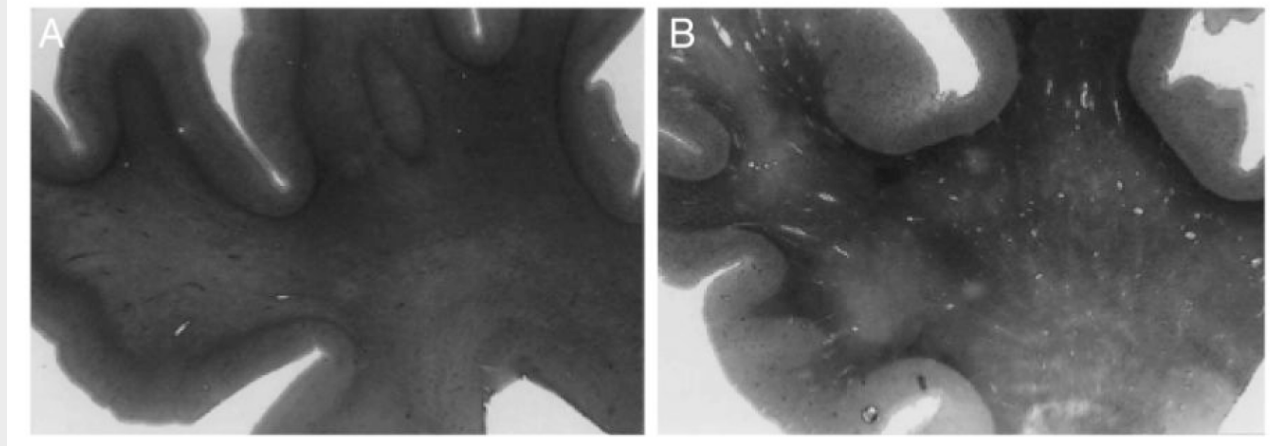
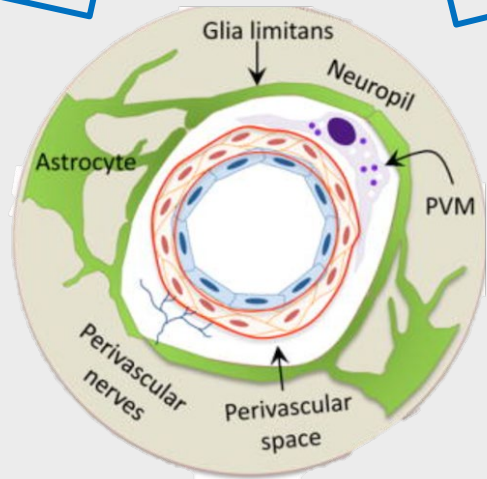
neuro-vascular unit

# Perivascular spaces

## Perivascular spaces “Virchow-Robin”

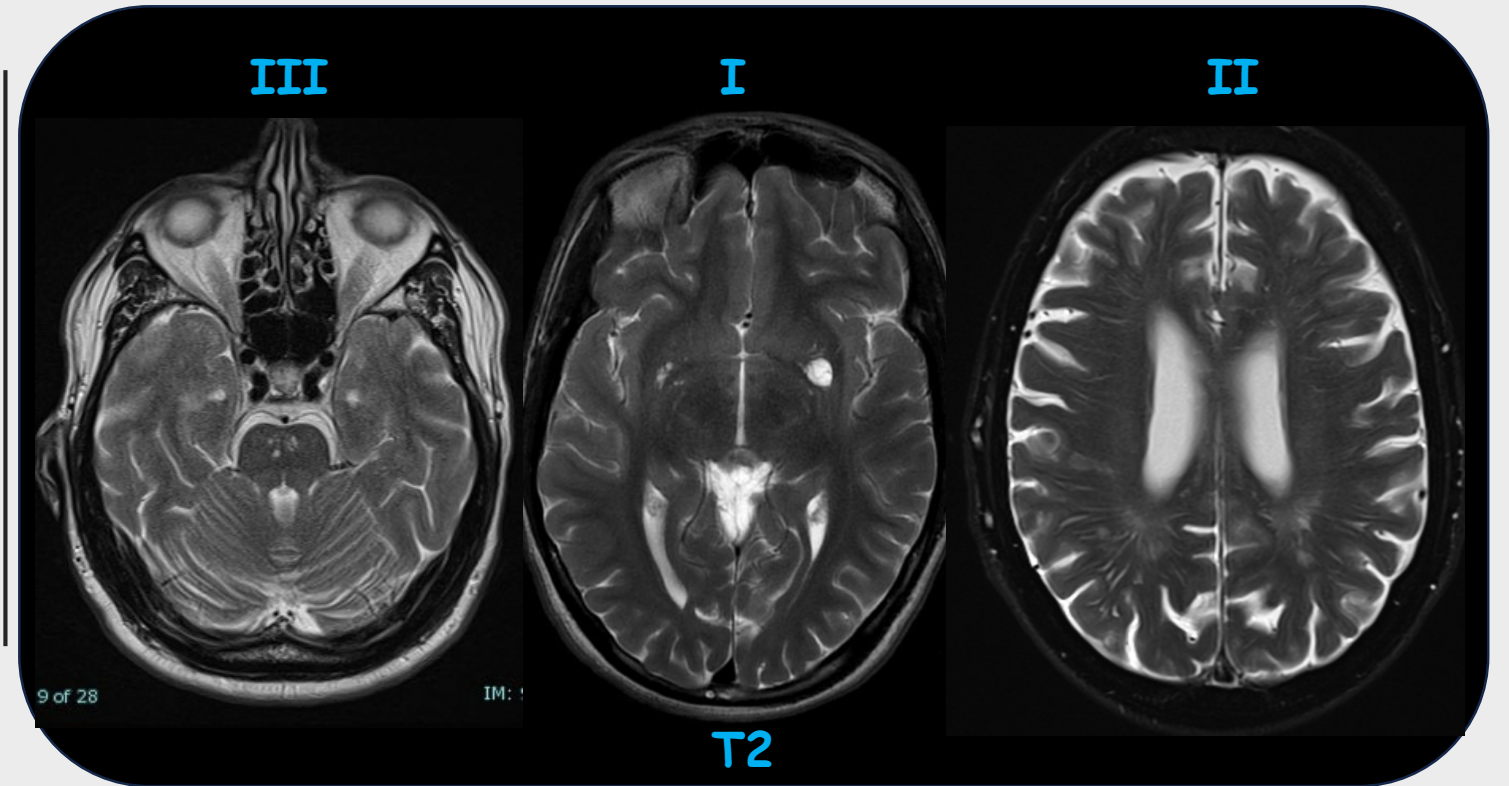
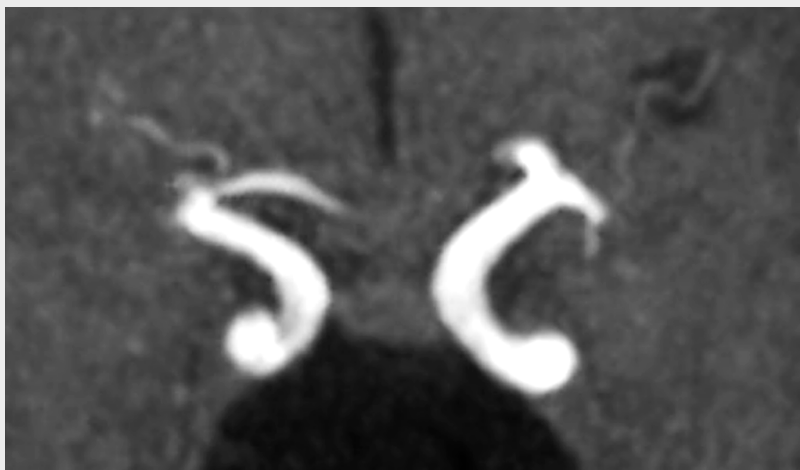
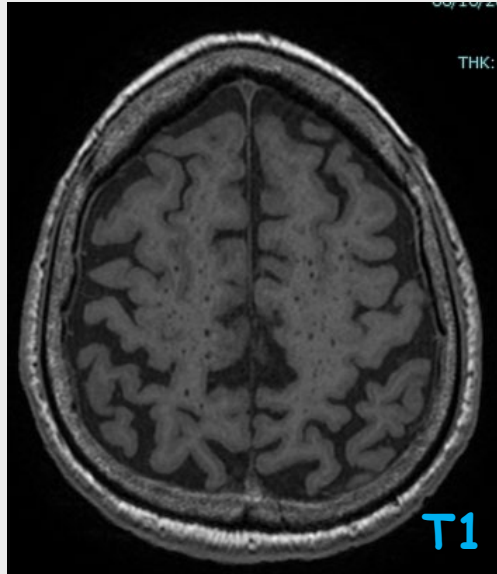
1851

1859

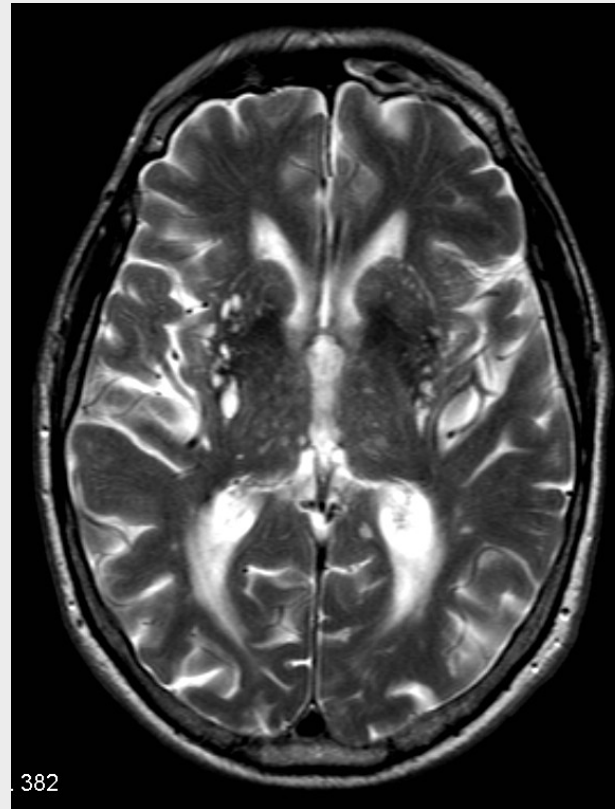
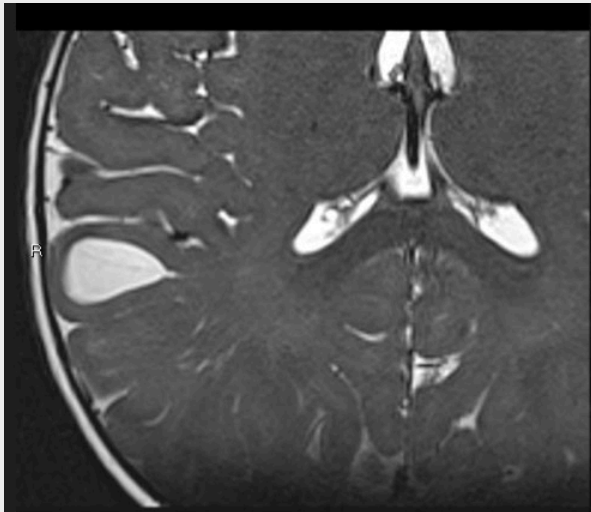
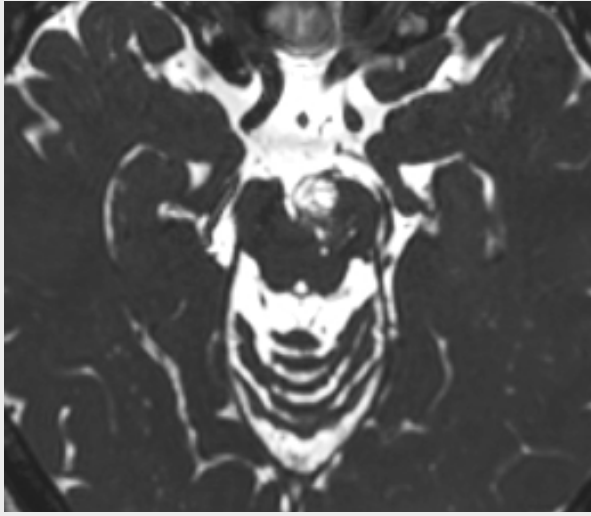




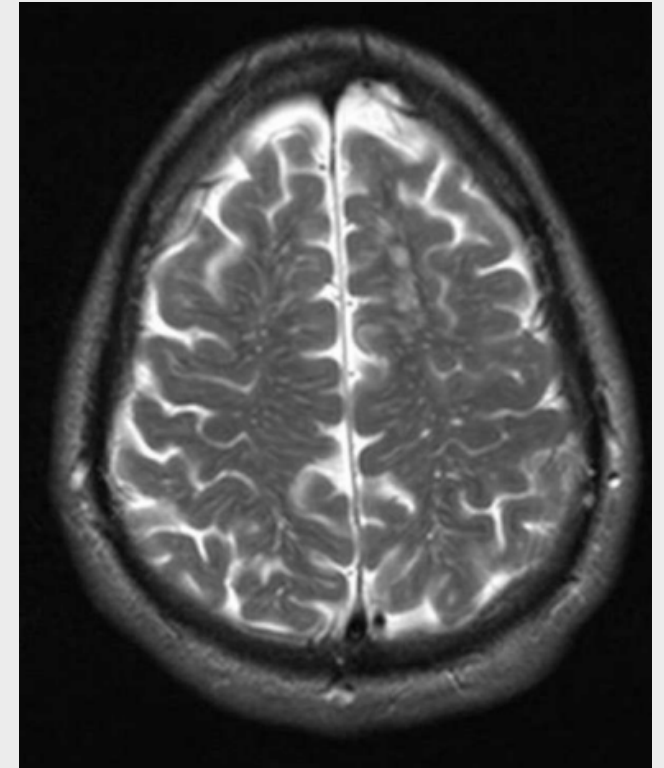
# Perivascular spaces: MRI



# Widened perivascular spaces: MRI



*"état cribré"*



# Widened perivascular spaces

Cerebrovascular  
Diseases

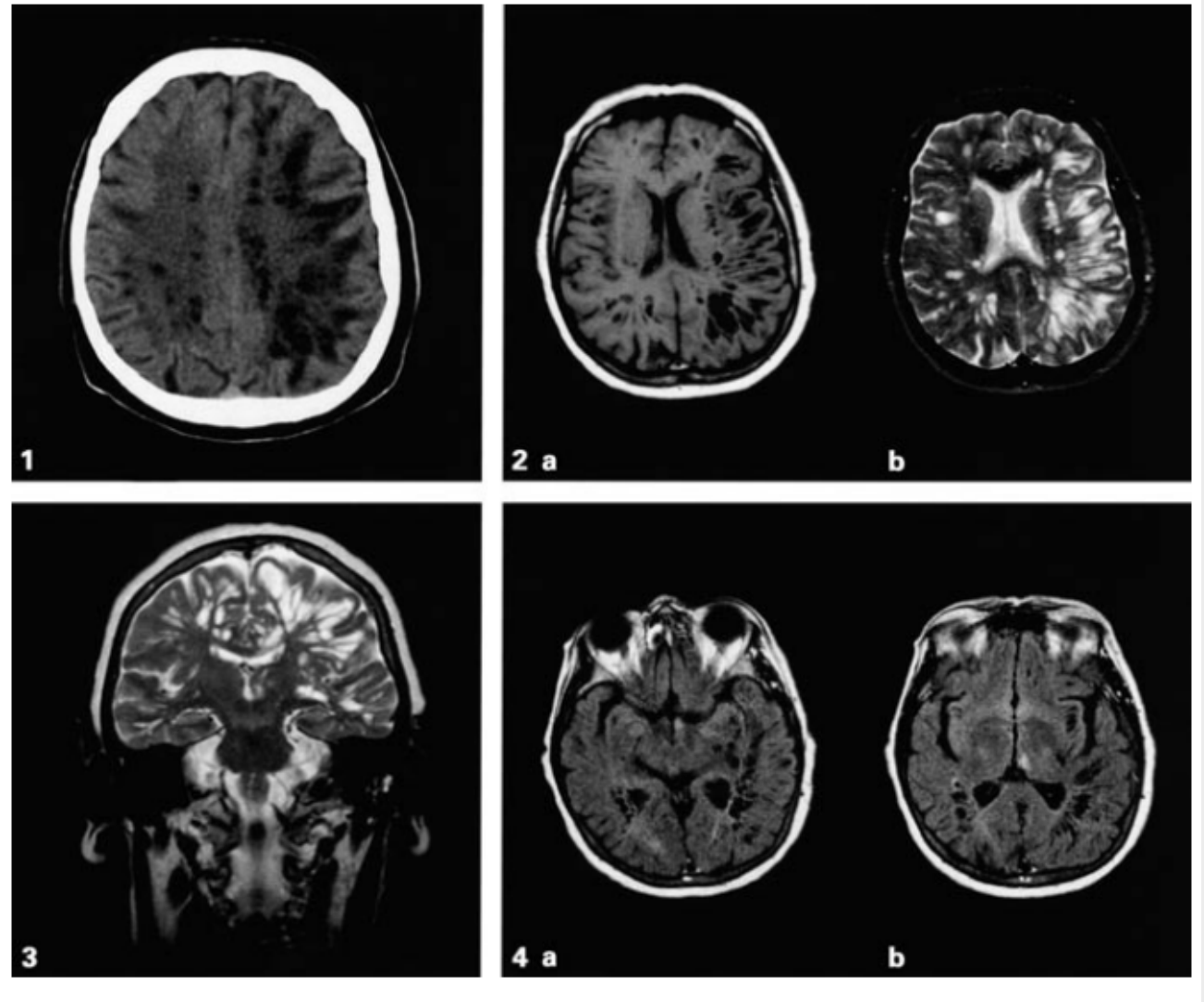
Original Paper

Cerebrovasc Dis 2001;12:287-290

2001

## Subcortical Dementia Associated with Striking Enlargement of the Virchow-Robin Spaces and Transneuronal Degeneration of the Left Mammillo-Thalamic Tract

Carla Uggetti<sup>a</sup> Maria Grazia Egitto<sup>a</sup> Anna Pichiecchio<sup>a</sup> Elena Sinforiani<sup>b</sup>  
Maria Stella Bevilacqua<sup>b</sup> Anna Cavallini<sup>c</sup> Giuseppe Micieli<sup>c</sup>

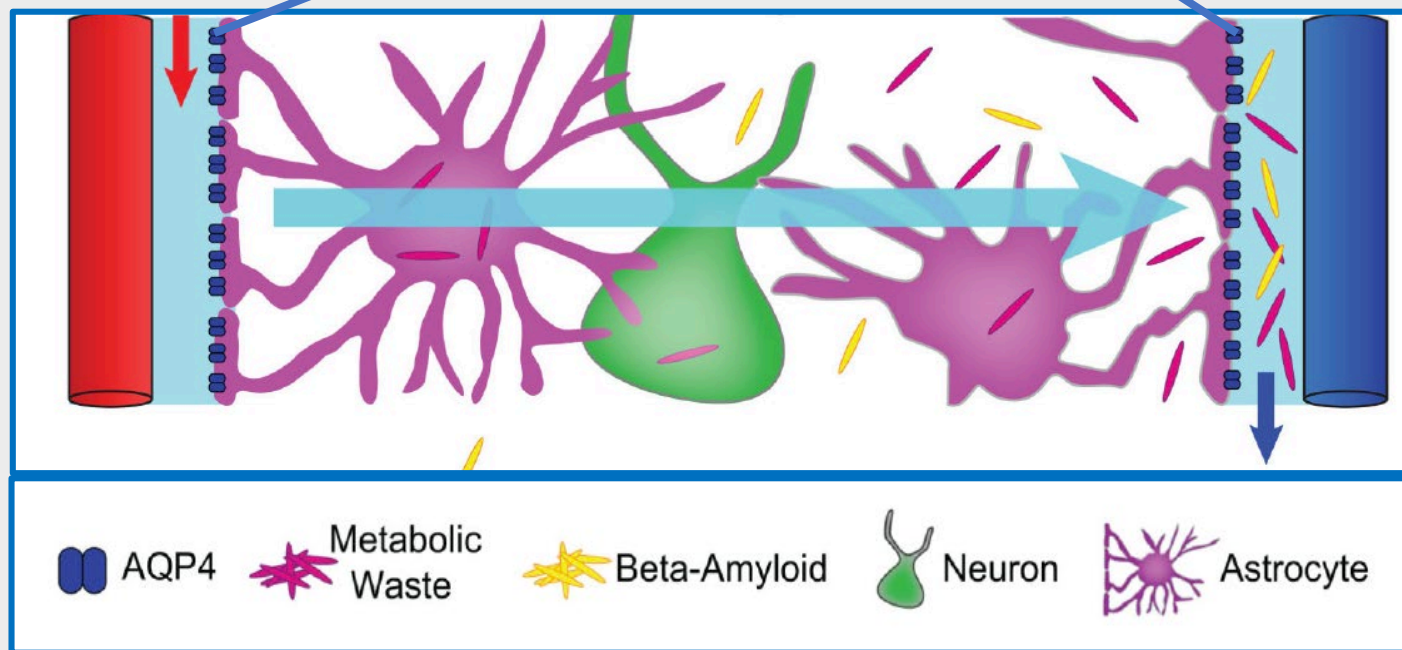
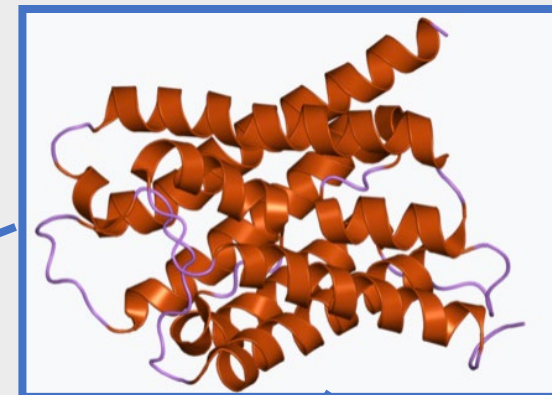
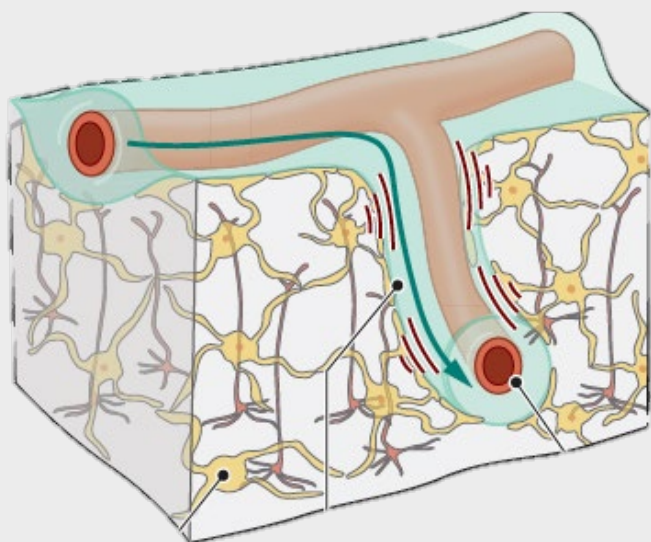


# Glymphatic system: functional features

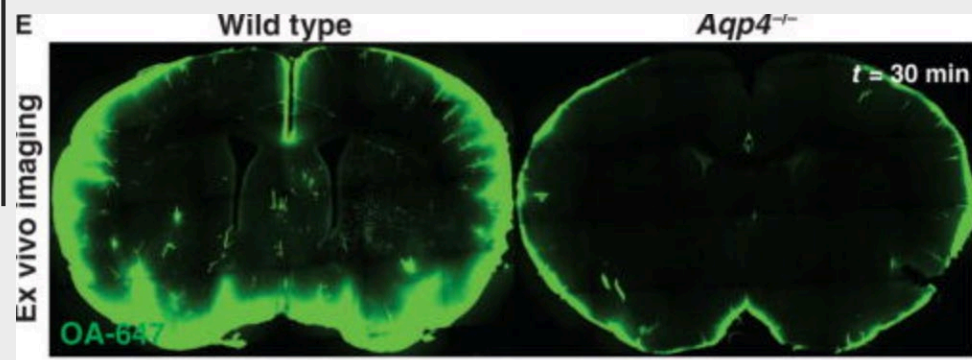
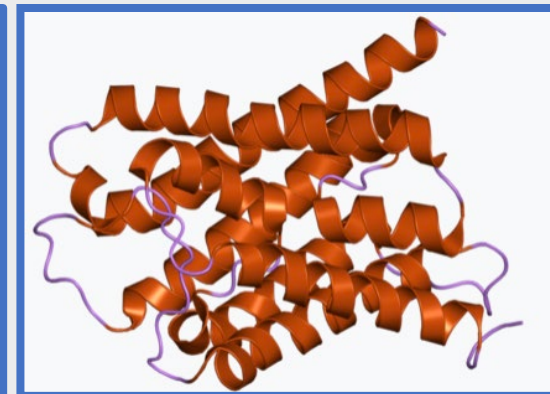
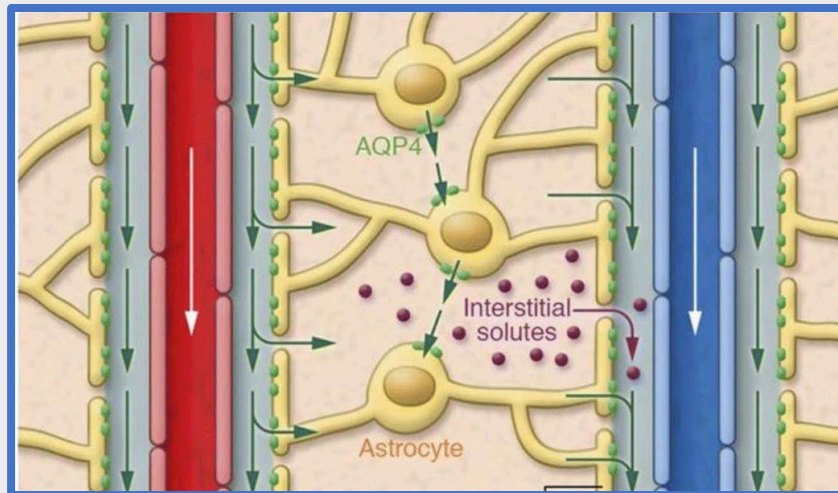
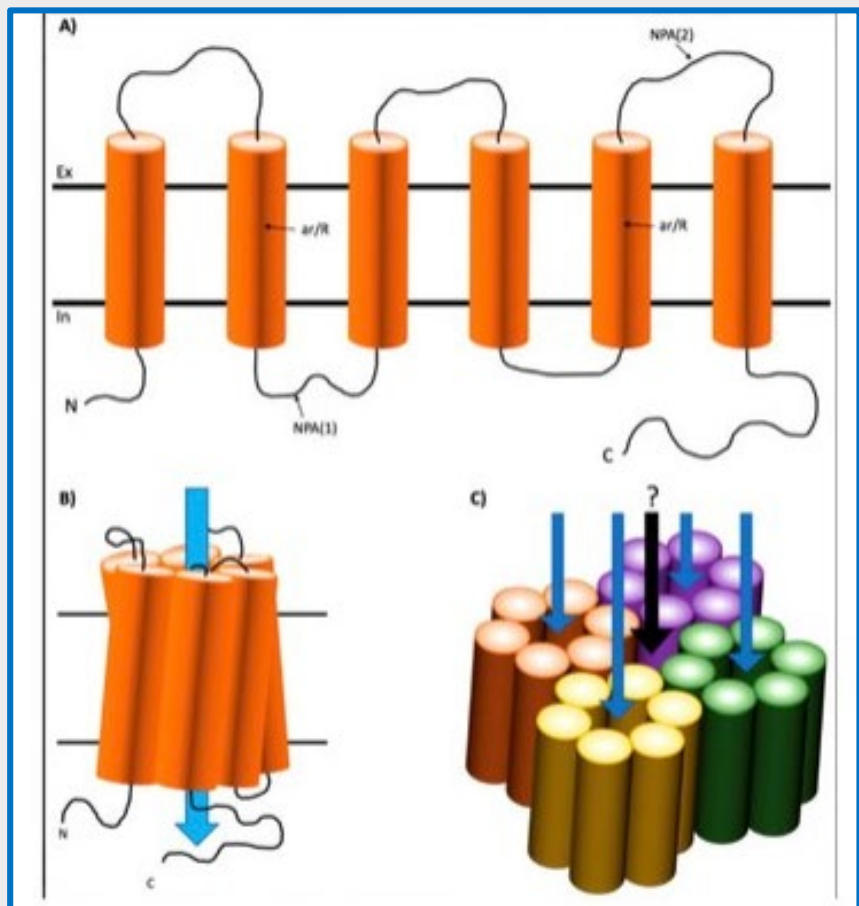
Neurochem Res, 2015

## The Glymphatic System – A Beginner's Guide

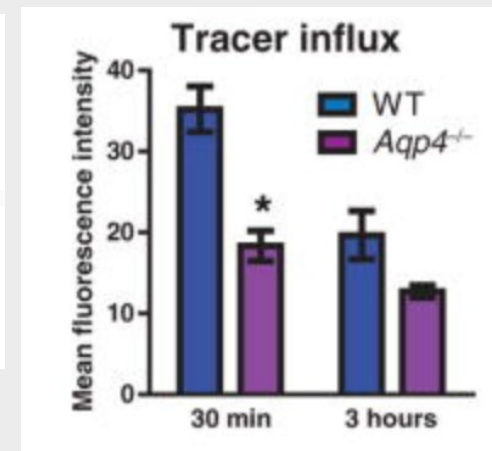
Nadia Aalling Jessen<sup>1</sup>, Anne Sofie Finmann Munk<sup>1</sup>, Iben Lundgaard<sup>1</sup>, and Maiken Nedergaard




# AQP4



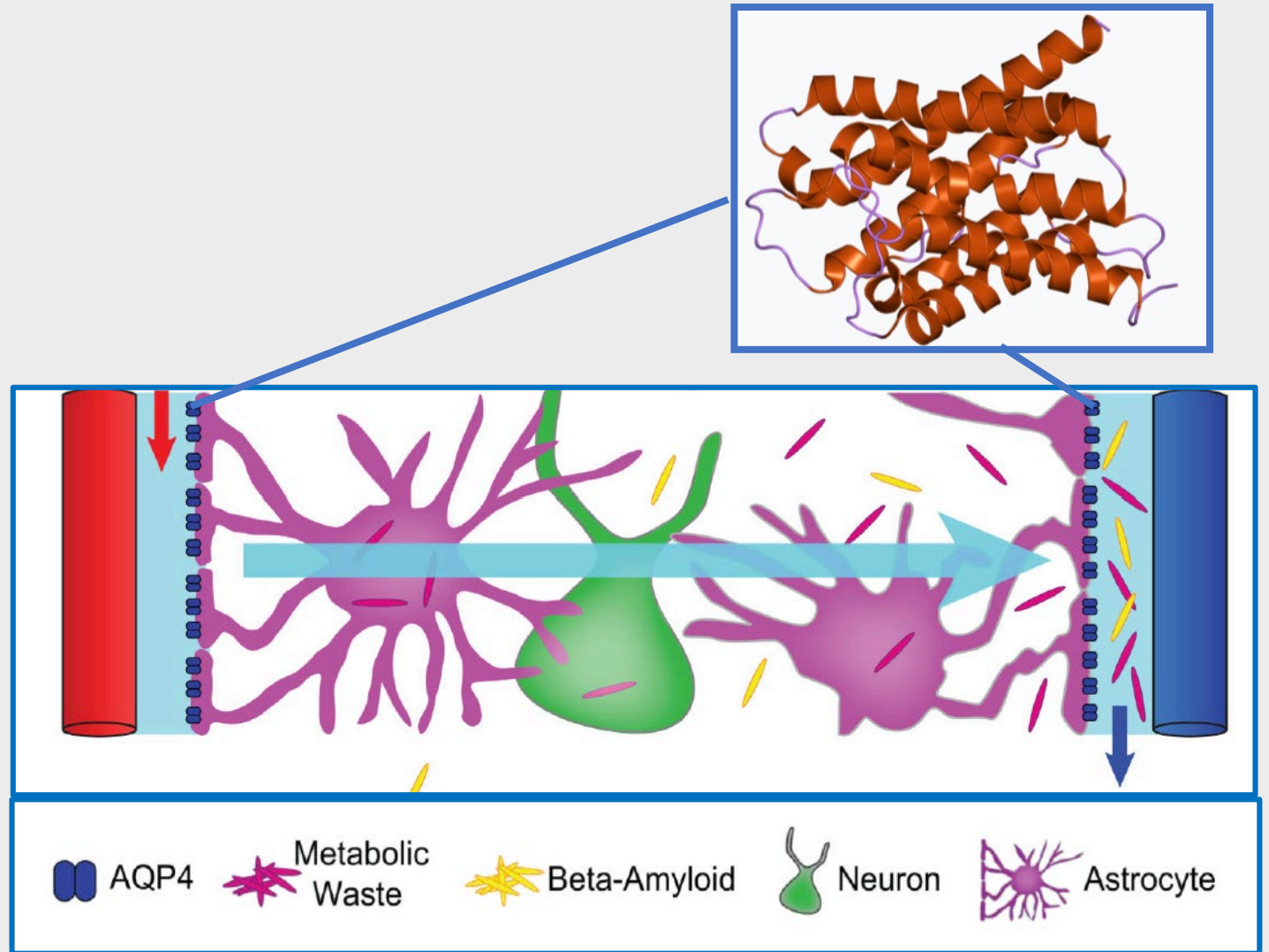
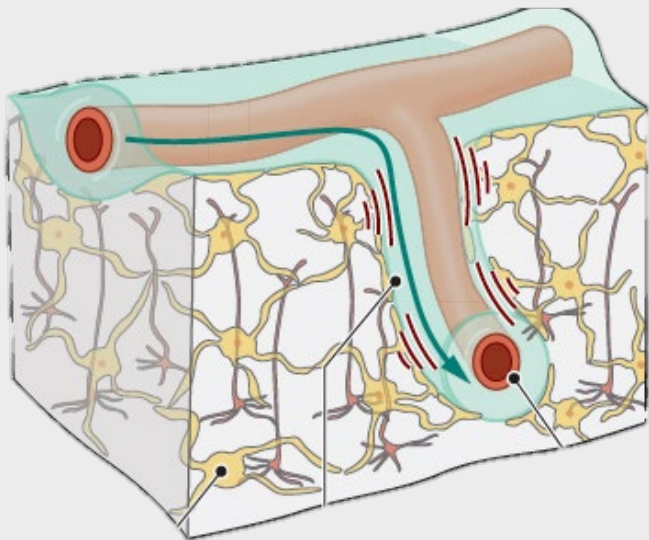
Clearance of fluorescent-tagged soluble  $\beta$ -A



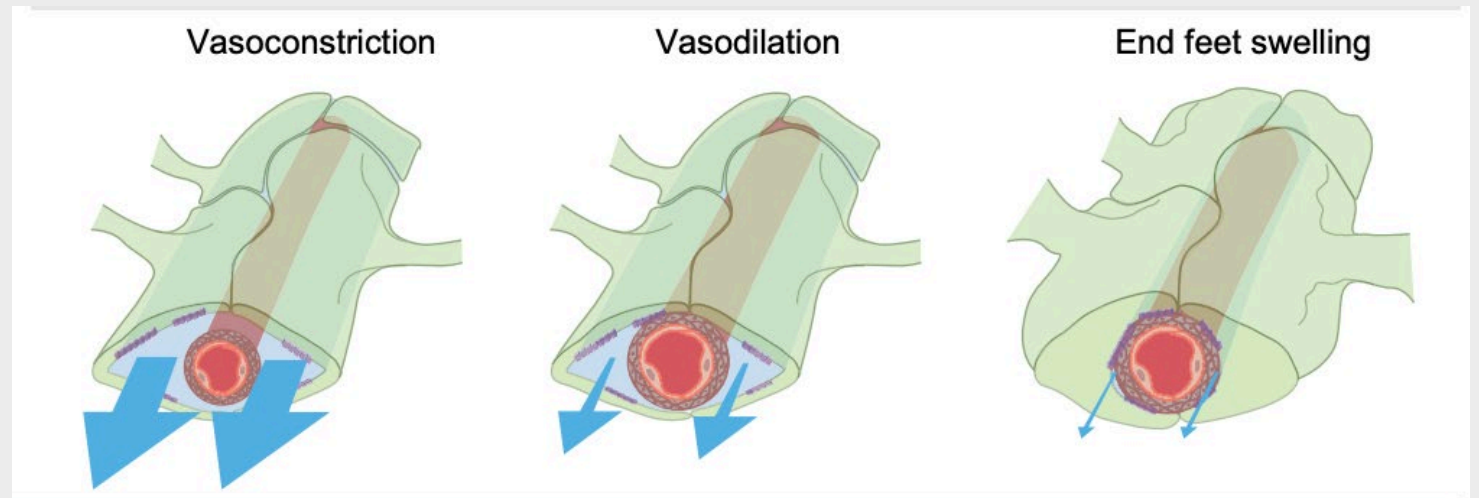
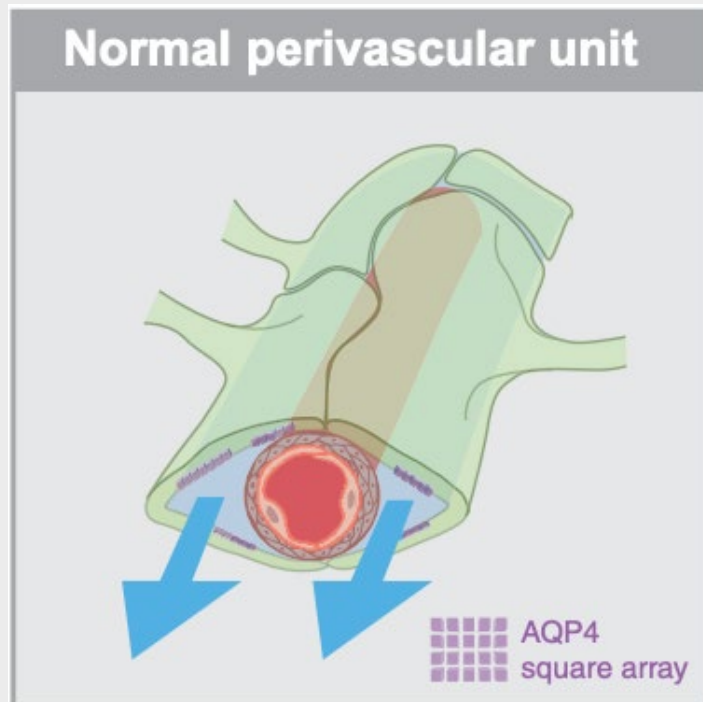
# Glymphatic system: functional features

**A**  **V**

- AQP4 (>>50%)
- Arterial pulsation
- Breathing
- CSF production
- Intracranial pressure



# Glymphatic system: functional changes

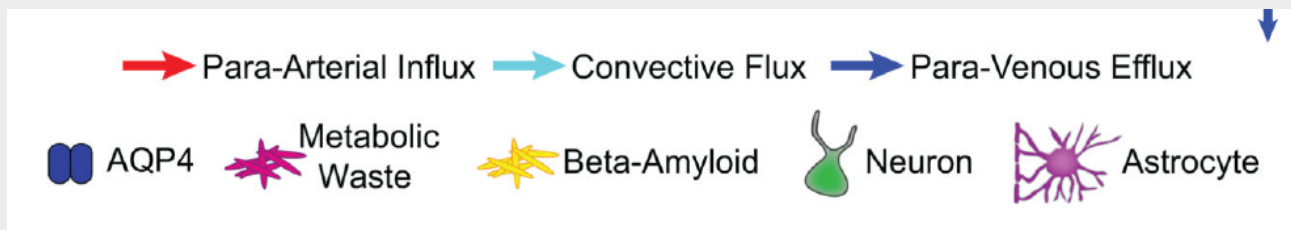
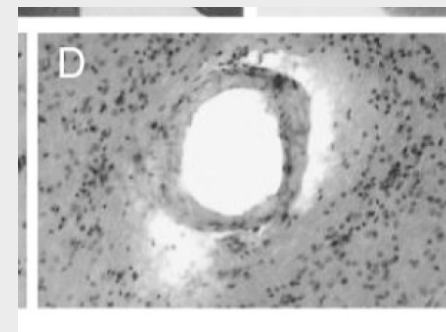
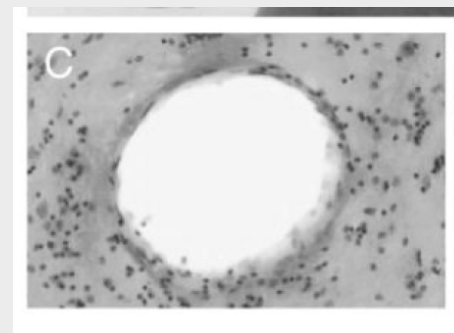
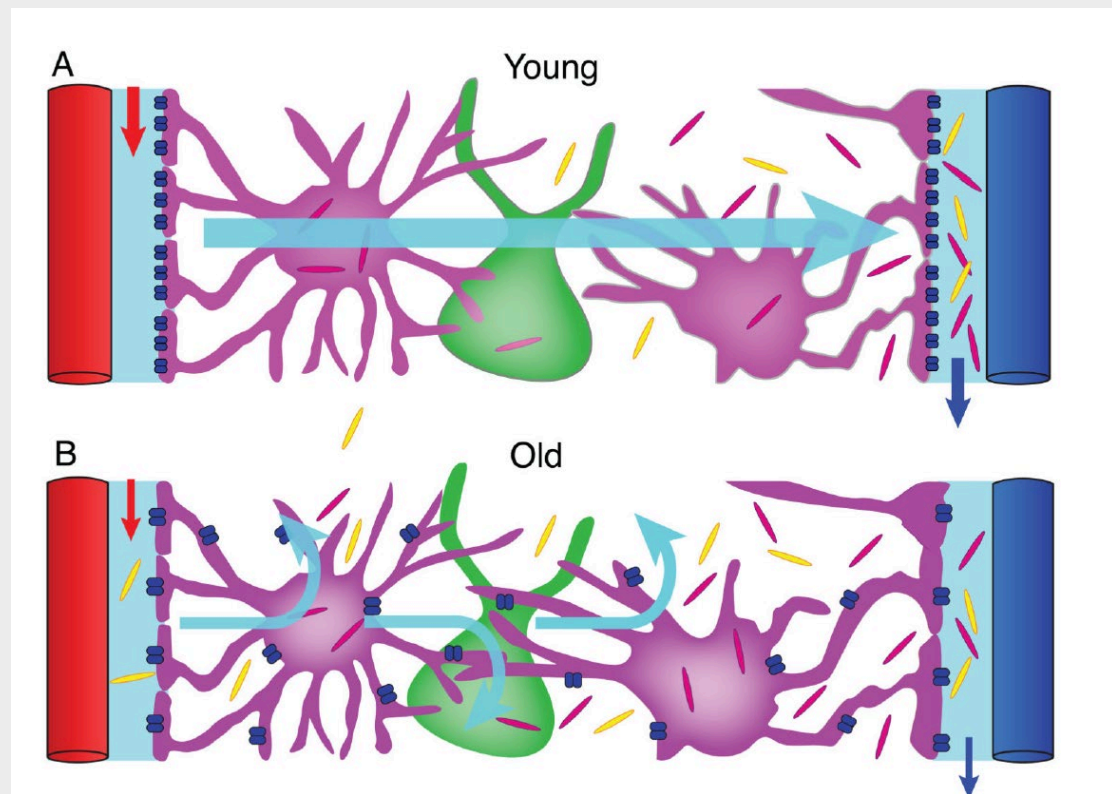


# Glymphatic system: **age**

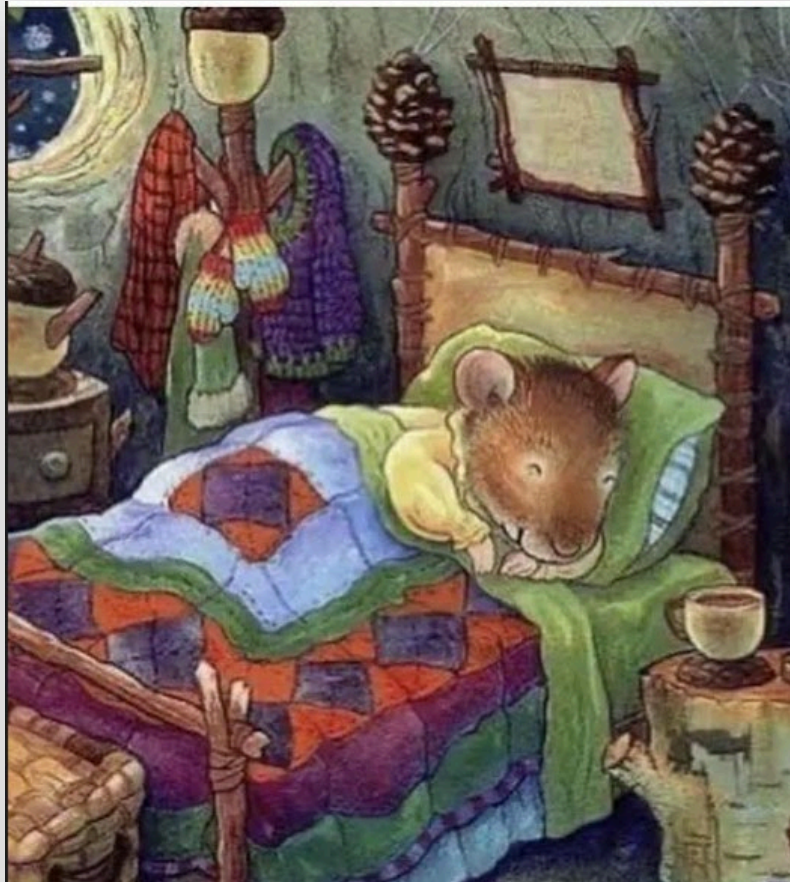
	<b>Beginning of development</b>	<b>Maturation</b>
Ventricles	IV week GA	birth
AQP4 polarization	XXIV week GA	birth
Aracnoid granulation	Birth	18 months
<b>Glymphatic function</b>	<b>Birth</b>	<b>30-40 years</b>



# Glymphatic system: aging



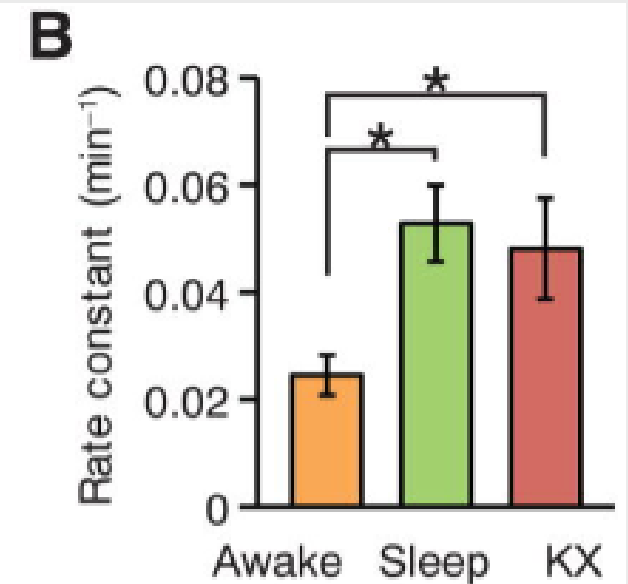
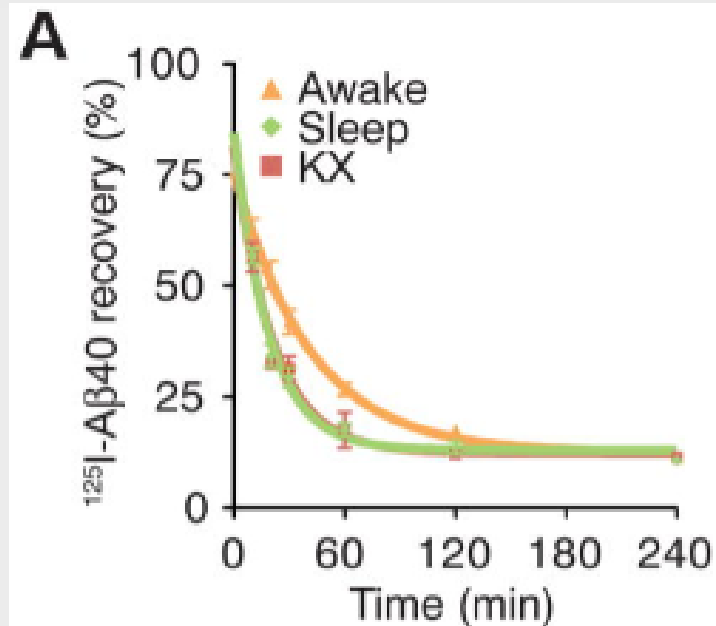
# Glymphatic system: **sleep**



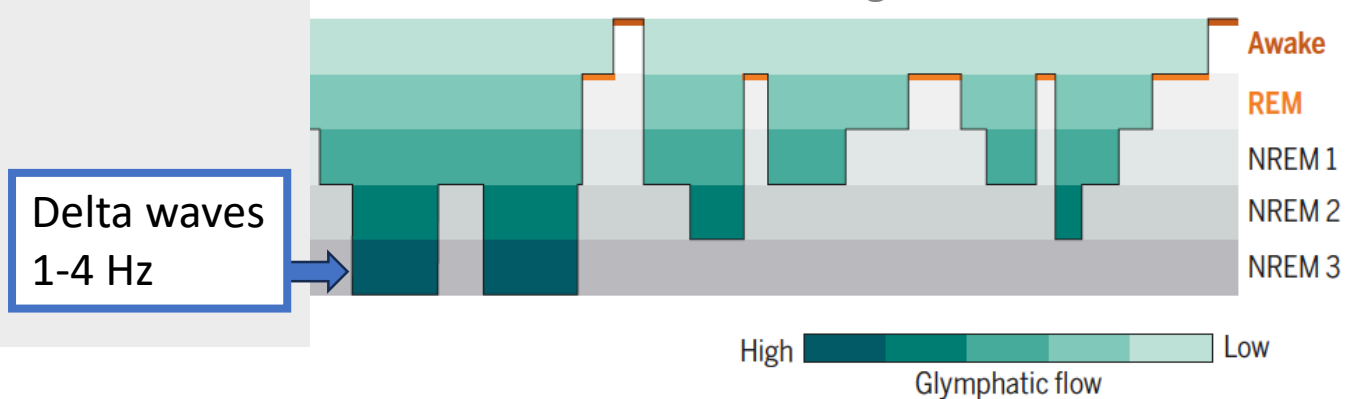
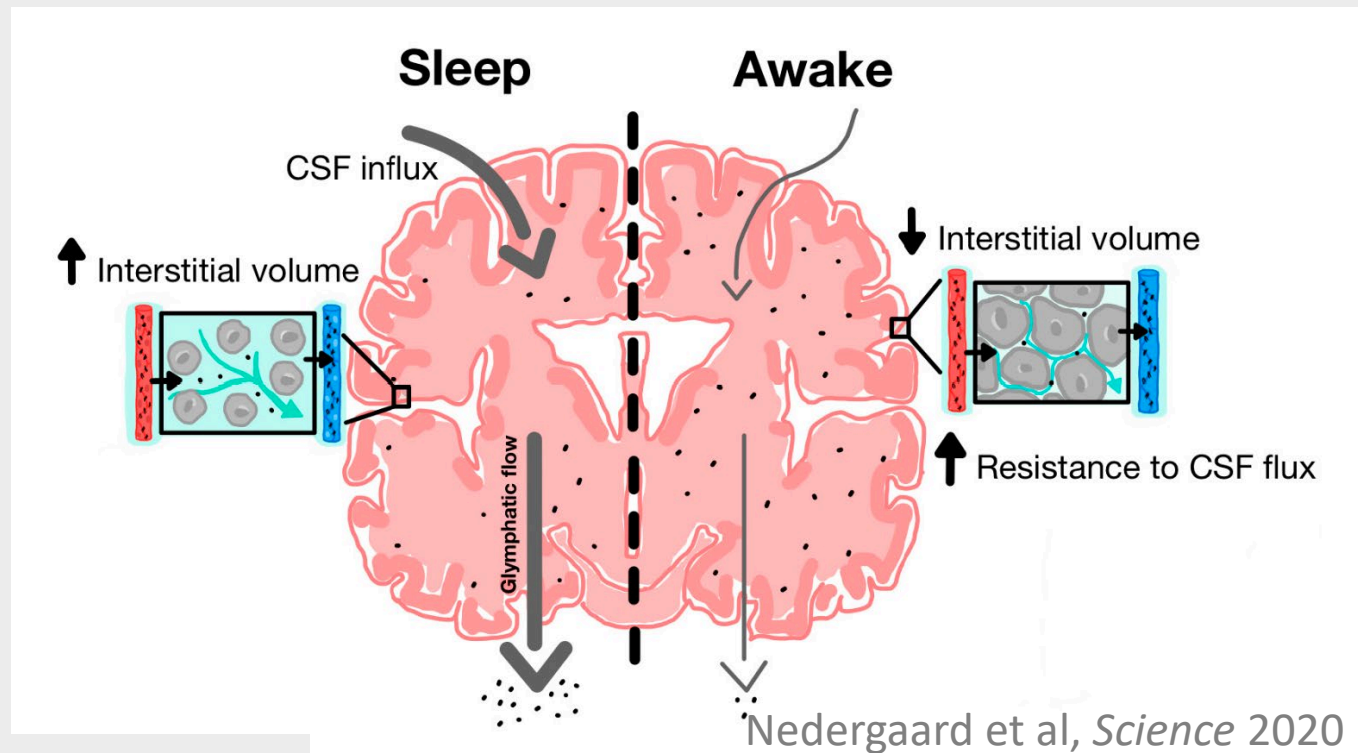
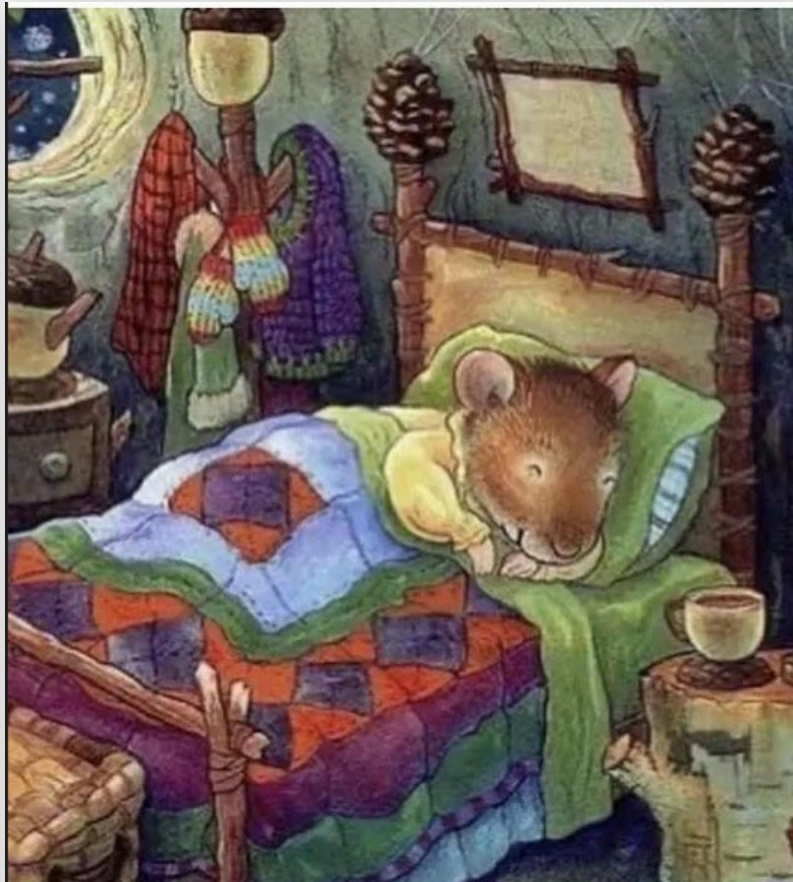
*Science*, 2013

## Sleep Drives Metabolite Clearance from the Adult Brain

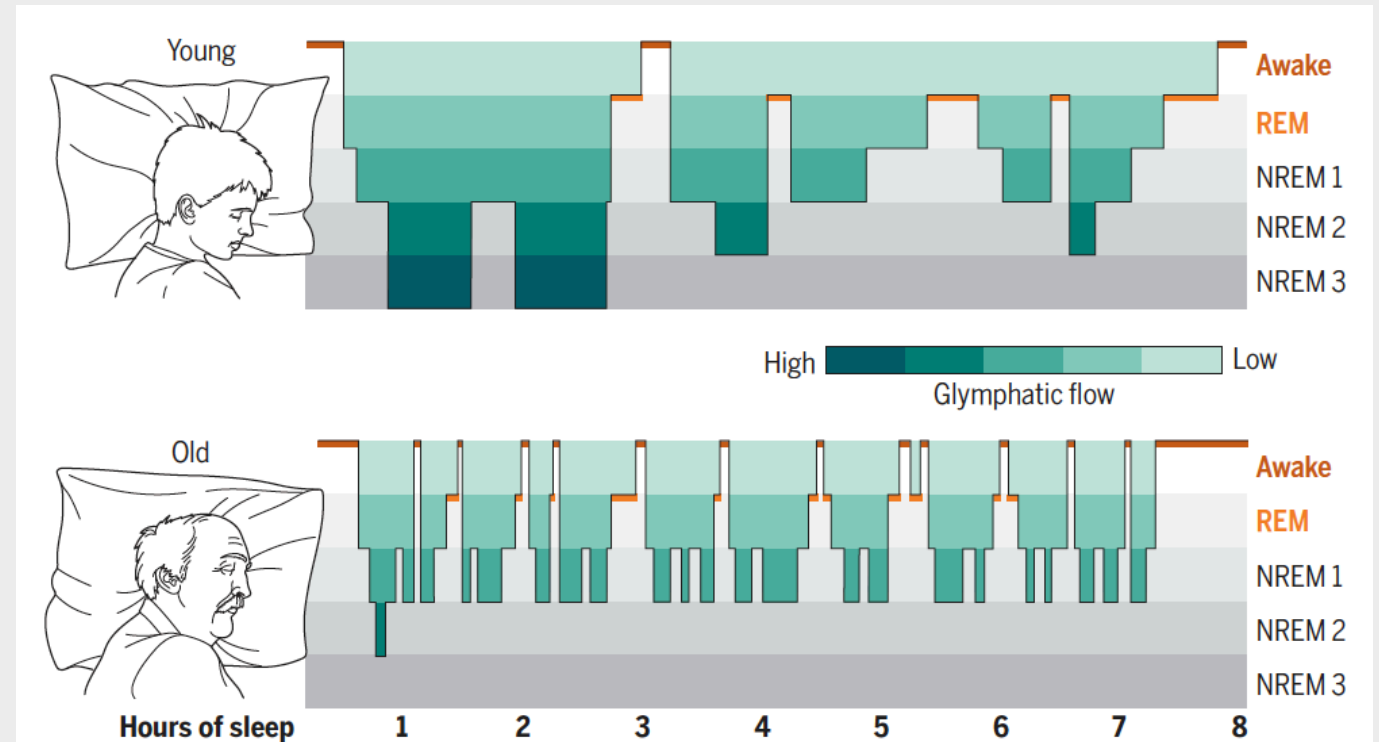
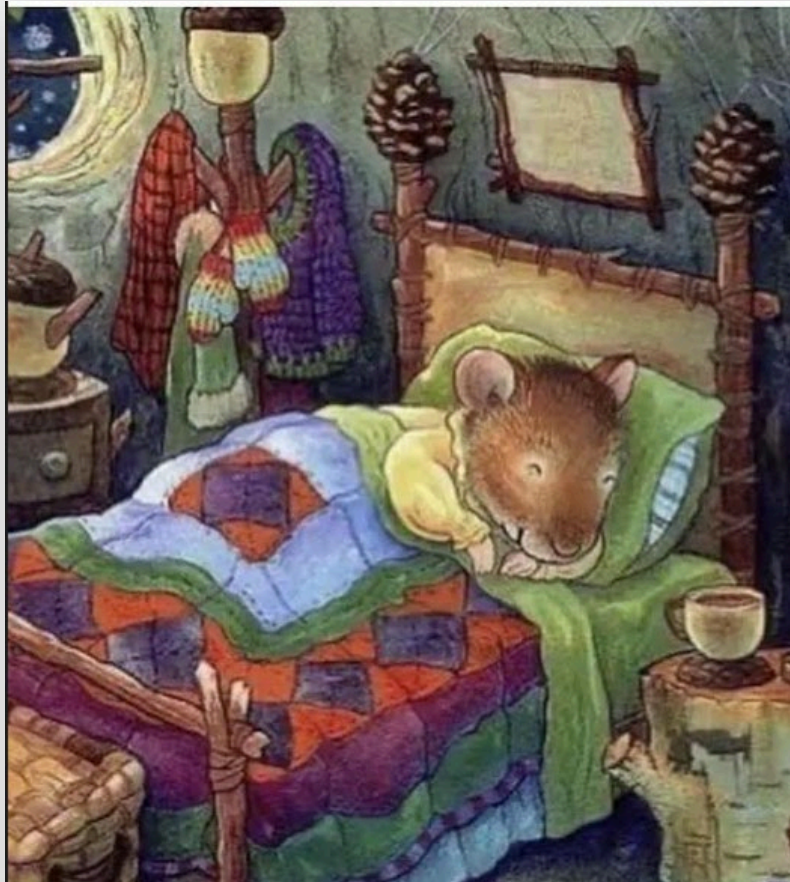
Lulu Xie<sup>1,\*</sup>, Hongyi Kang<sup>1,\*</sup>, Qiwu Xu<sup>1</sup>, Michael J. Chen<sup>1</sup>, Yonghong Liao<sup>1</sup>,  
Meenakshisundaram Thiyagarajan<sup>1</sup>, John O'Donnell<sup>1</sup>, Daniel J. Christensen<sup>1</sup>, Charles  
Nicholson<sup>2</sup>, Jeffrey J. Iliff<sup>1</sup>, Takahiro Takano<sup>1</sup>, Rashid Deane<sup>1</sup>, and Maiken Nedergaard<sup>1,†</sup>



# Glymphatic system: **sleep**

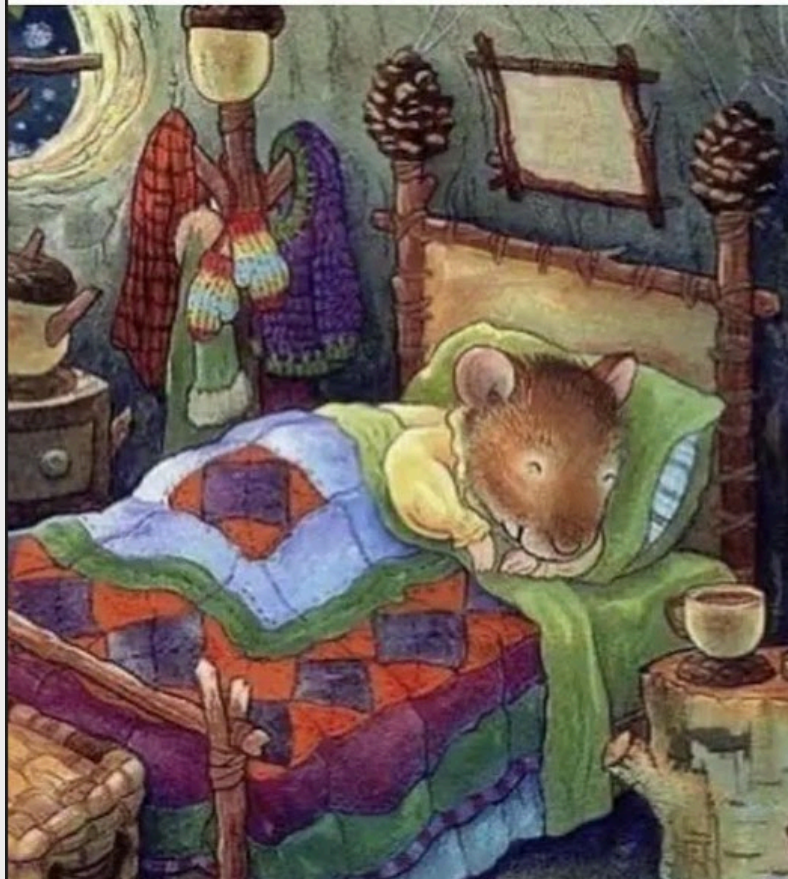


# Glymphatic system: **sleep**



Nedergaard et al, *Science* 2020

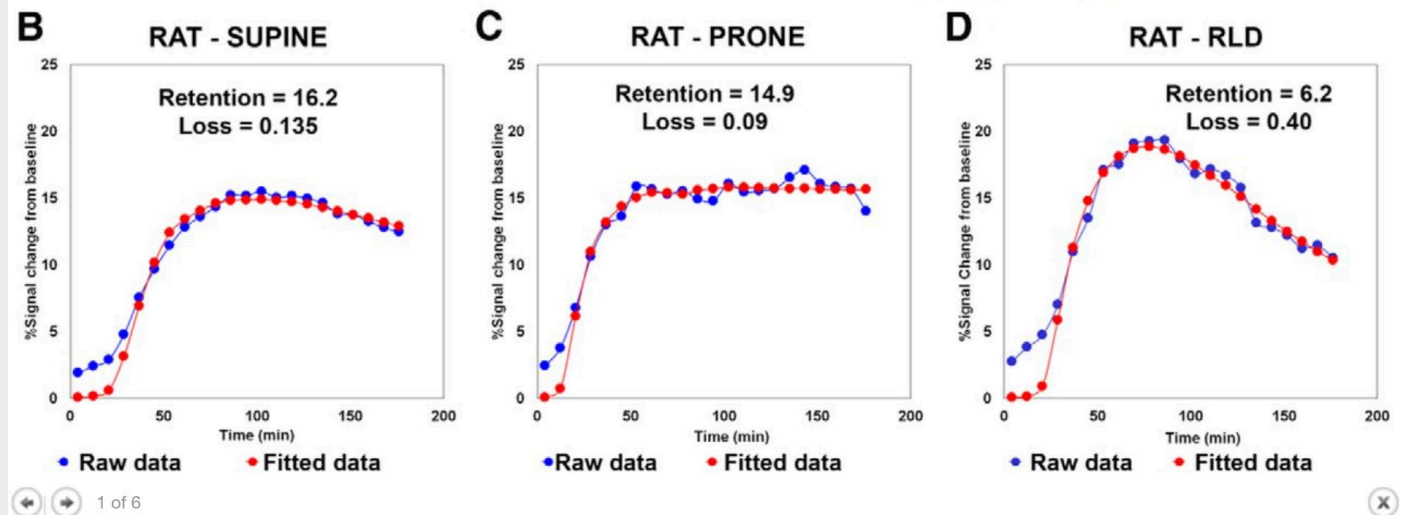
# Glymphatic system: posture



> *J Neurosci.* 2015 Aug 5;35(31):11034-44. doi: 10.1523/JNEUROSCI.1625-15.2015.

## The Effect of Body Posture on Brain Glymphatic Transport

Hedok Lee<sup>1</sup>, Lulu Xie<sup>2</sup>, Mei Yu<sup>3</sup>, Hongyi Kang<sup>2</sup>, Tian Feng<sup>4</sup>, Rashid Deane<sup>2</sup>, Jean Logan<sup>5</sup>, Maiken Nedergaard<sup>2</sup>, Helene Benveniste<sup>6</sup>



# Glymphatic system: «*need to sleep?*»

## Gly and Sleep:

- Phase (NREM3)
- Young age
- Lateral posture
- AQP4



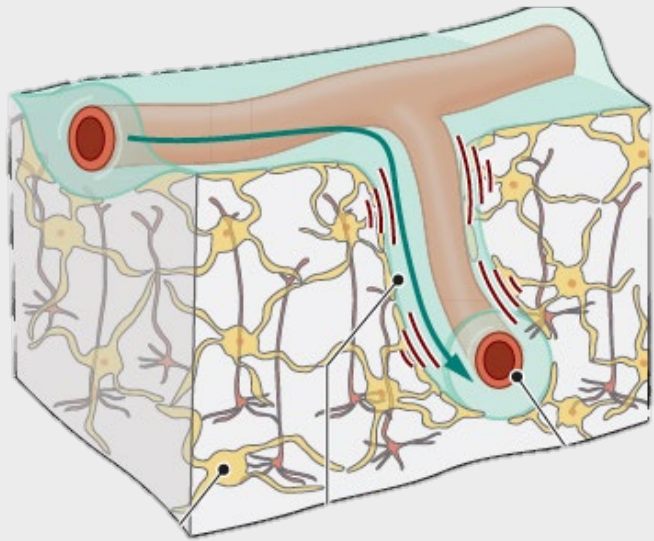
# Glymphatic system: definition

## Glial-lymphatic

process that serves as a pseudo-lymphatic function in the CNS

Astrocyte-mediated transport of CSF and ISF that clears metabolic waste from the interstitial space of the brain parenchyma primarily during non-REM sleep and states of high slow wave activity.

# Glymphatic system



**STUDY METHODS**



# Glymphatic system : study methods

## IMAGING

Two-photon imaging

PET

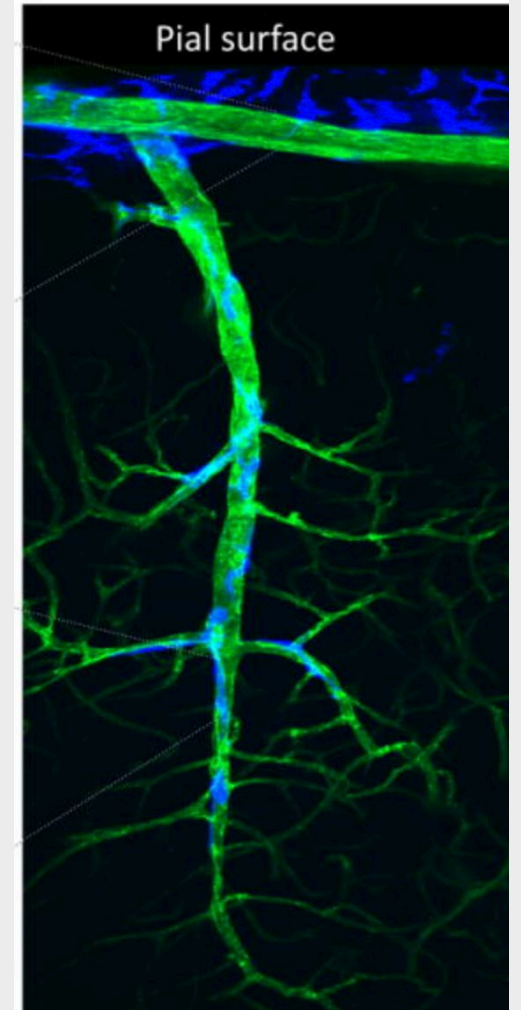
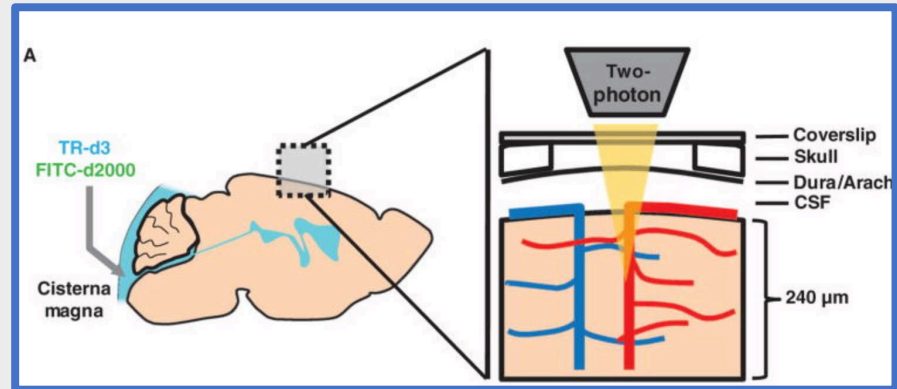
Conventional MR (CT)

MRI by advanced techniques

# Glymphatic system : study methods

## Tracers

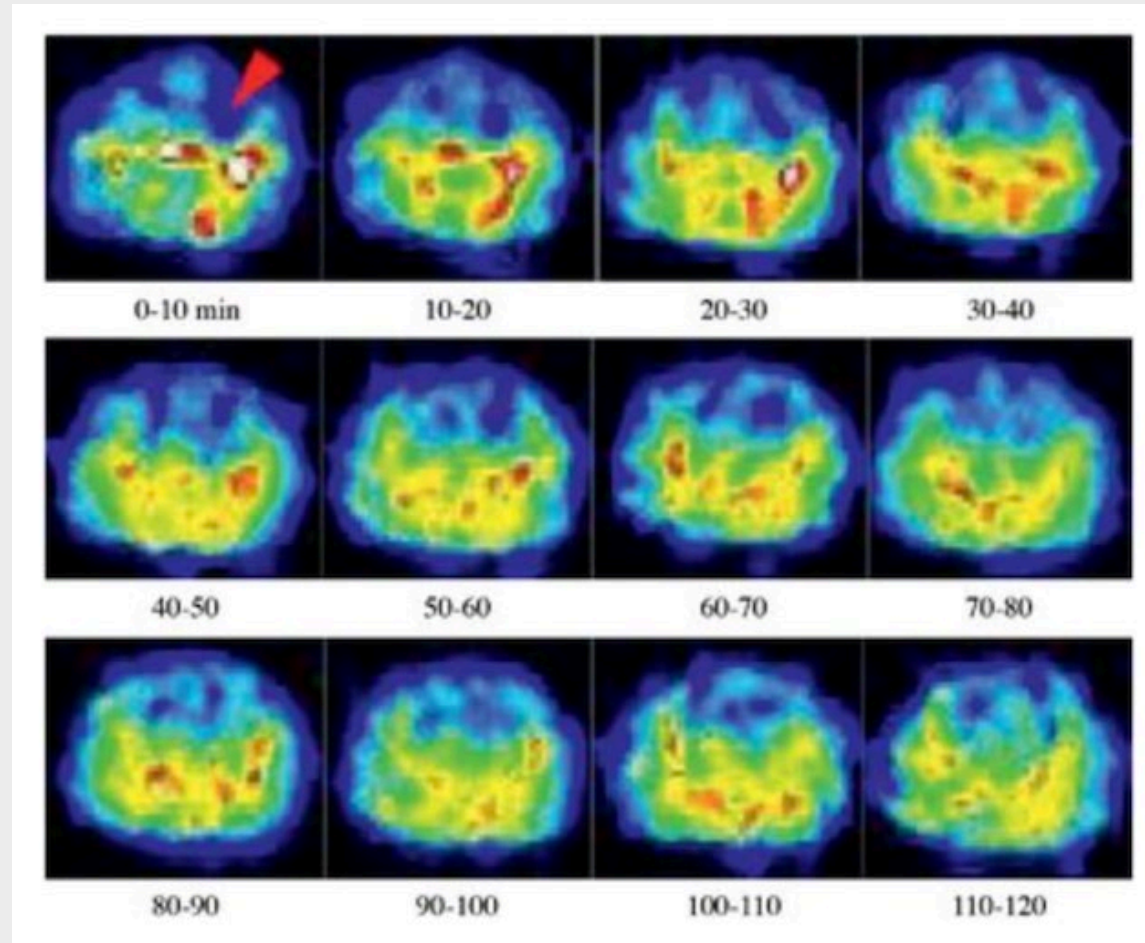
In vivo two-photon imaging



# Glymphatic system: PET imaging

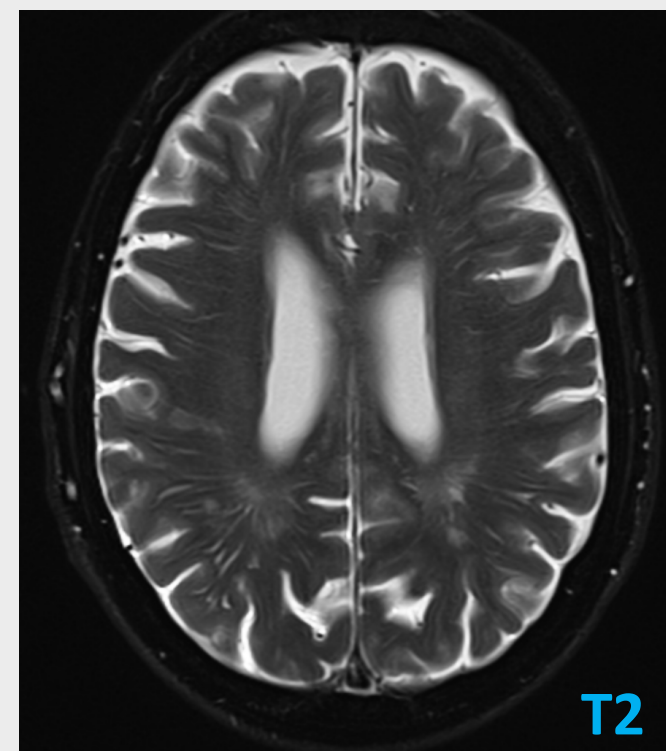
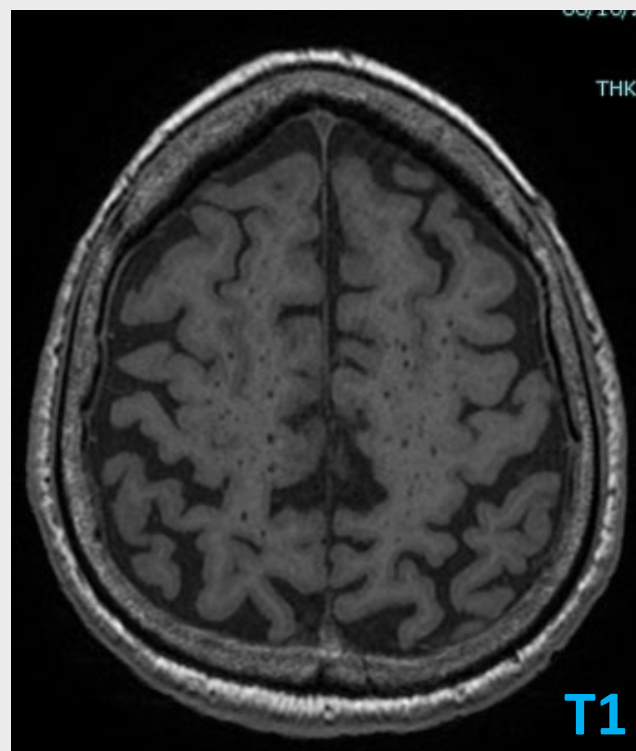
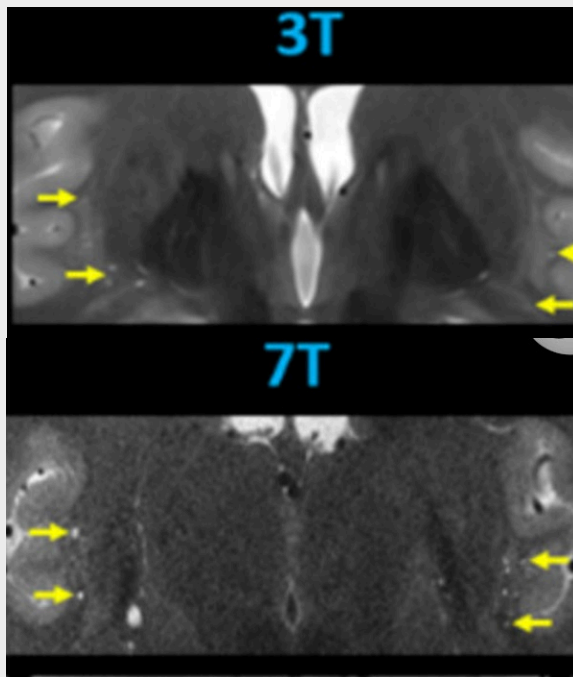
## PET

Experimental studies by [ $^{18}\text{F}$ ]-  
labeled PEG-liposomes



# MRI

PVS

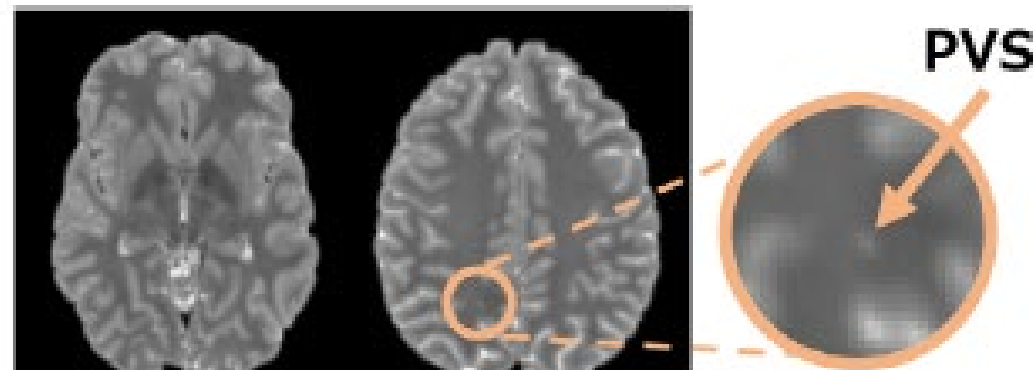


# MRI: PVS

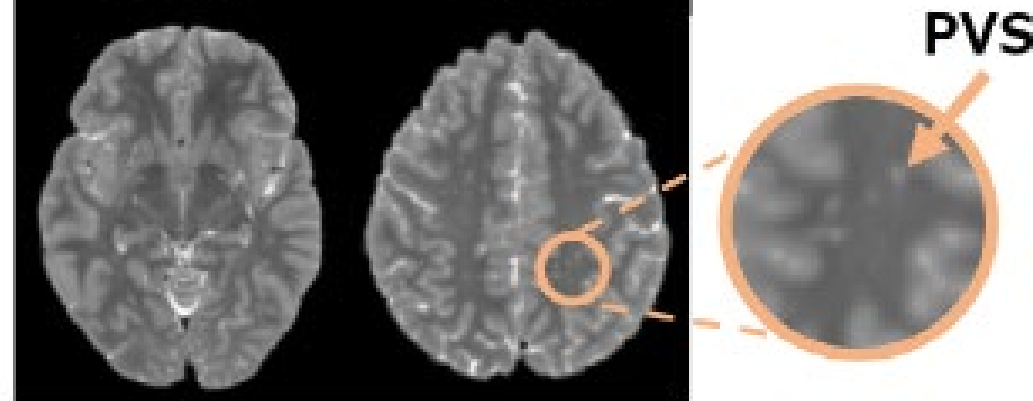
## Potter scoring

grade	0:	0
grade	1:	1-10
grade	2:	11-20
grade	3:	21-40
grade	4:	> 40

**Grade 1**



**Grade 3**



computerized  
systems

## A critical guide to the automated quantification of perivascular spaces in magnetic resonance imaging

William Pham<sup>1\*</sup>, Miranda Lynch<sup>1</sup>, Gershon Spitz<sup>1,2</sup>,  
Terence O'Brien<sup>1,3,4,5</sup>, Lucy Vivash<sup>1,3,4,5</sup>, Benjamin Sinclair<sup>1,3,4\*</sup>  
and Meng Law<sup>1,6,7</sup>

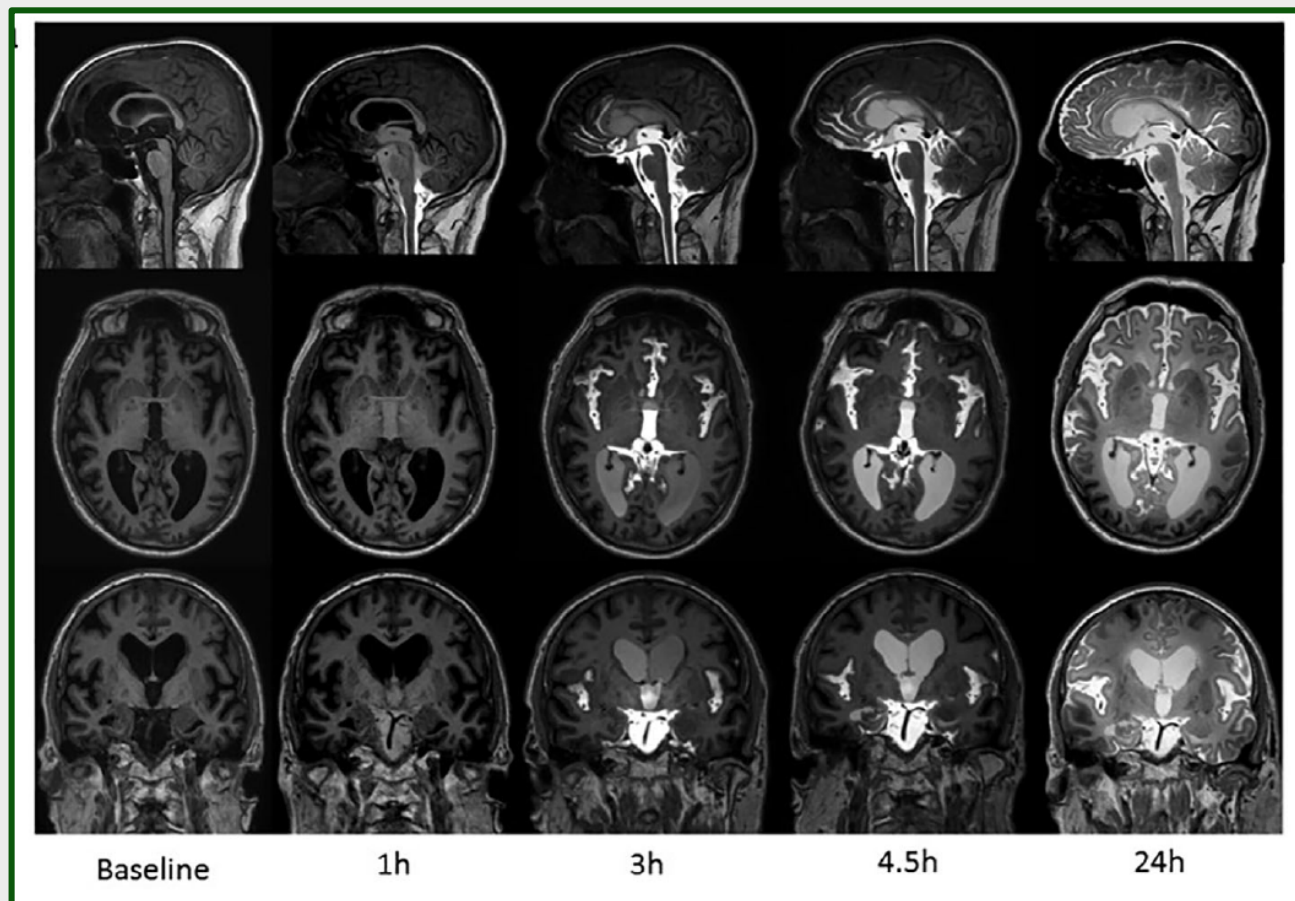
*Front Neurosci* 2022

Number and volume of perivascular spaces

- -> reproducibility
- excellent correlation with biological variables and pathology

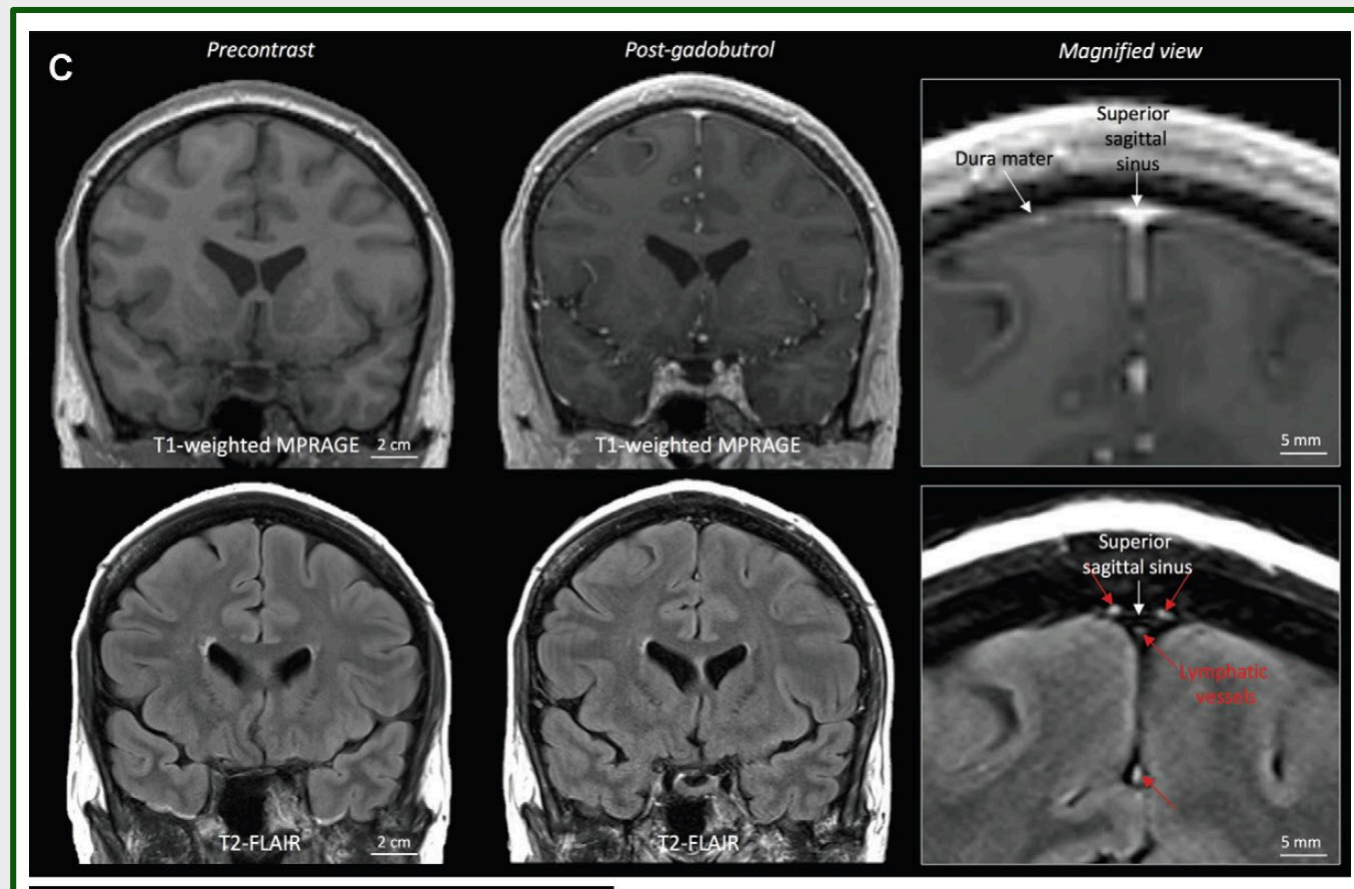
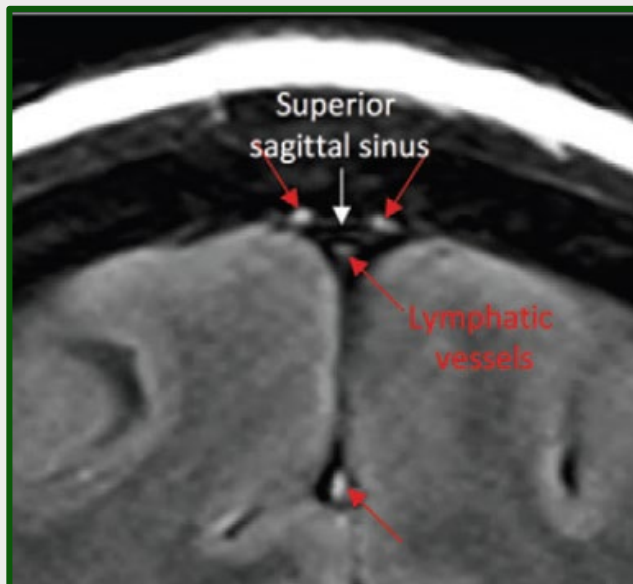
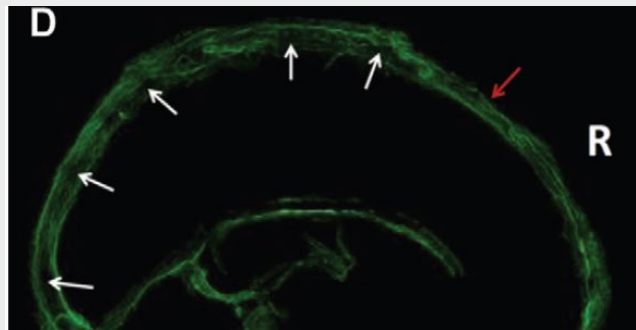
# c.e. MRI (Gd)

## Cisternography



Taoka et al, 2020

# c.e. MRI (Gd)





# MRI: advanced techniques

**Spectroscopy**

**CEST**

*chemical exchange saturation transfer*

**Perfusion**

**ASL**

*arterial spin labelling*

**Diffusion/Perfusion**

**IVIM**

*intravoxel incoherent motion*

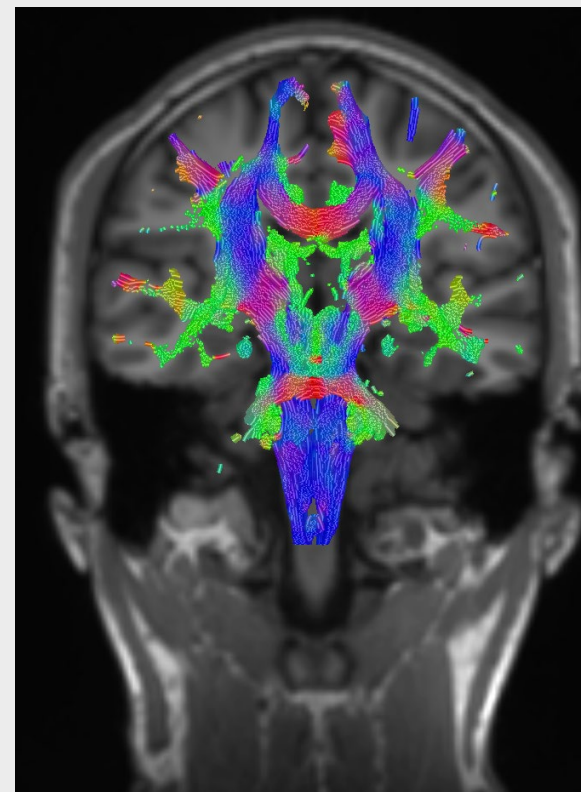
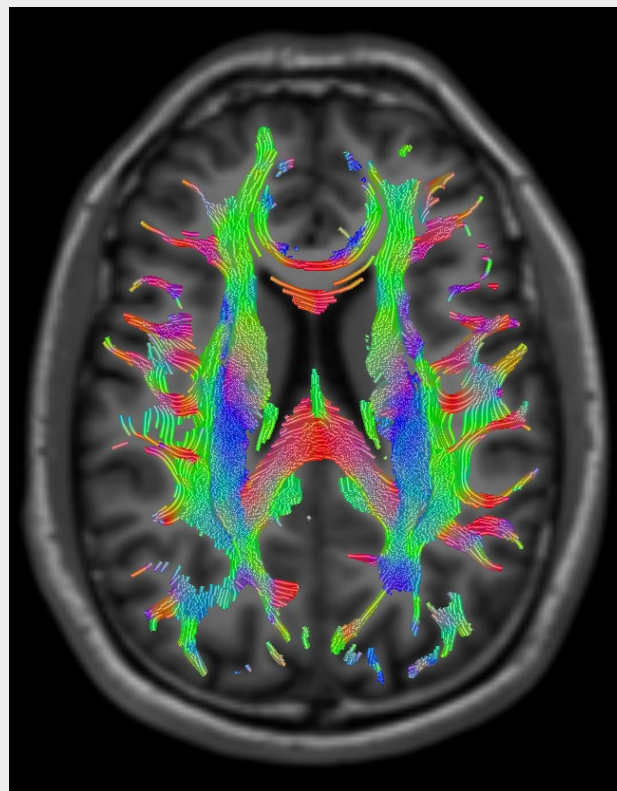
**Activation**

**BOLD**

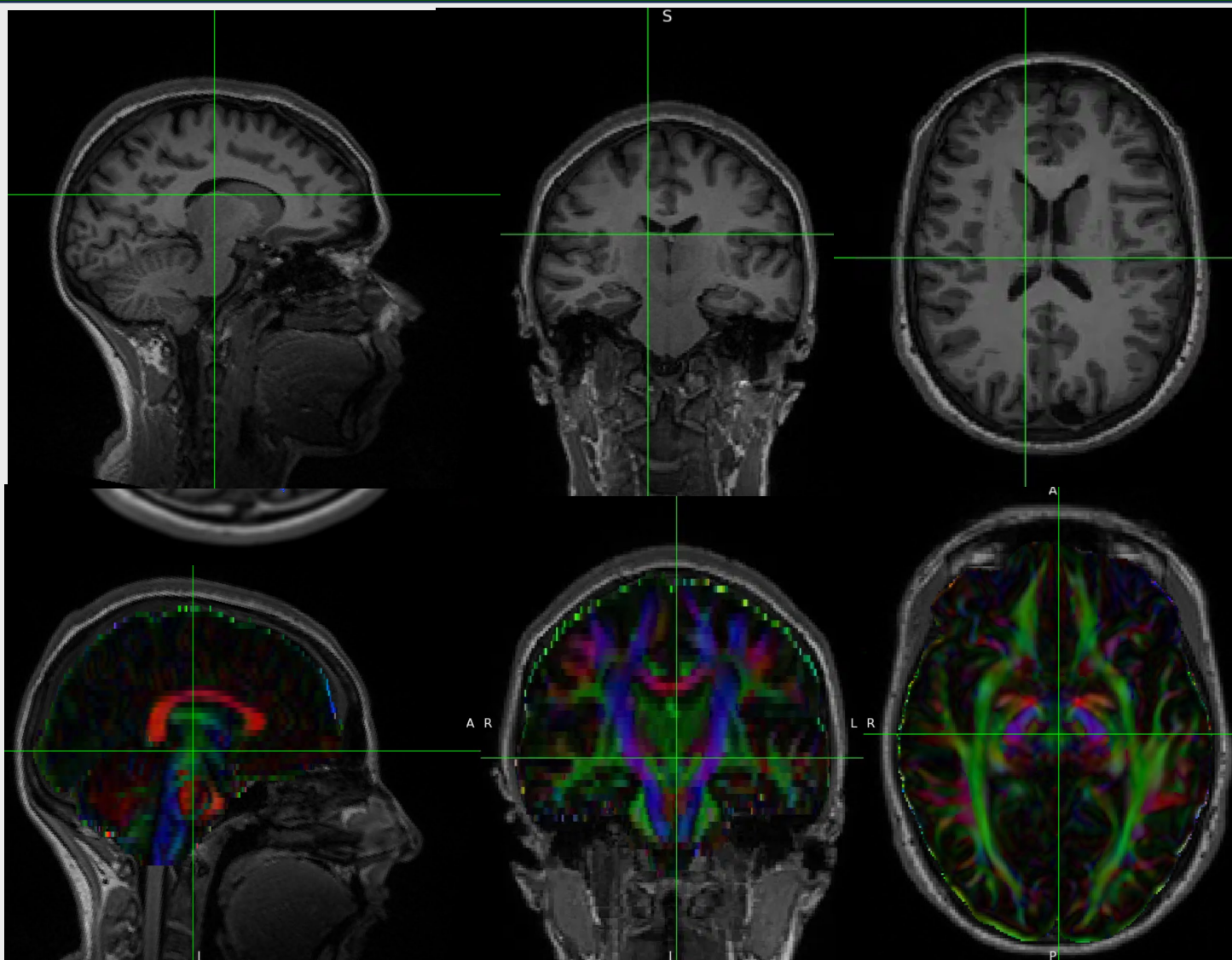
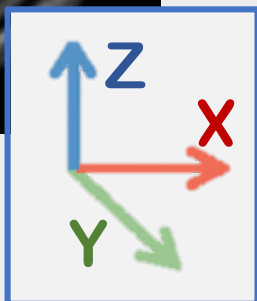
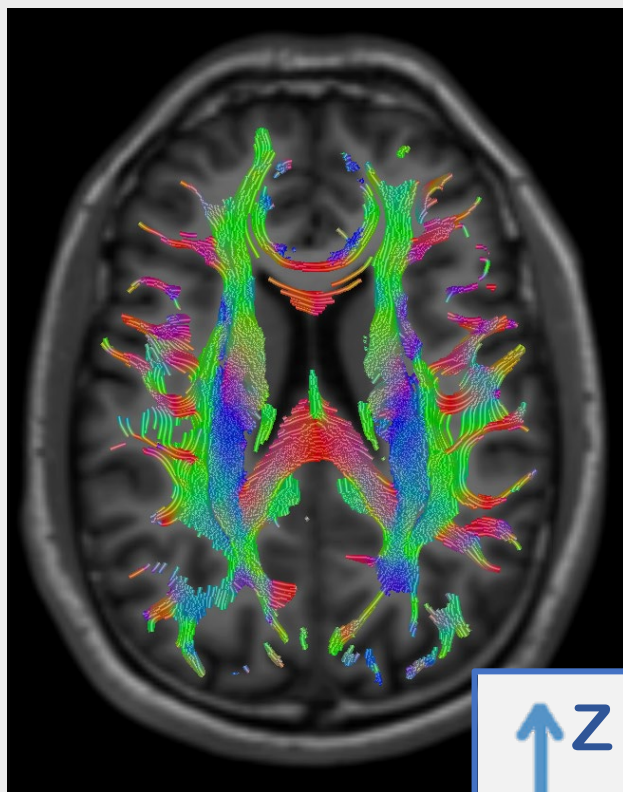
*blood oxygen dependent level*

# MRI: advanced techniques

**DTI**  
*diffusion tensor  
imaging*



# DTI



# DTI ALPS

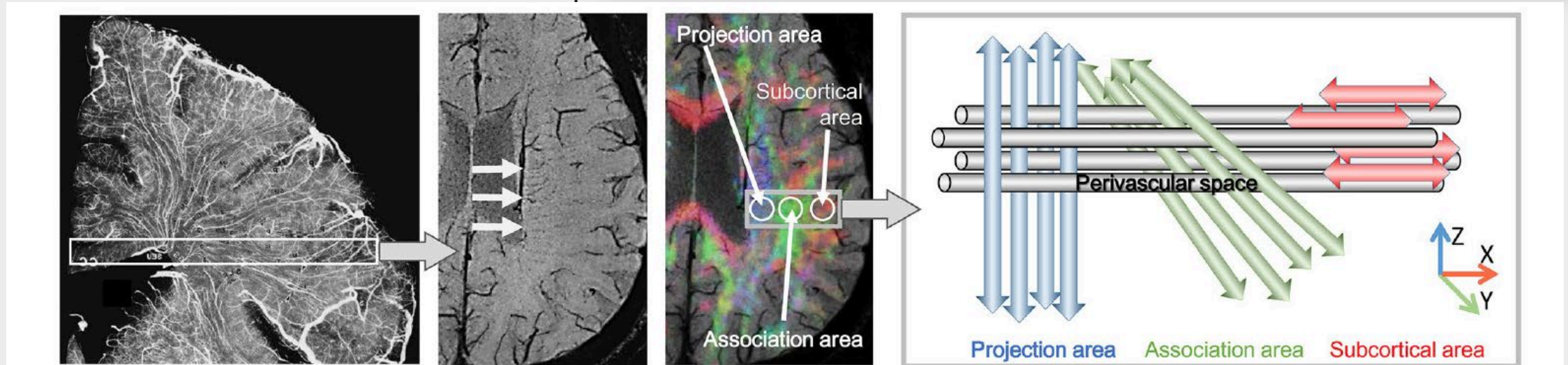
## Diffusion Tensor Imaging ALong Perivascular Spaces

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

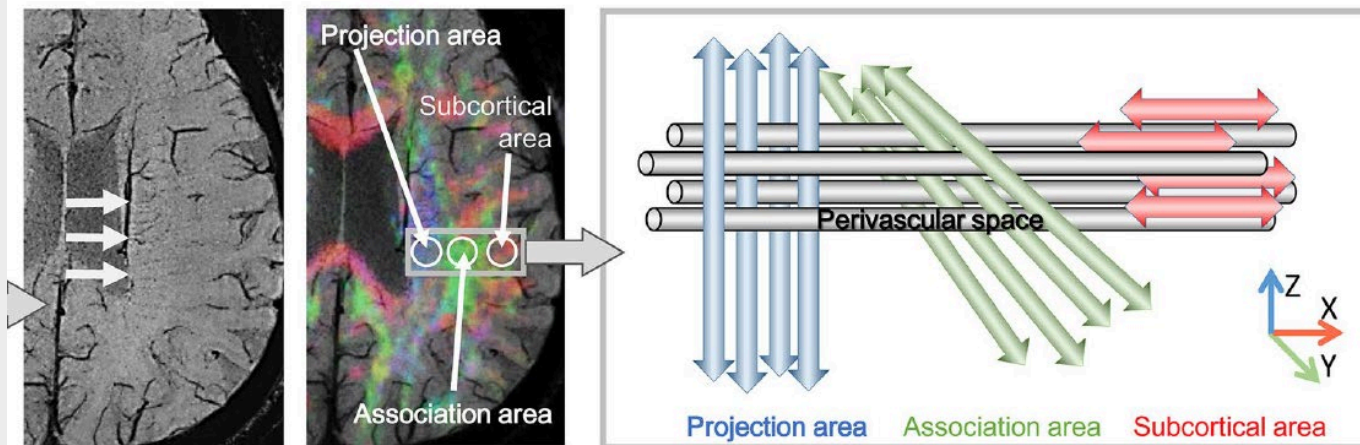
Jpn J Radiol 2017

**Evaluation of glymphatic system activity with the diffusion MR technique: diffusion tensor image analysis along the perivascular space (DTI-ALPS) in Alzheimer's disease cases**

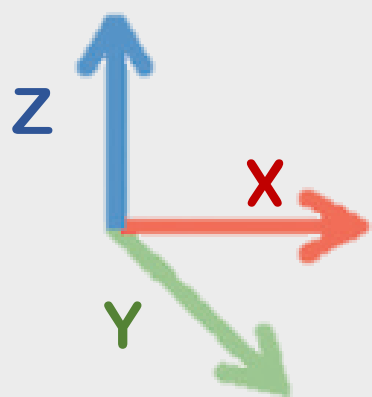
Toshiaki Taoka<sup>1</sup> · Yoshitaka Masutani<sup>2</sup> · Hisashi Kawai<sup>1</sup> · Toshiki Nakane<sup>1</sup> ·  
Kiwamu Matsuoka<sup>3</sup> · Fumihiko Yasuno<sup>3</sup> · Toshifumi Kishimoto<sup>3</sup> · Shinji Naganawa<sup>1</sup>



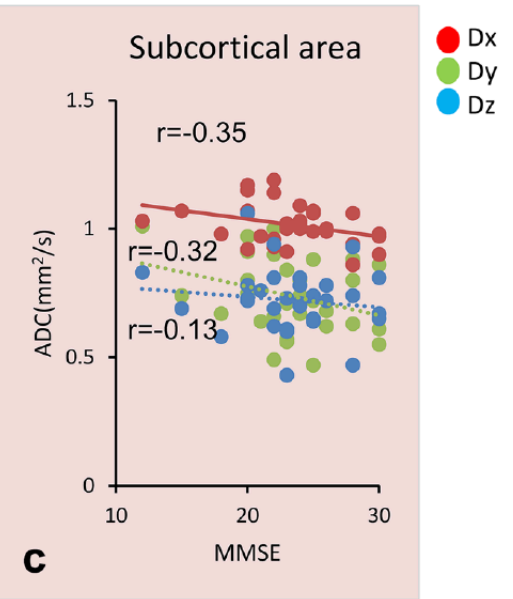
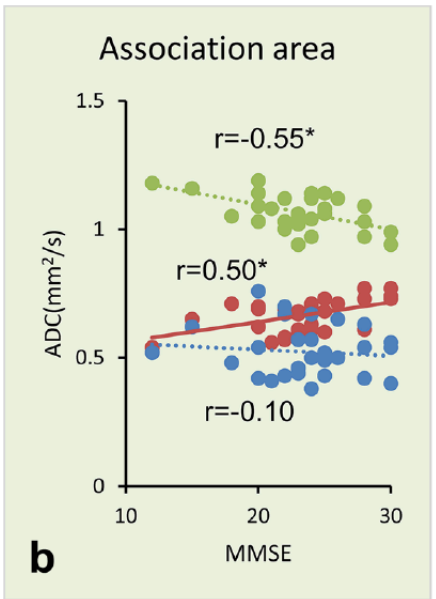
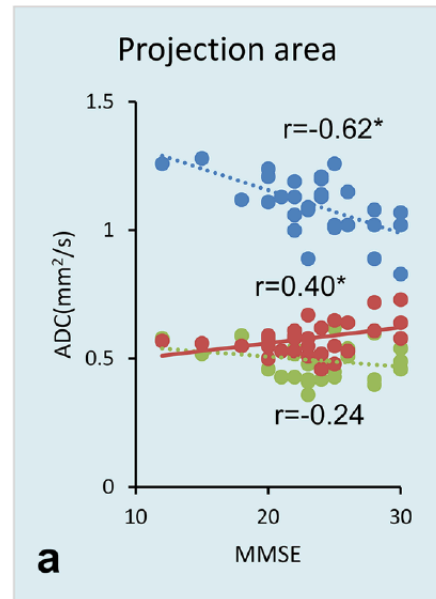
# ADC



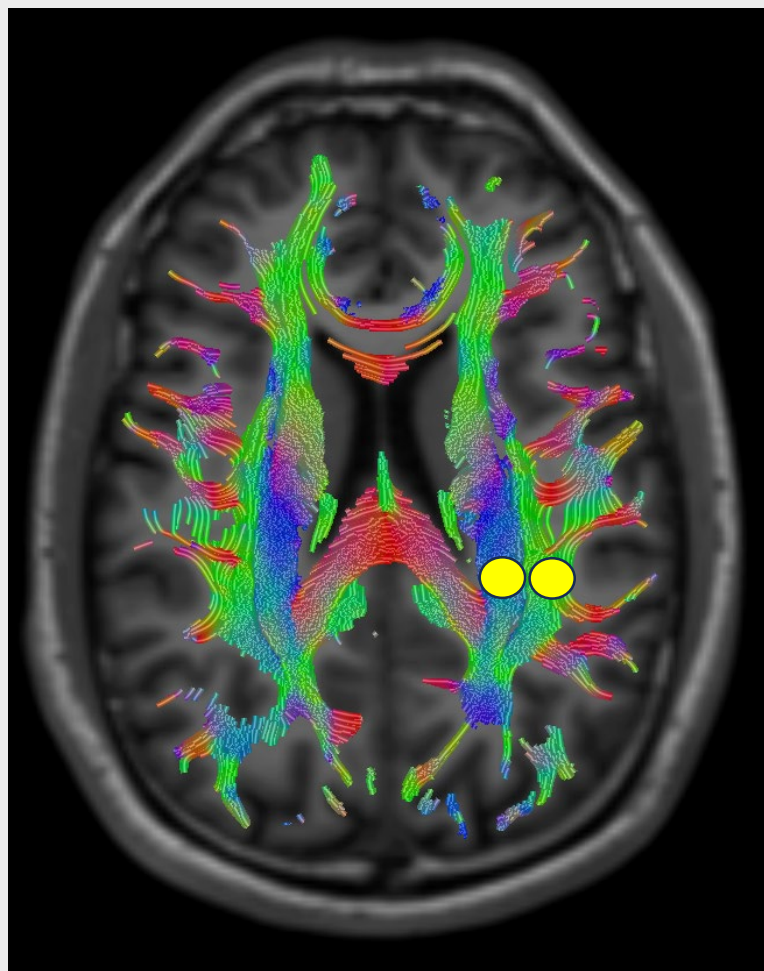
$$\text{ADC} \rightarrow \text{mm}^2/\text{s}$$



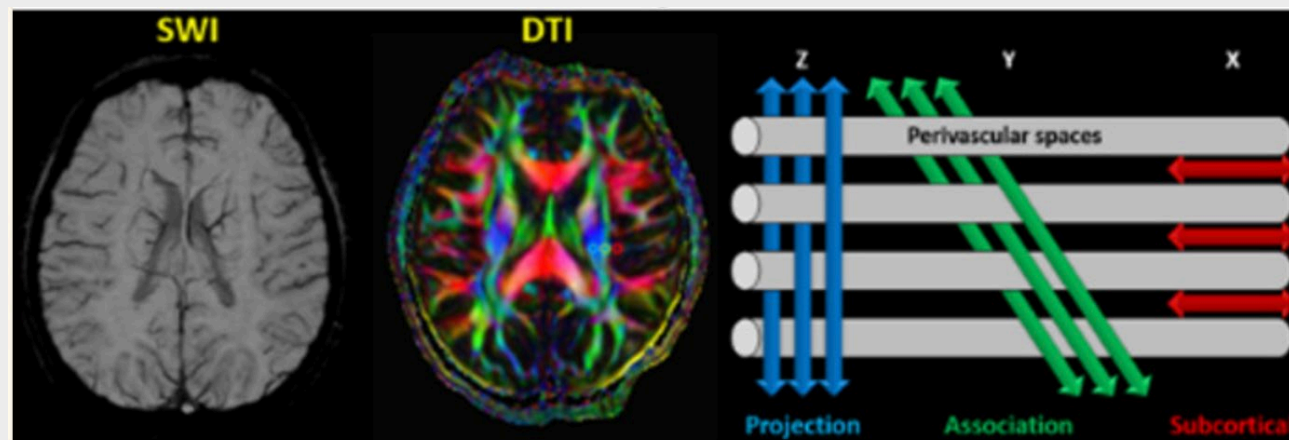
$b=1000\text{s}/\text{mm}^2$



# DTI-ALPS index

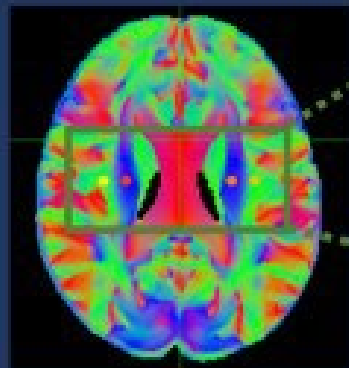


$$\text{DTI-ALPS index} = \frac{\text{mean}(D_x \text{ proj}, D_x \text{ assoc})}{\text{mean}(D_y \text{ proj}, D_z \text{ assoc})}$$

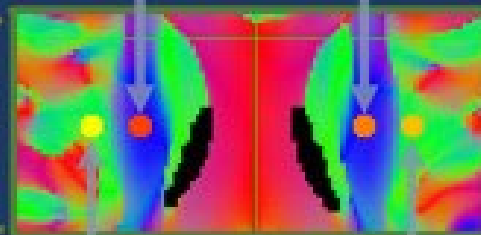


# DTI-ALPS index

Colour-encoded FA

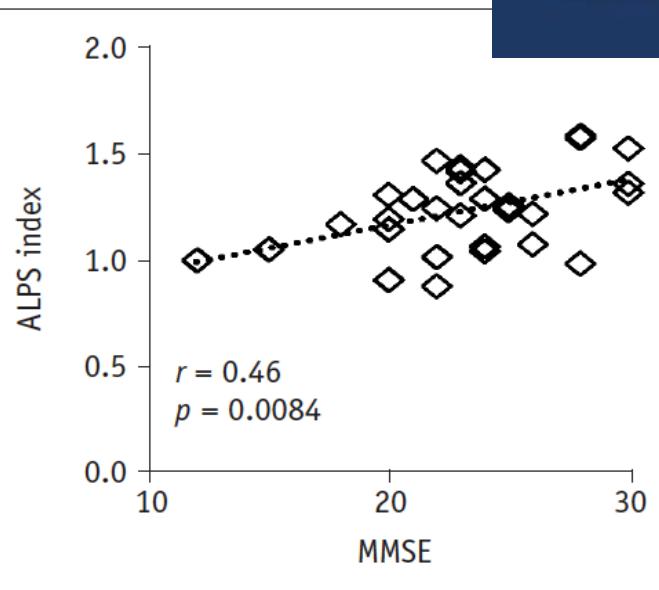


Projection Area

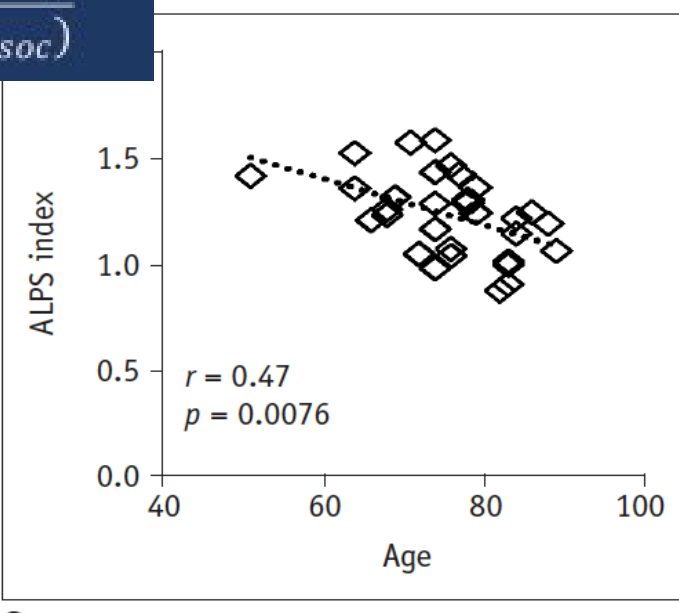


Association Area

$$ALPS - index = \frac{\text{mean}(D_{xxproj}, D_{xxassoc})}{\text{mean}(D_{yyproj}, D_{zzassoc})}$$

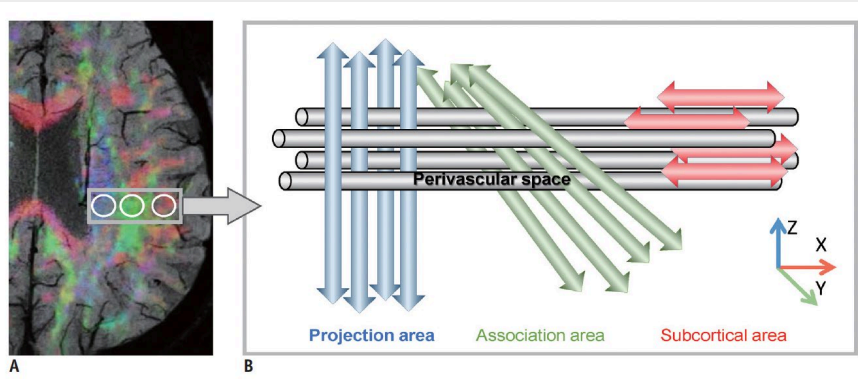


DEMENTIA



AGING

# DTI-ALPS index: reflects Glymphatic function or not?



> [Magn Reson Med Sci](#). 2024 Apr 2. doi: 10.2463/mrms.rev.2023-0175. Online ahead of

## Diffusion Tensor Image Analysis ALong the Perivascular Space (DTI-ALPS): Revisiting the Meaning and Significance of the Method

Toshiaki Taoka <sup>1 2</sup>, Rintaro Ito <sup>1 2</sup>, Rei Nakamichi <sup>2</sup>, Toshiki Nakane <sup>2</sup>, Hisashi Kawai <sup>3</sup>, Shinji Naganawa <sup>2</sup>

$$DTI - ALPS = \frac{\text{mean}(Dx_{proj}, Dx_{assoc})}{\text{mean}(Dy_{proj}, Dz_{assoc})}$$

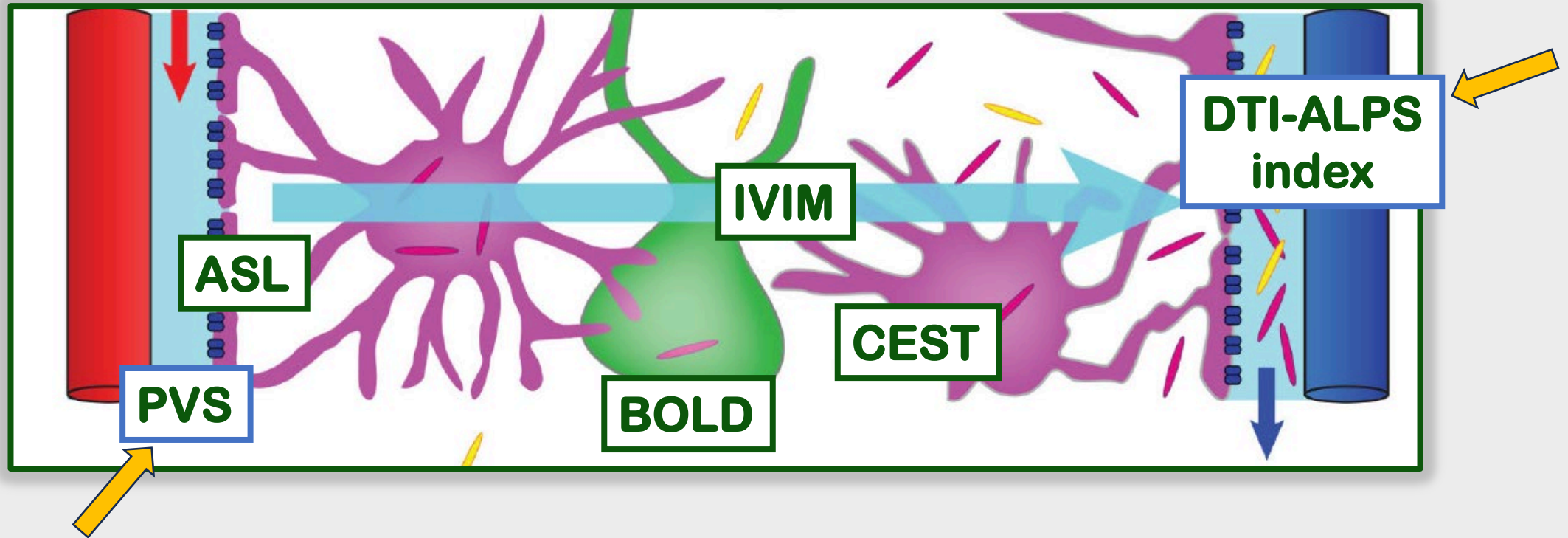


When a decreased ALPS-index is observed,

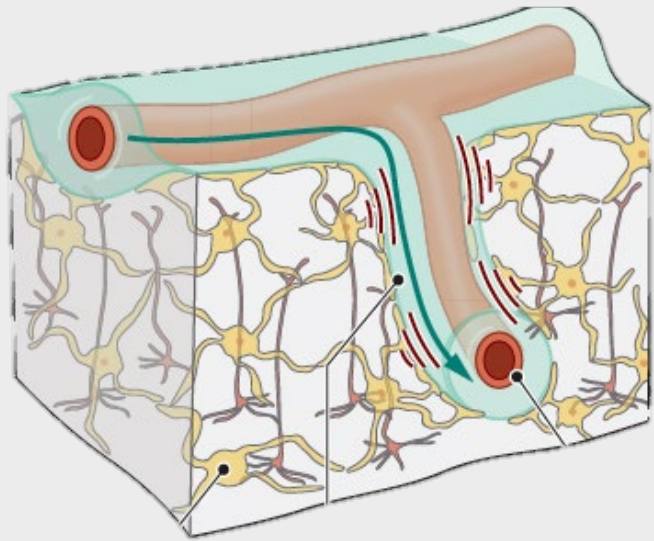
it should be expressed as **"decreased ALPS-index"** and **not** directly as **"glymphatic dysfunction"**



# Study methods: MRI



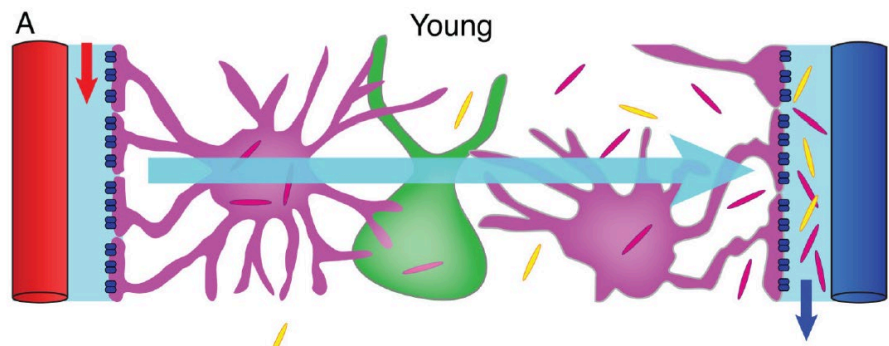
# Glymphatic system



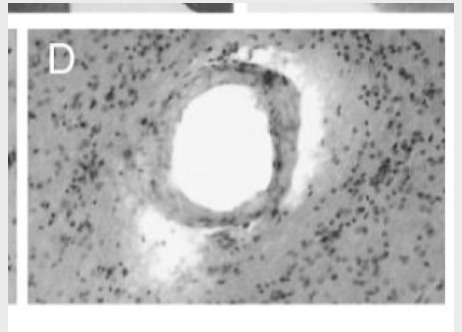
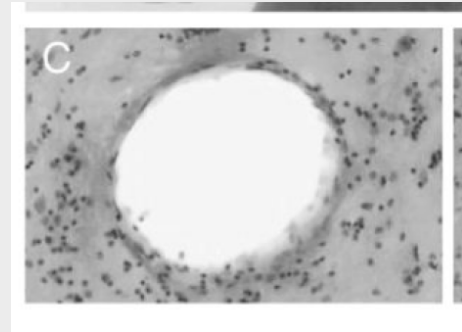
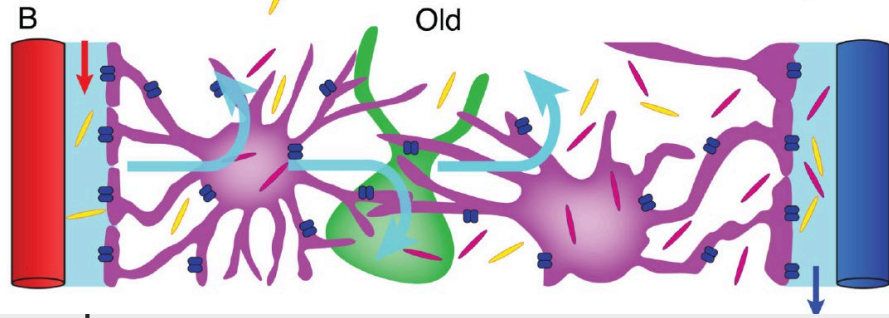
**RELATED DISEASES**

# Glymphatic system

Youth

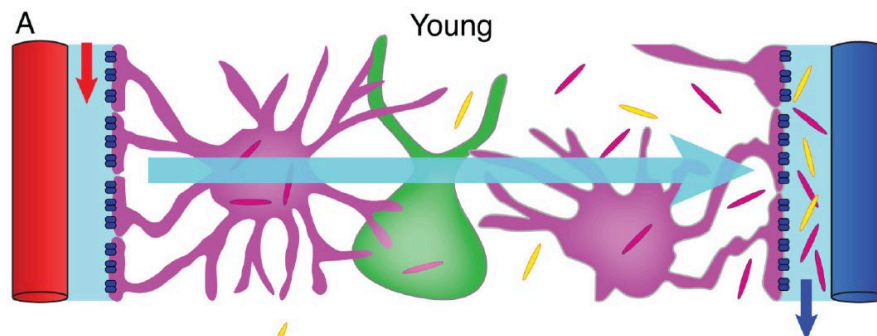


Aging

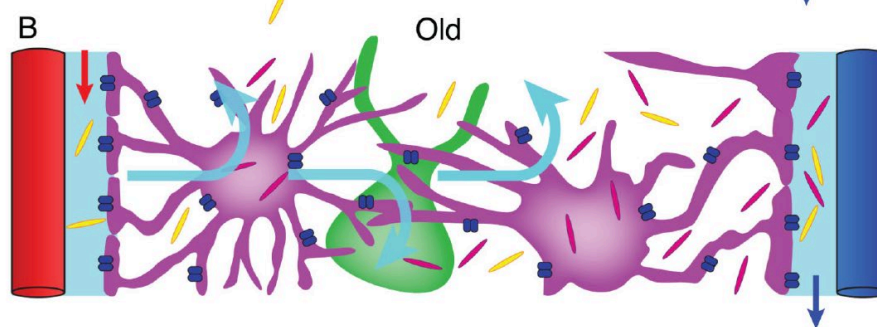


# Glymphatic system

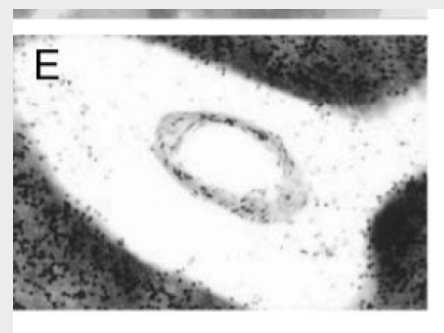
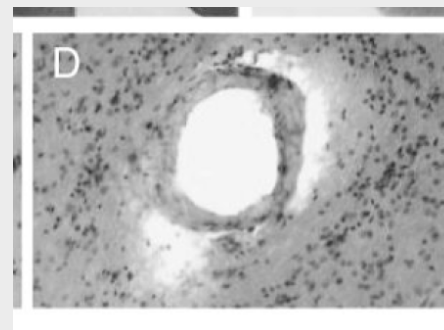
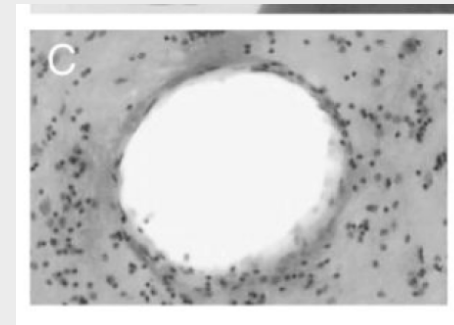
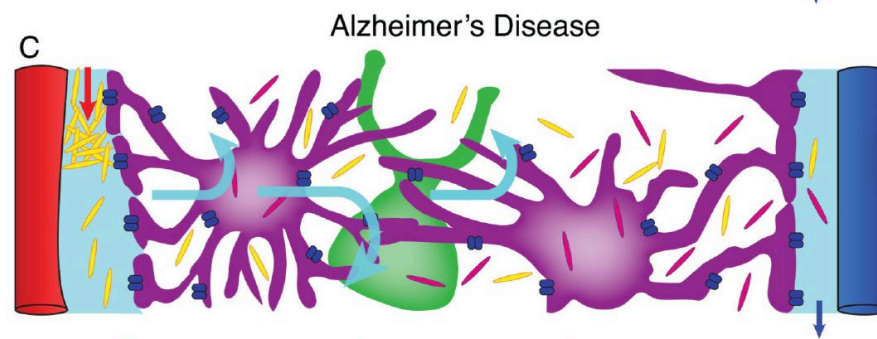
Youth



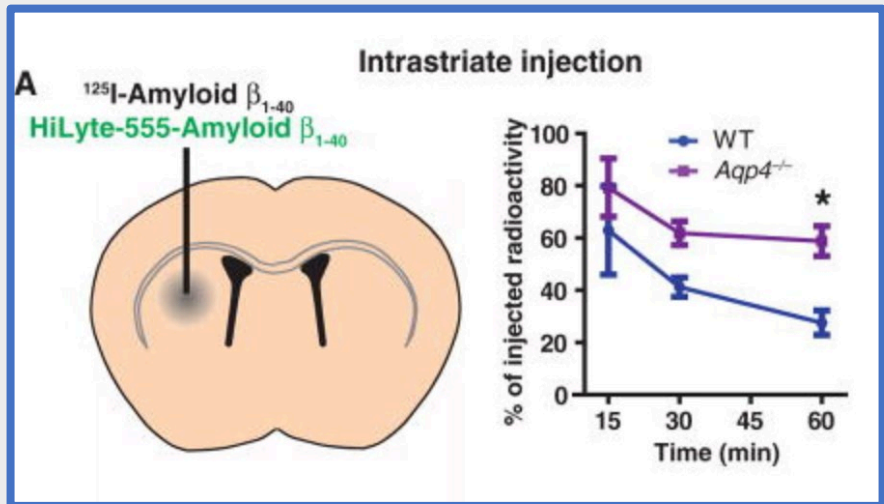
Aging



Pathological  
aging



# Alzheimer disease



## A Paravascular Pathway Facilitates CSF Flow Through the Brain Parenchyma and the Clearance of Interstitial Solutes, Including Amyloid $\beta$

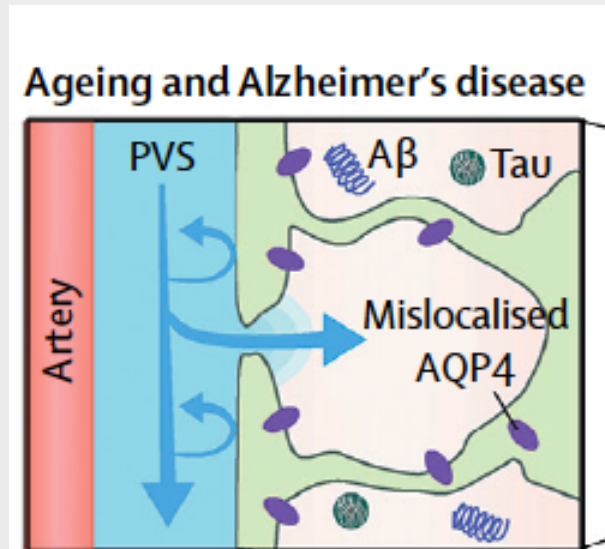
*Sci Transl Med 2012*

Jeffrey J. Iliff<sup>1,\*</sup>, Minghuan Wang<sup>1,2</sup>, Yonghong Liao<sup>1</sup>, Benjamin A. Plogg<sup>1</sup>, Weiguo Peng<sup>1</sup>, Georg A. Gundersen<sup>3,4</sup>, Helene Benveniste<sup>5,6</sup>, G. Edward Vates<sup>1</sup>, Rashid Deane<sup>1</sup>, Steven A. Goldman<sup>1,7</sup>, Erlend A. Nagelhus<sup>3,4</sup>, and Maiken Nedergaard<sup>1,\*</sup>

It has been estimated that 55%-65% of extracellular  $\beta$ -Amyloid is eliminated via the glymphatic pathway

# Alzheimer disease

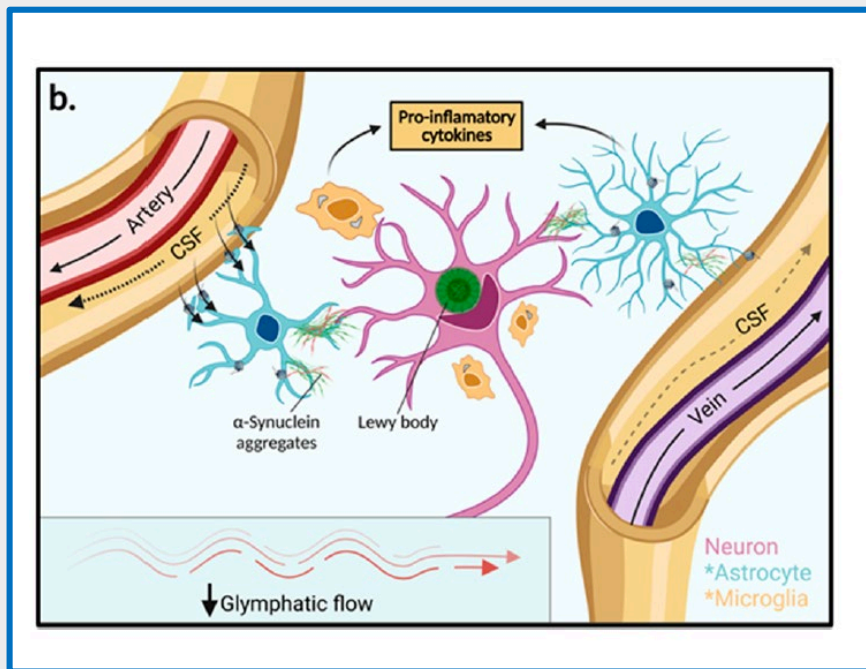
## *proteinopathy*



Nedergaard M et al, Lancet Neurol, 2018

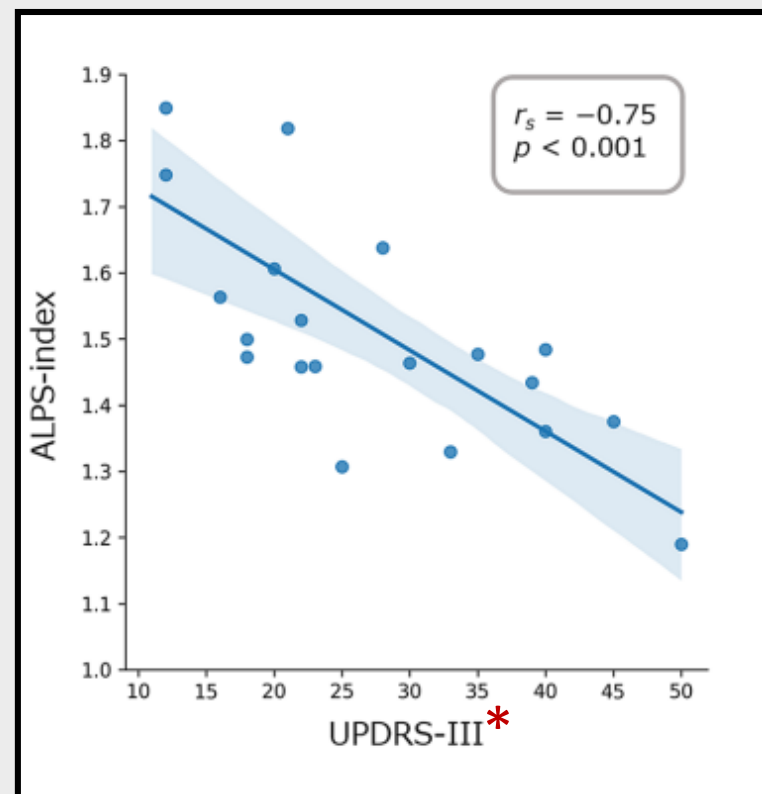
- ↓ glymphatic system
  - > extracell accumulation of toxic  $\beta$ -amyloid
  - > intracell accumulation of C-tau proteins
  - > neuritic plaques
  - > microglial activation
- ↓ AQP4 -> AD progression

# Parkinson disease



Massey *et al*, *Int J Mol Sci* 2022

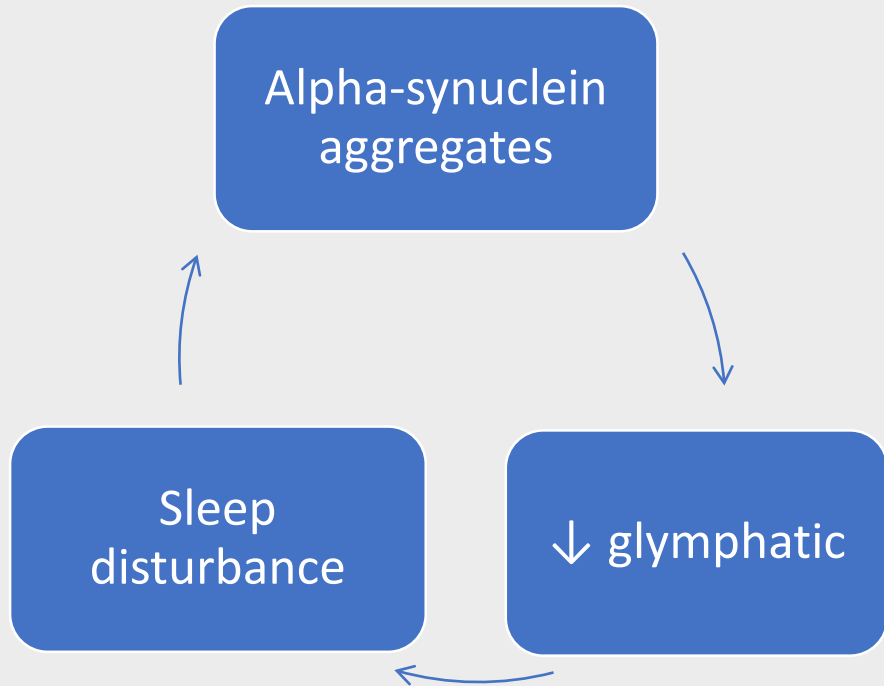
”Proteinopathy” with  $\alpha$ -synuclein aggregations



Saito Y *et al*, *Jap J Radiol* 2023

\*Unified PD's Rating Scale III


# Parkinson disease: sleep disturbance



International Journal of  
*Molecular Sciences*

*Review*

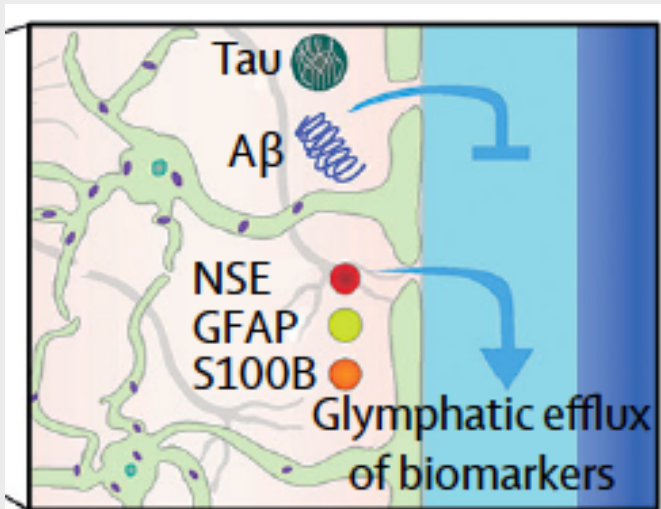
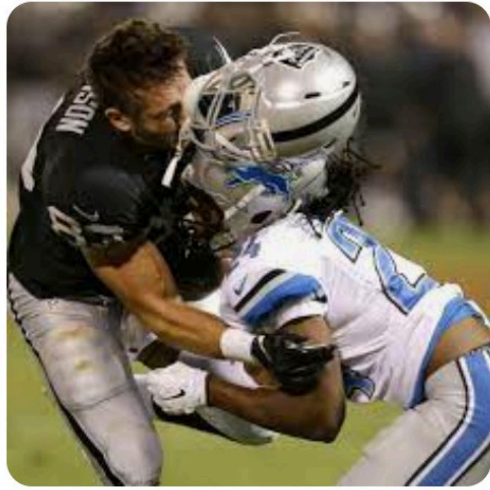
## **Glymphatic System Dysfunction and Sleep Disturbance May Contribute to the Pathogenesis and Progression of Parkinson's Disease**

Andie Massey<sup>1</sup>, Matthew K. Boag<sup>1</sup>, Annie Magnier<sup>1</sup>, Dharah P. C. F. Bispo<sup>1</sup> , Tien K. Khoo<sup>2,3</sup> and Dean L. Pountney<sup>1,\*</sup>

Intimate link exists  
between sleep disturbance and PD



# Chronic traumatic brain injury



TBI

## Impairment of Glymphatic Pathway Function Promotes Tau Pathology after Traumatic Brain Injury

*J Neurosci*, 2014

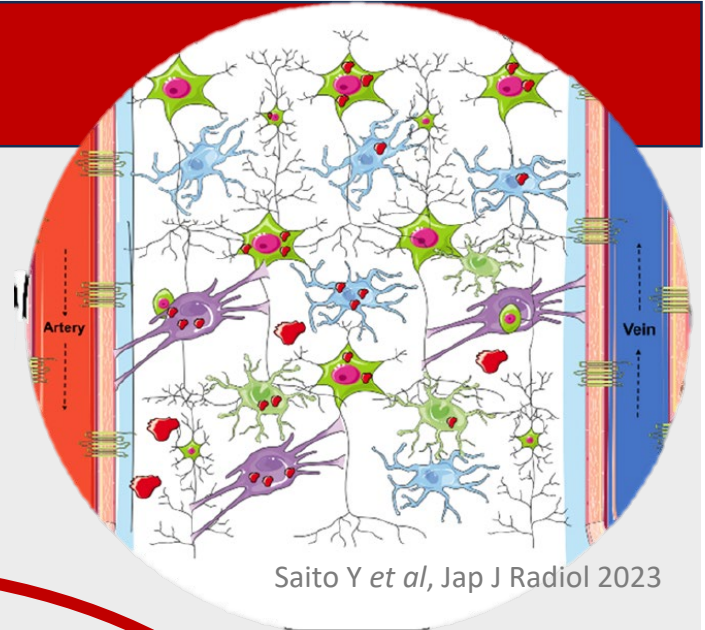
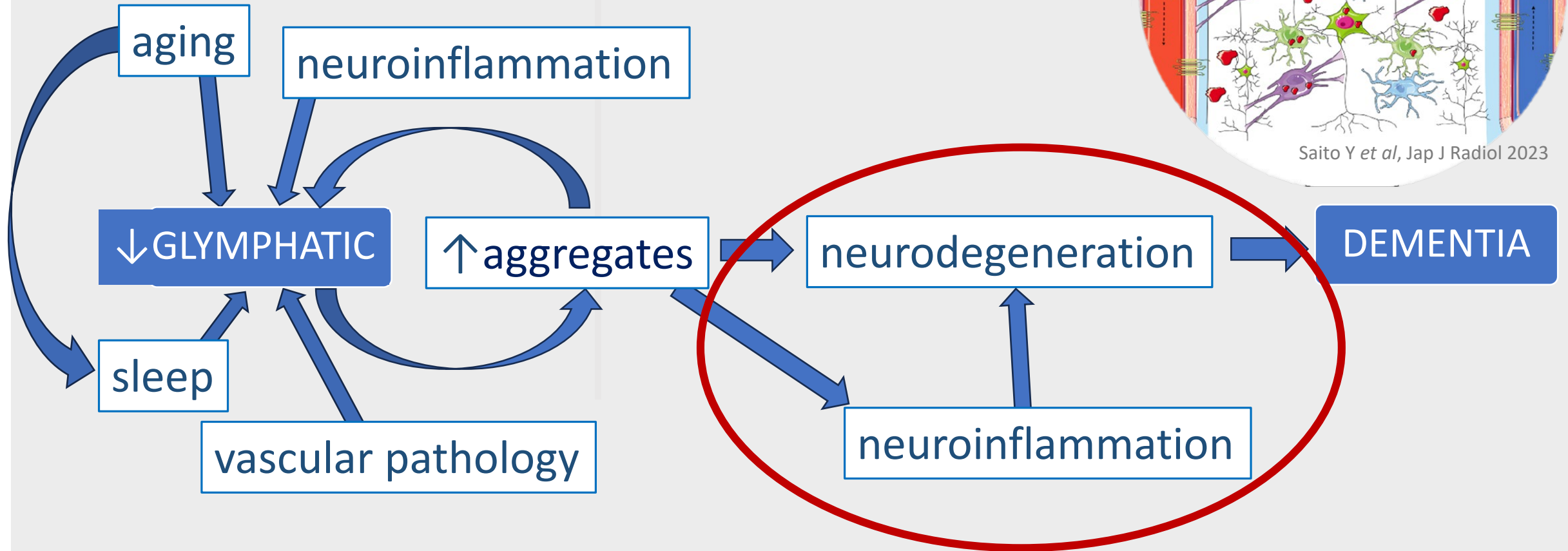
Jeffrey J. Iliff,<sup>1,2,3</sup> Michael J. Chen,<sup>1</sup> Benjamin A. Plog,<sup>1</sup> Douglas M. Zeppenfeld,<sup>2,3</sup> Melissa Soltero,<sup>2</sup> Lijun Yang,<sup>1</sup> Itender Singh,<sup>1</sup> Rashid Deane,<sup>1</sup> and Maiken Nedergaard<sup>1</sup>

Decreased of glymphatic influx persisting for more than 24 days after the injury

- ✓  $\beta$ -amyloid and C-tau proteins -> neuritic plaques
- ✓ glial scars -> neuroinflammation
- ✓ AQP4 channels disruption
- ✓ haematic debris

↓ GLYMPHATIC → DEMENTIA

*fluidopathy*



# Neuroinflammation




International Journal of  
*Molecular Sciences*

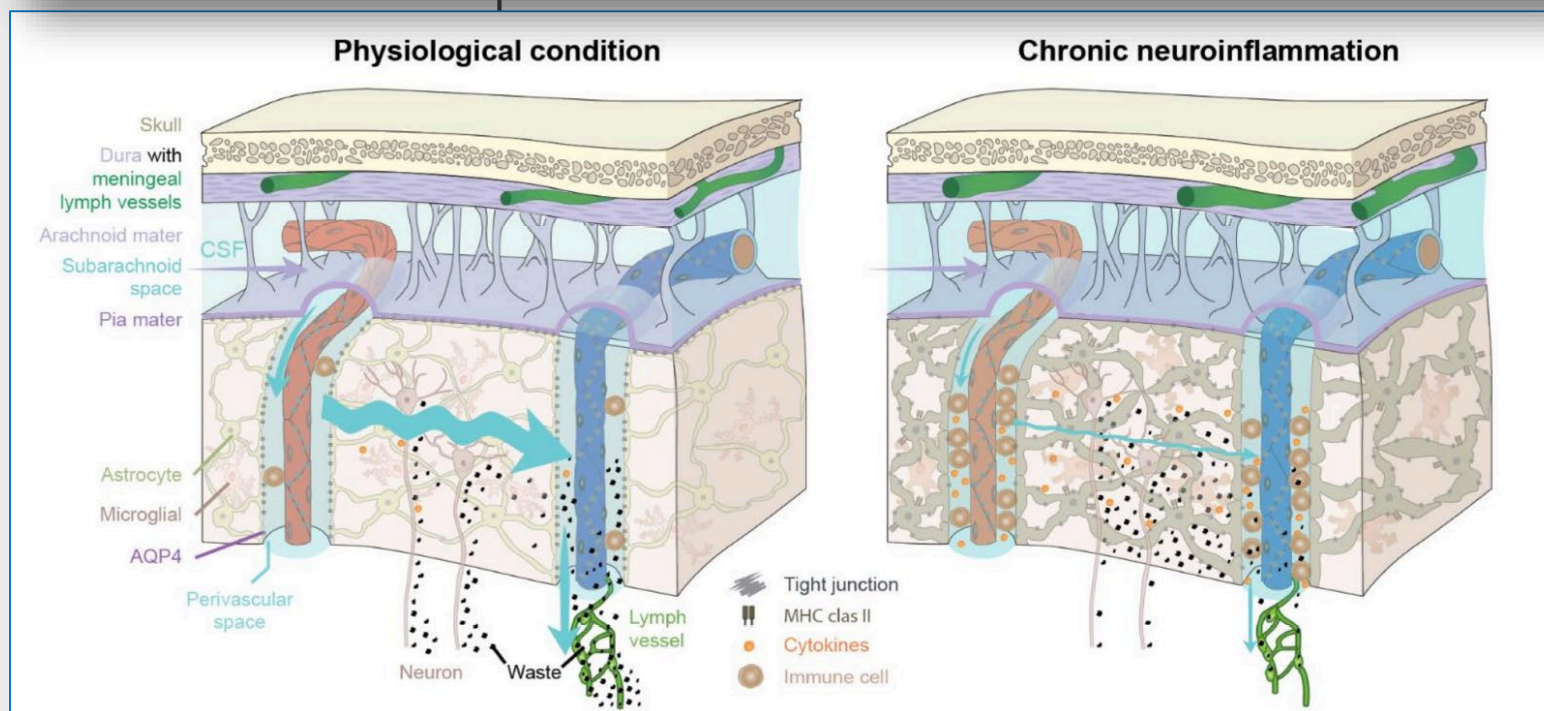


Review


## The Glymphatic System (En)during Inflammation

2021

Frida Lind-Holm Mogensen <sup>1,†</sup>, Christine Delle <sup>1,†</sup>  and Maiken Nedergaard <sup>1,2,\*</sup>



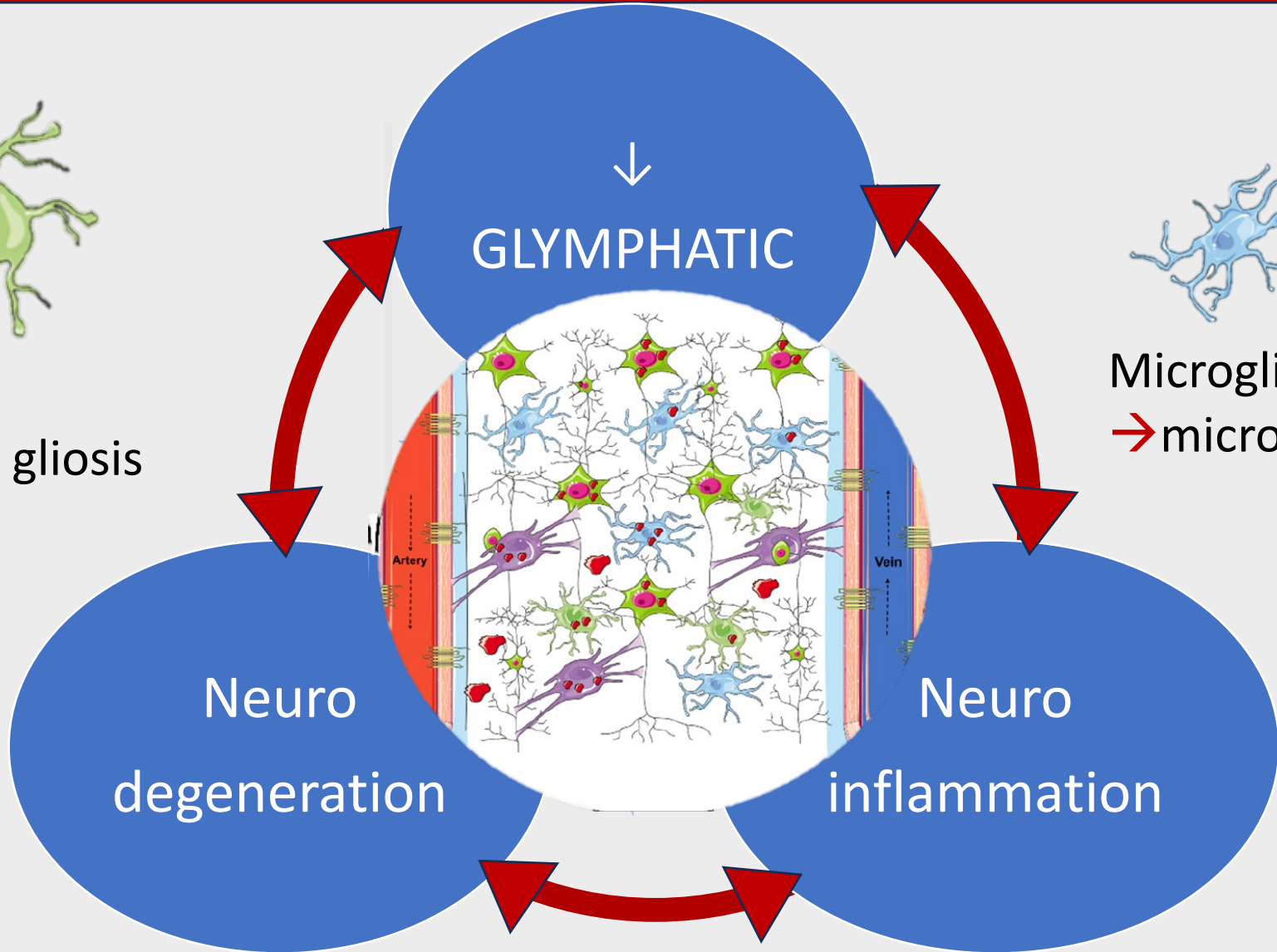
↓ GLYMPHATIC → VICIOUS CIRCLE



Astrocytes  
→ ↓AQP4, gliosis



Microglia  
→ microglial activation



# Dementia ↔ DTI ALPS

DTI-ALPS index AD, MCI e VCI < NC  
 $p < 0.001$

DTI-ALPS index AD < VCI  
 $p < 0.007$

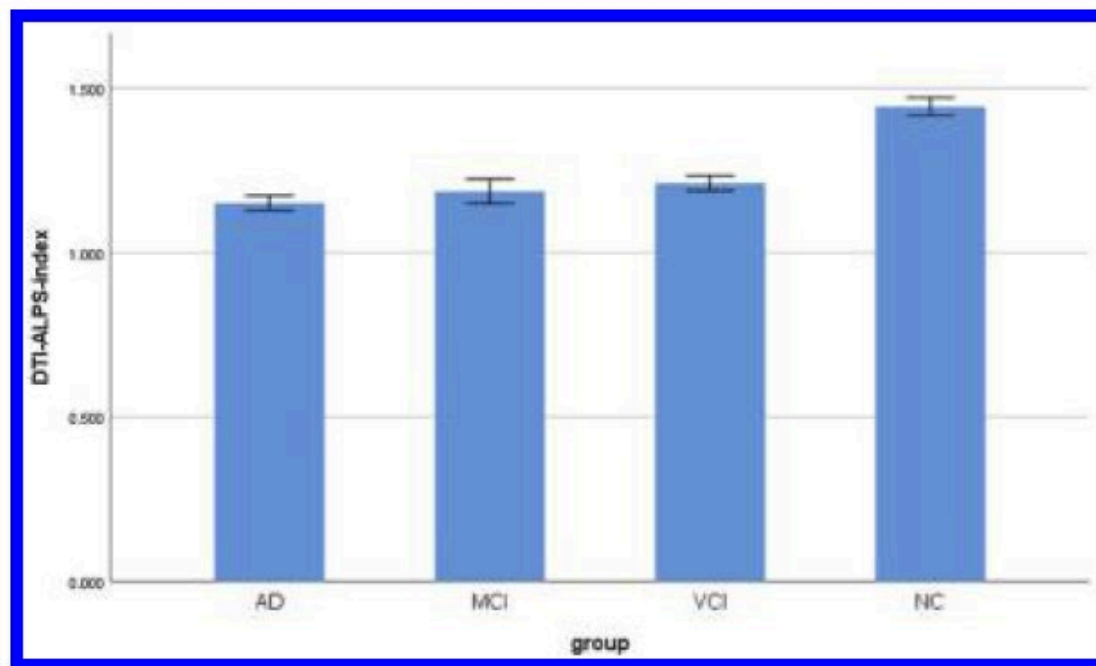
FULL PAPER

BJR, 2023

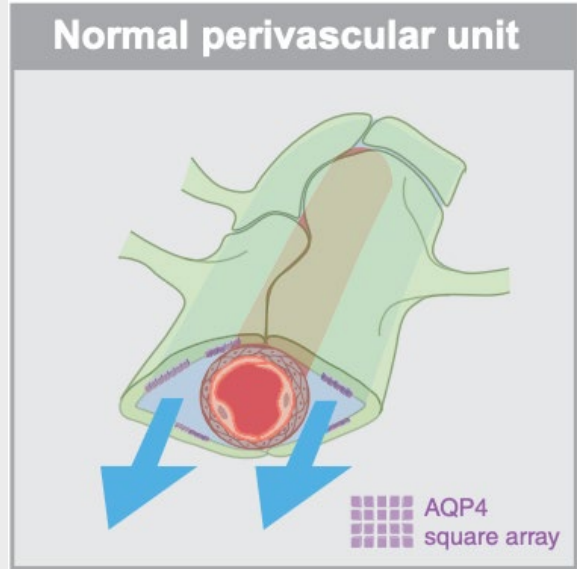
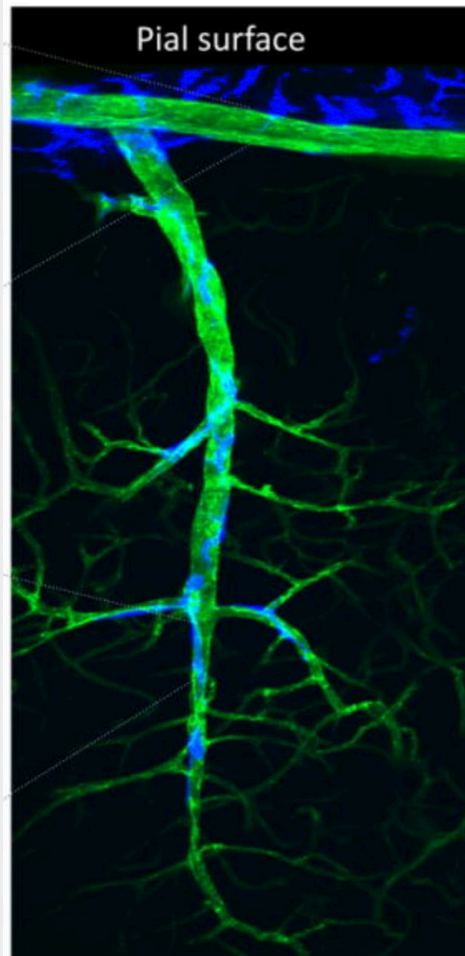
Evaluation of glymphatic system activity by diffusion tensor image analysis along the perivascular space (DTI-ALPS) in dementia patients

<sup>1</sup>TIAN LIANG, MD, <sup>1</sup>FEIYAN CHANG, MD, <sup>1</sup>ZHENGUO HUANG, MD, <sup>2</sup>DANTAO PENG, MD, <sup>2</sup>XIAO ZHOU, MD and <sup>3</sup>WEIFANG LIU, MD

Department of Radiology, Chinese People's Liberation Army General Hospital, Beijing, China

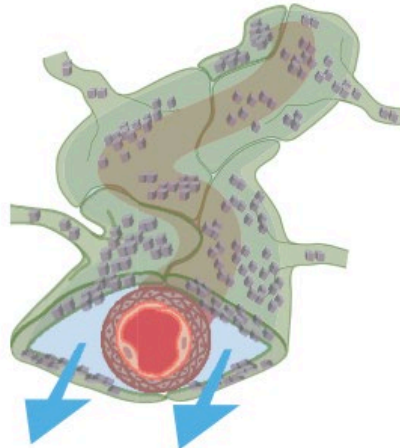


# microangiopathy

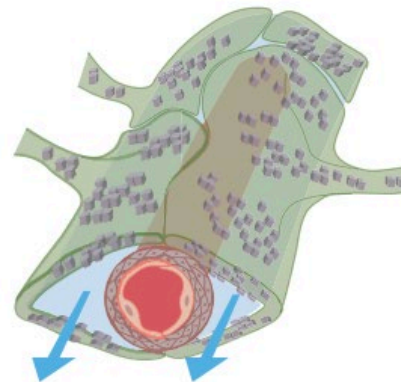


Hablitz & Nedergaard  
*J Neurosci* 2021

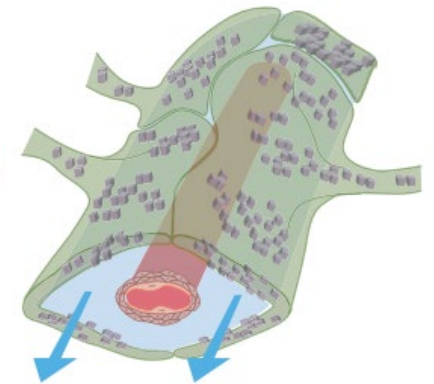
### Increased tortuosity



### Reactive gliosis

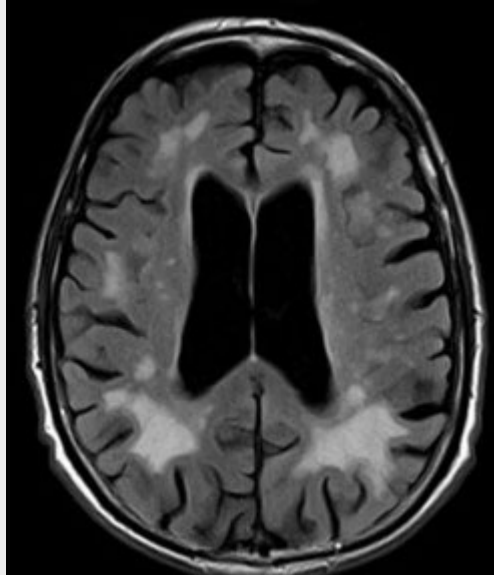


### Small vessel disease



# Cerebral small vessels disease (CSVD)

CSVD  
→



## The glymphatic system and cerebral small vessel disease

Phillip S. Ang, BA<sup>a</sup>, Douglas M. Zhang, BA<sup>a</sup>, Saara-Anne Azizi, PhD<sup>a</sup>,  
Salvador A. Norton de Matos, BA<sup>a</sup>, James R. Brorson, MD<sup>a,b,\*</sup>

### Shared risk factors

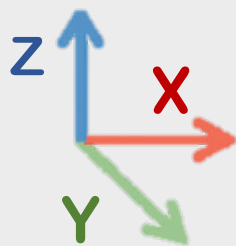
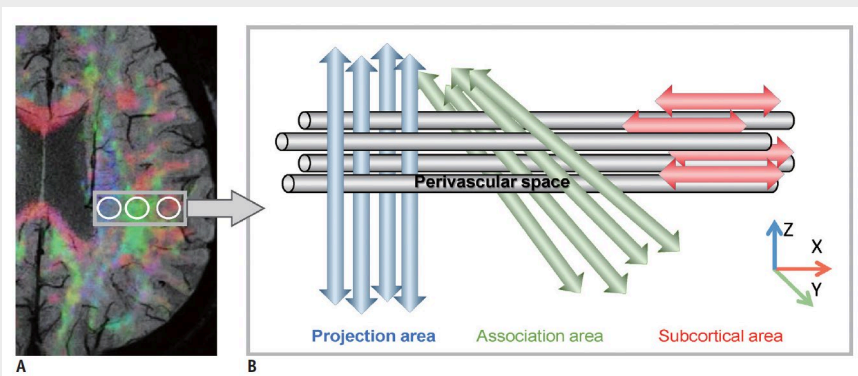
- Advanced age
- Hypertension
- Type 2 diabetes
- Sleep disruption
- Neuroinflammation



AD  
←

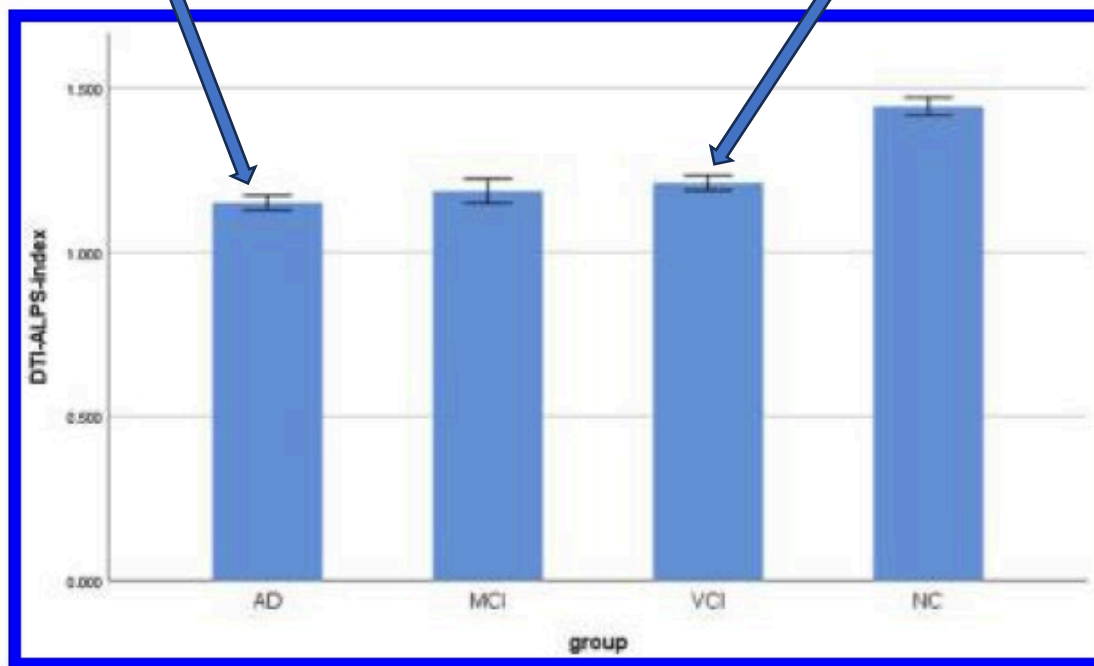
# Dementia ↔ DTI ALPS

$$\text{ALPS index} = \frac{\text{mean}(Dx \text{ proj}, Dx \text{ assoc})}{\text{mean}(Dy \text{ proj}, Dz \text{ assoc})}$$



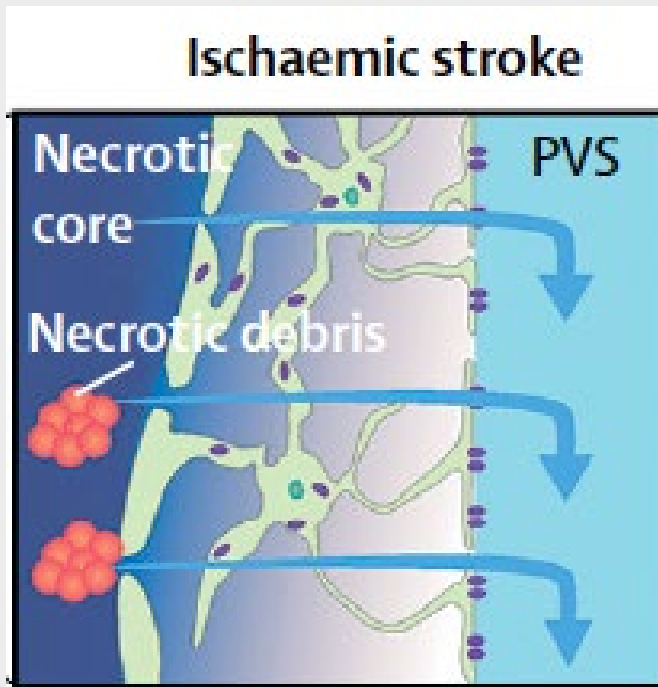
DTI-ALPS-index AD:  
↓ Dxassoc

DTI-ALPS-index VCI:  
↑ Dzassoc

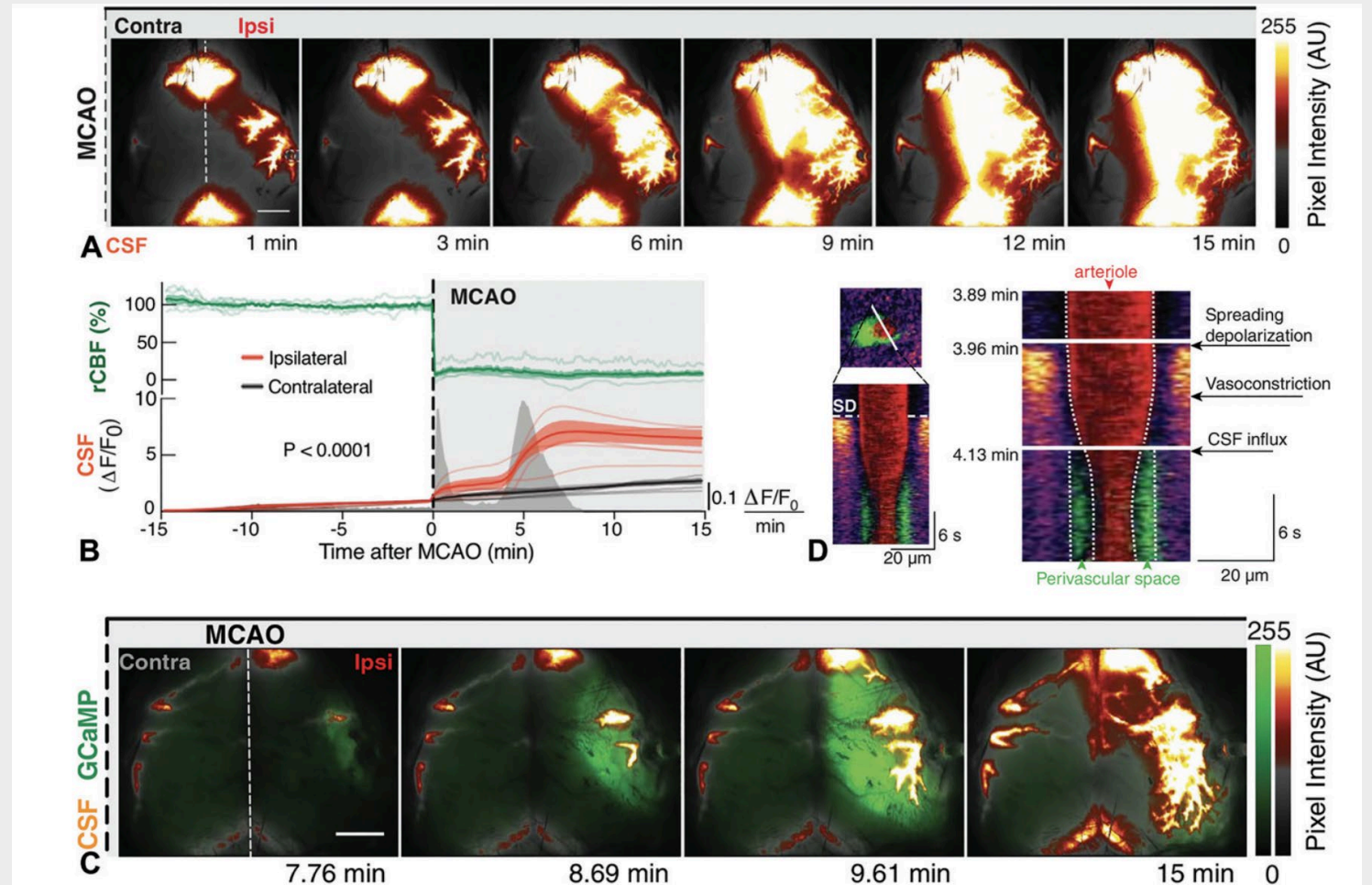




# Ischaemic stroke

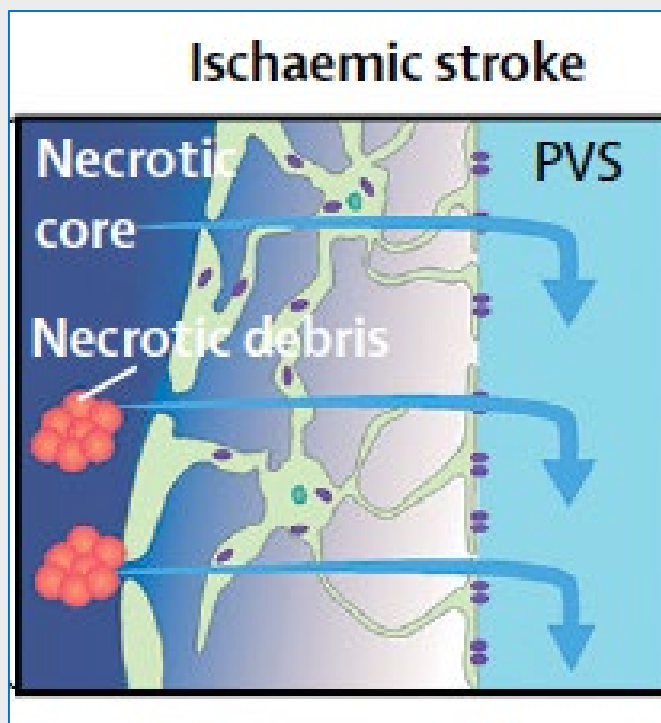


Nedergaard M et al, Lancet Neurol, 2018

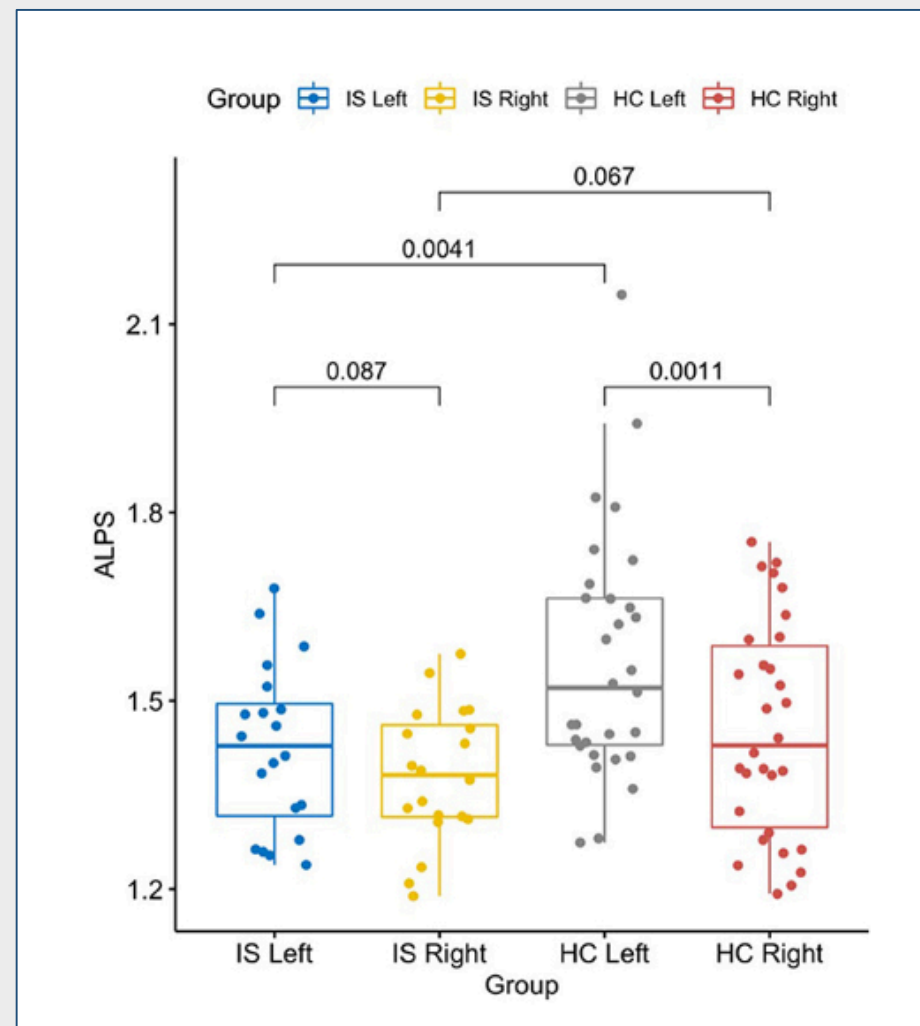


Klostranec et al, Radiology 2021

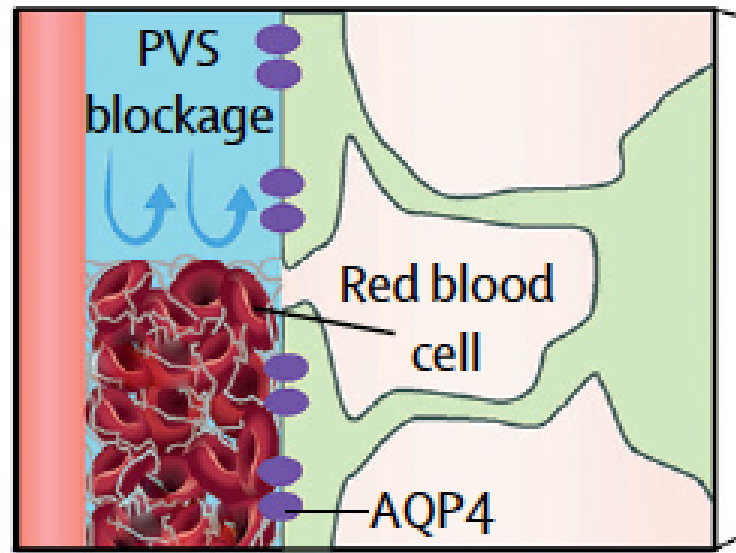
# Ischaemic stroke



Nedergaard M et al, Lancet Neurol, 2018



# Haemorrhagic stroke



**Subarachnoid haemorrhage**

Nedergaard M et al, Lancet Neurol, 2018

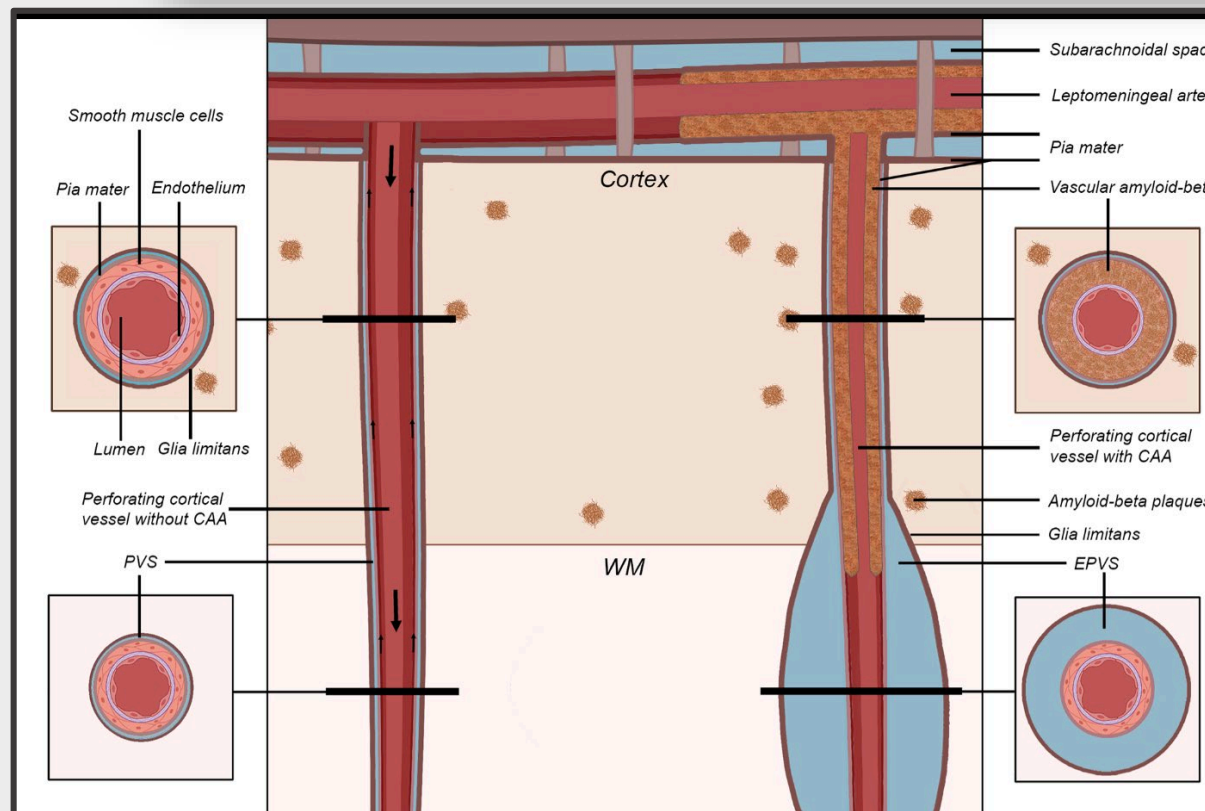
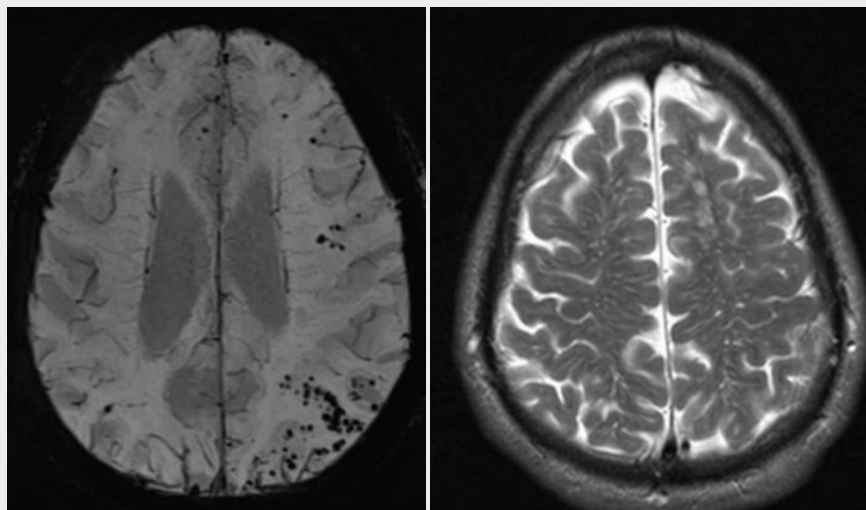
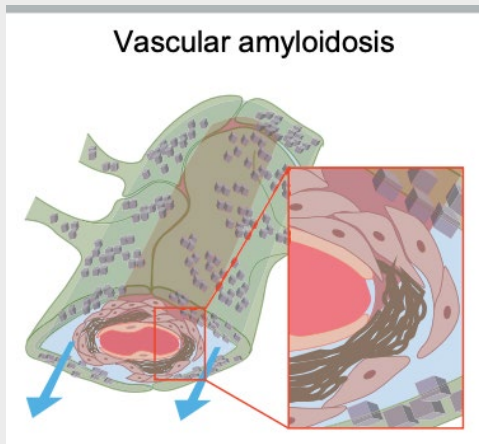
Impaired CSF inflow along periarterial influx routes starts at 24 hours after the insult.

Intraventricular delivery of the fibrinolytic plasminogen activator restored CSF flow in rodents.

# Cerebral amyloid angiopathy

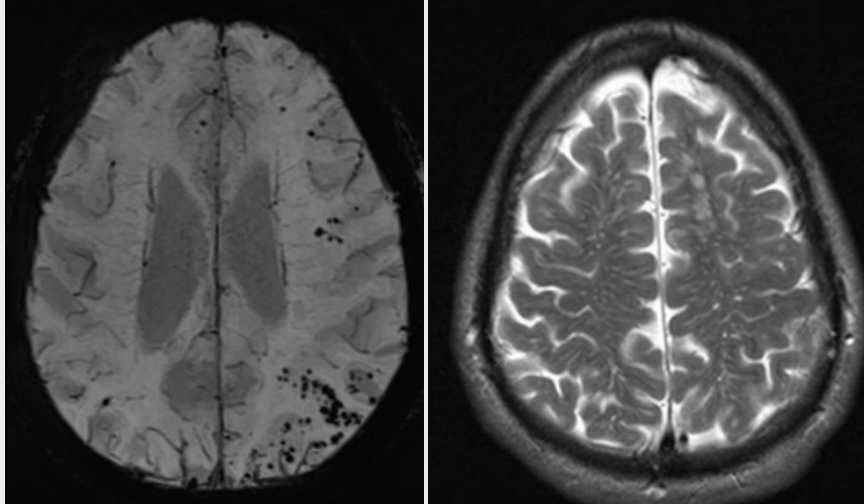
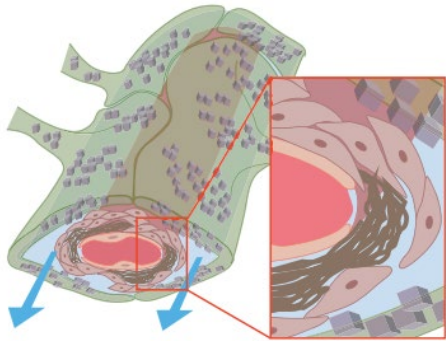
Perivascular space dilation is associated with vascular amyloid- $\beta$  accumulation in the overlying cortex  
*Acta Neuropathol*, 2022

Valentina Perosa<sup>1 2 3</sup>, Jan Oltmer<sup>4</sup>, Leon P Munting<sup>5 6</sup>, Whitney M Freeze<sup>6 7</sup>, Corinne A Auger<sup>5</sup>, Ashley A Scherlek<sup>5 8</sup>, Andre J van der Kouwe<sup>4</sup>, Juan Eugenio Iglesias<sup>4 9 10</sup>, Alessia Atzeni<sup>9</sup>, Brian J Bacskaï<sup>5</sup>, Anand Viswanathan<sup>11</sup>, Matthew P Frosch<sup>5 12</sup>, Steven M Greenberg<sup>11</sup>, Susanne J van Veluw<sup>11 5 6</sup>



# Cerebral amyloid angiopathy

Vascular amyloidosis



*Lancet Neurol 2022*

## The Boston Criteria v2.0 for cerebral amyloid angiopathy: A multicentre MRI-neuropathology diagnostic accuracy study

### Probable CAA

- MRI criteria:
  - demonstrates either:
    - at least two of the following strictly lobar hemorrhagic lesions on T2\*-weighted MRI, in any combination: **intracerebral hemorrhage**, **cerebral microbleeds**, or foci of cortical **superficial siderosis** (multiple distinct foci are counted as independent hemorrhagic lesions) or **convexity subarachnoid hemorrhage** (multiple distinct foci are counted as independent hemorrhagic lesions); **or**
    - one lobar hemorrhagic lesion plus one white matter feature (severe **perivascular spaces in the centrum semiovale** [ $>20$  visible in one hemisphere] or **white matter hyperintensities** in a multispot pattern)
  - absence of:
    - any deep hemorrhagic lesions on T2\*-weighted MRI; **and**
      - hemorrhagic lesion in cerebellum not counted as either lobar or deep hemorrhagic lesion
    - other cause of hemorrhagic lesions\*

# Dementia

Cerebrovascular  
Diseases

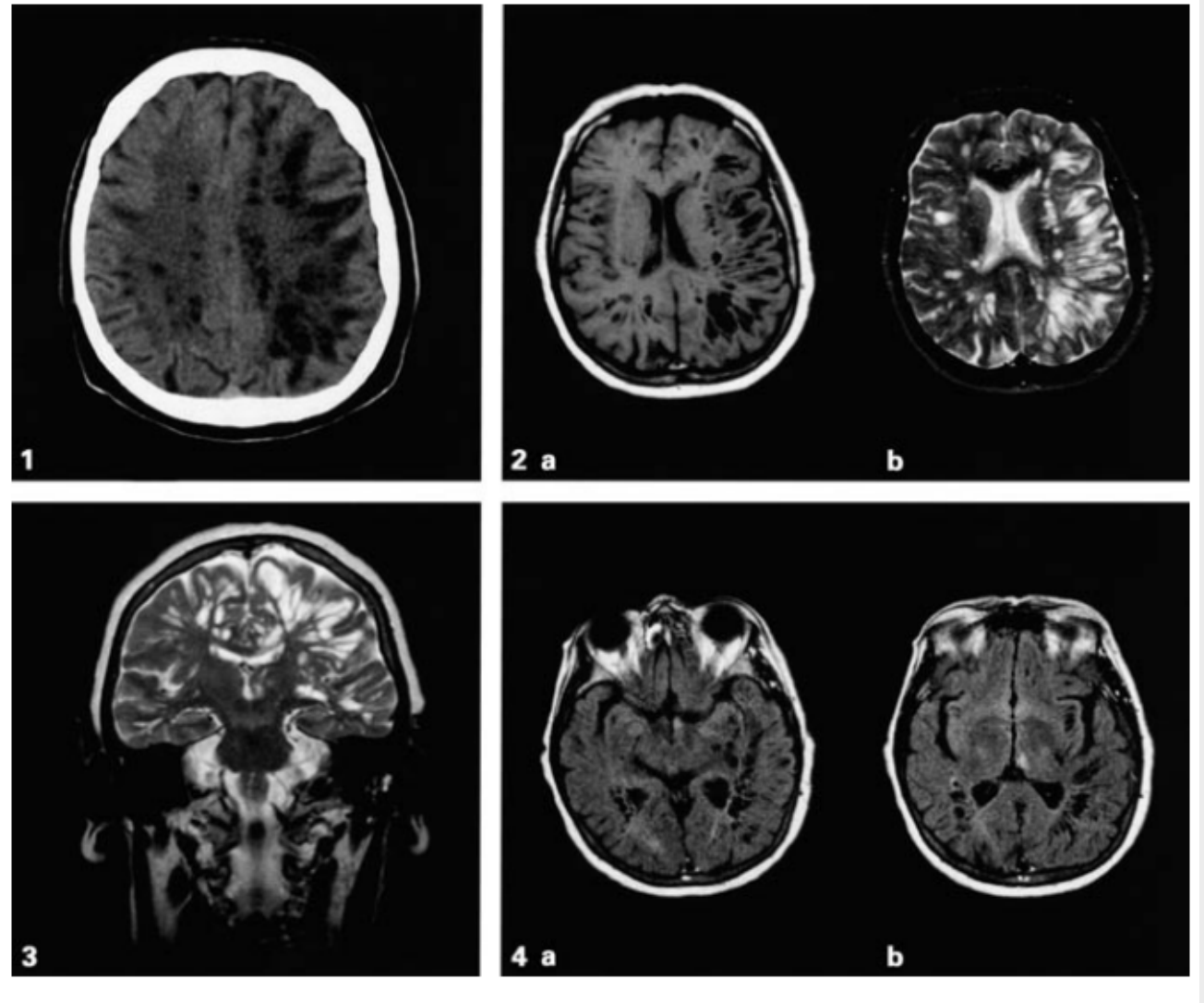
Original Paper

Cerebrovasc Dis 2001;12:287-290

2001

## Subcortical Dementia Associated with Striking Enlargement of the Virchow-Robin Spaces and Transneuronal Degeneration of the Left Mammillo-Thalamic Tract

Carla Uggetti<sup>a</sup> Maria Grazia Egitto<sup>a</sup> Anna Pichiecchio<sup>a</sup> Elena Sinforiani<sup>b</sup>  
Maria Stella Bevilacqua<sup>b</sup> Anna Cavallini<sup>c</sup> Giuseppe Micieli<sup>c</sup>



# Normal pressure hydrocephalus

Hindawi  
Current Gerontology and Geriatrics Research  
Volume 2019, Article ID 5675014, 10 pages  
<https://doi.org/10.1155/2019/5675014>

2019

Research Article

## Diagnostic Performance of Glymphatic System Evaluation Using Diffusion Tensor Imaging in Idiopathic Normal Pressure Hydrocephalus and Mimickers

Hajime Yokota,<sup>1</sup> Arvind Vijayasarithi,<sup>2</sup> Milos Cekic,<sup>2</sup> Yoko Hirata,<sup>3</sup> Michael Linetsky,<sup>2</sup> Michael Ho,<sup>4</sup> Won Kim,<sup>5</sup> and Noriko Salamon<sup>2</sup>

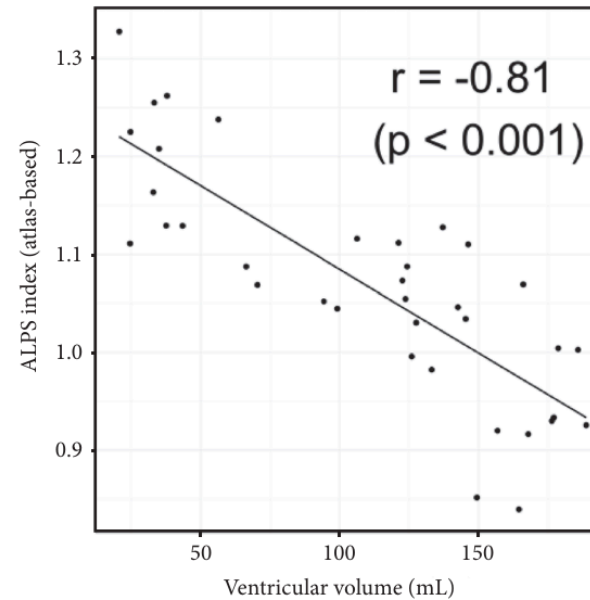
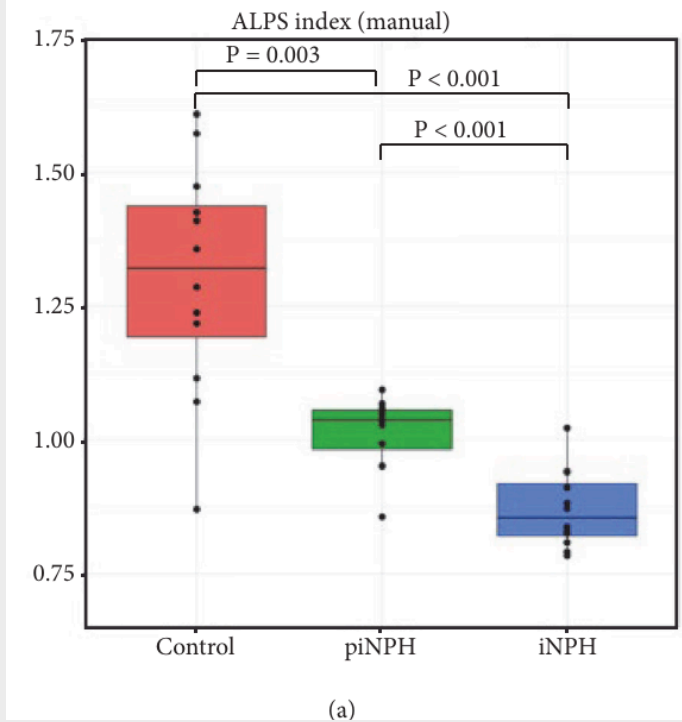


FIGURE 6: Scatter plot shows correlation between atlas-based ALPS index and supratentorial ventricular volume. There was strong correlation between them ( $r = -0.81$ ,  $p < 0.001$ ).



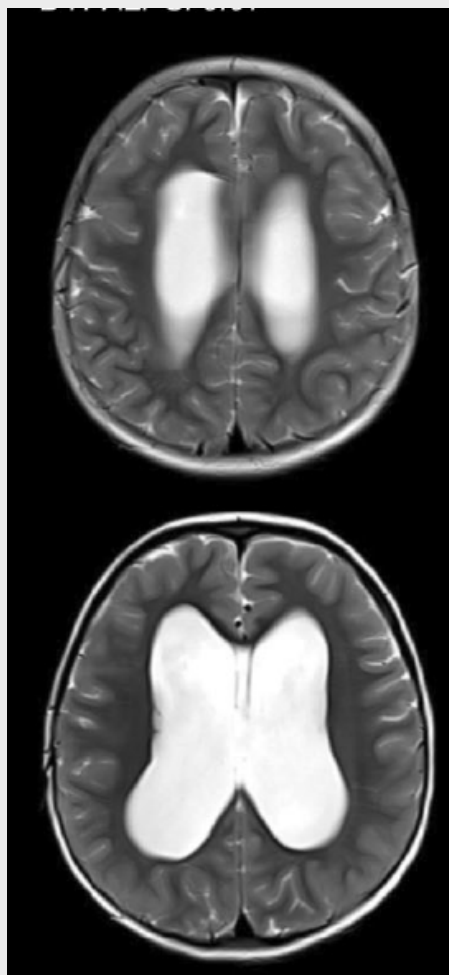
# Hydrocephalus

J Magn Res Imaging, 2023

## Glymphatic Imaging in Pediatrics

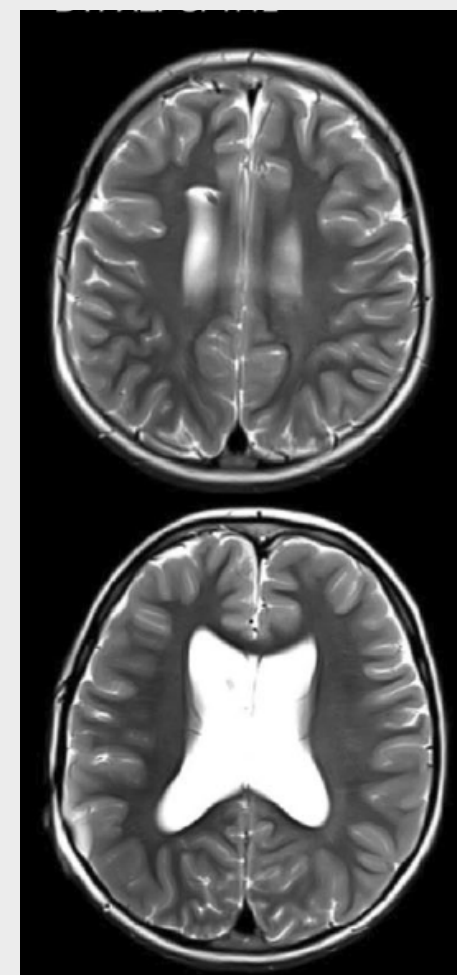
Xianjun Li, PhD,<sup>1</sup> Zixuan Lin, PhD,<sup>2</sup> Congcong Liu, MD,<sup>1</sup> Ruiliang Bai, PhD,<sup>3</sup>  
Dan Wu, PhD,<sup>2</sup> and Jian Yang, PhD<sup>1,4,5\*</sup>

DTI ALPS = 0.97



< Pre-op

DTI ALPS = 1.42



< Post-op  
DVP

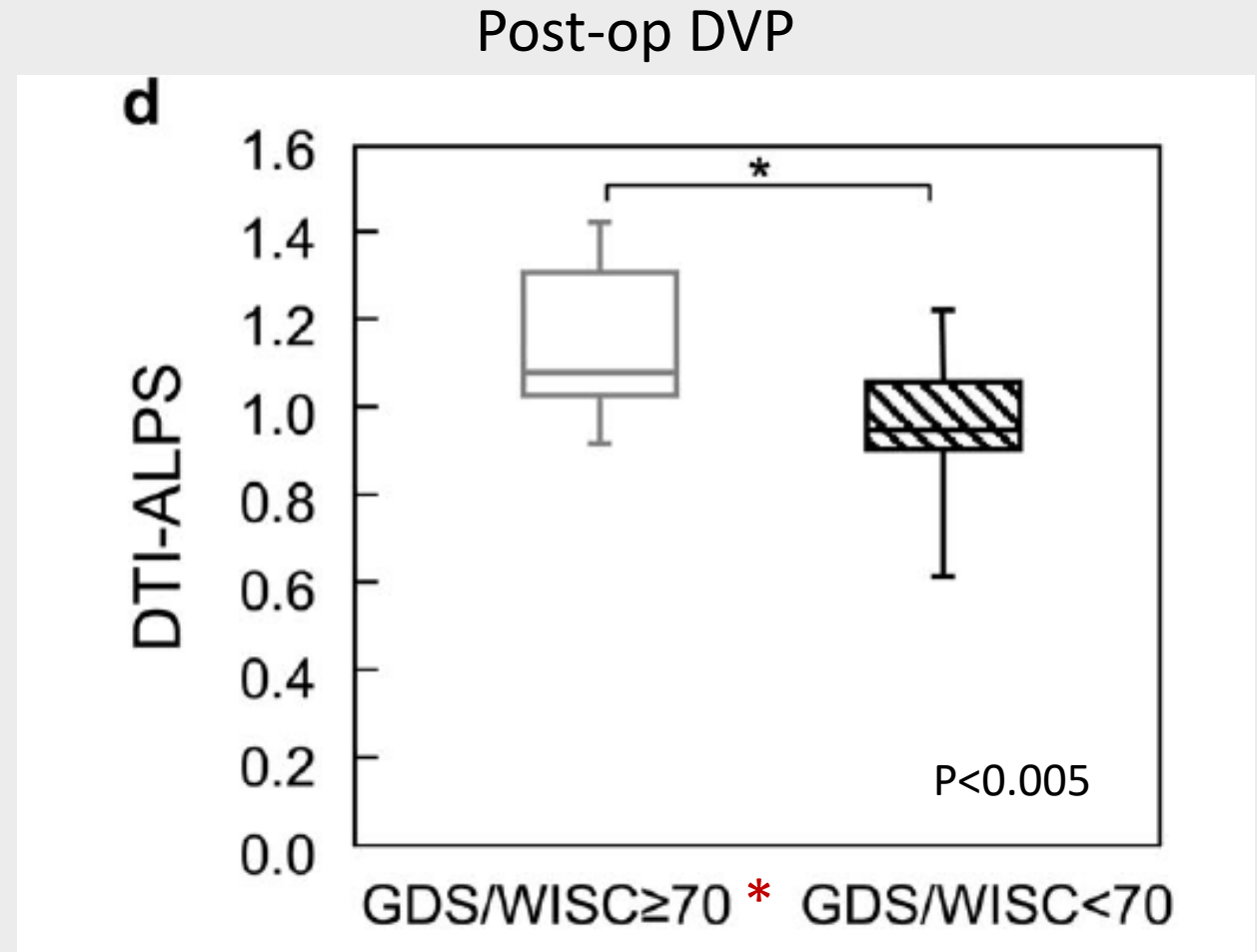


# Hydrocephalus

J Magn Res Imaging, 2023

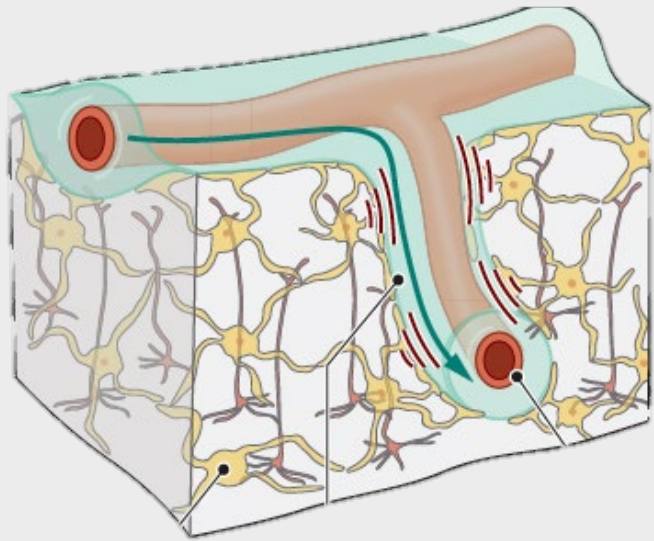
## Glymphatic Imaging in Pediatrics

Xianjun Li, PhD,<sup>1</sup> Zixuan Lin, PhD,<sup>2</sup> Congcong Liu, MD,<sup>1</sup> Ruiliang Bai, PhD,<sup>3</sup>  
Dan Wu, PhD,<sup>2</sup> and Jian Yang, PhD<sup>1,4,5\*</sup>



\* Gordon Diagnostic System/  
Wechsler Intelligent Scale for Children

# Lymphatic system



**Future outlook**

# Glymphatic system

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RESULTS BY YEAR

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1,489 results

1 Yuanzhi  
of glymphatic  
Li J, Hadji  
J Ethnopharmacol  
PMID: 38595285  
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enhance

PubMed<sup>®</sup> glymphatic  
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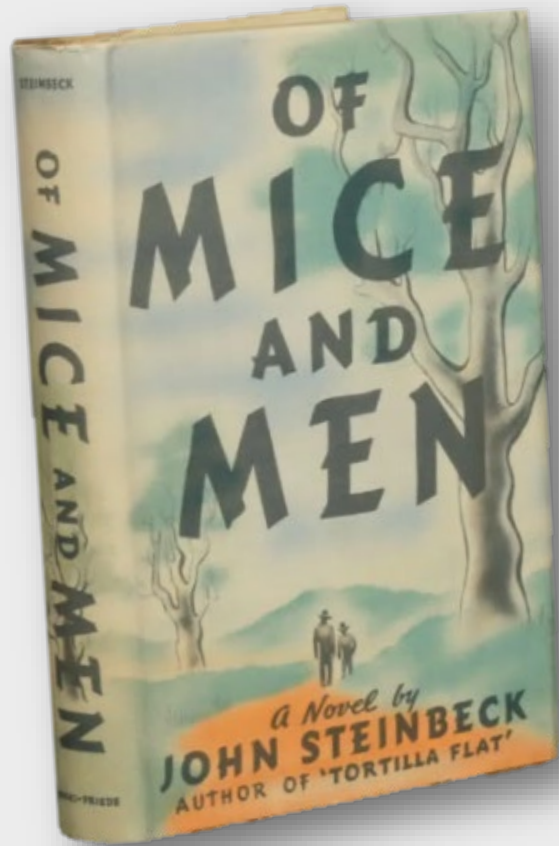
RESULTS BY YEAR

Reset

1,675 results

1 **Glymphatic system: a gateway for neuroinflammation**  
Zou K, Deng Q, Zhang H, Huang C.  
Neural Regen Res. 2024 Dec 1;19(12):2661-2671.  
PMID: 38595285 **Free article.**  
The **glymphatic** system is a relatively recently discovered pathway in the brain. Accumulating evidence indicates that glymphatic system is involved in nervous system disorders but also in systemic

# Future research is needed



Modifications due to genetics and behavior

Neurodegenerative diseases ...

... and beyond: neuroinflammation!

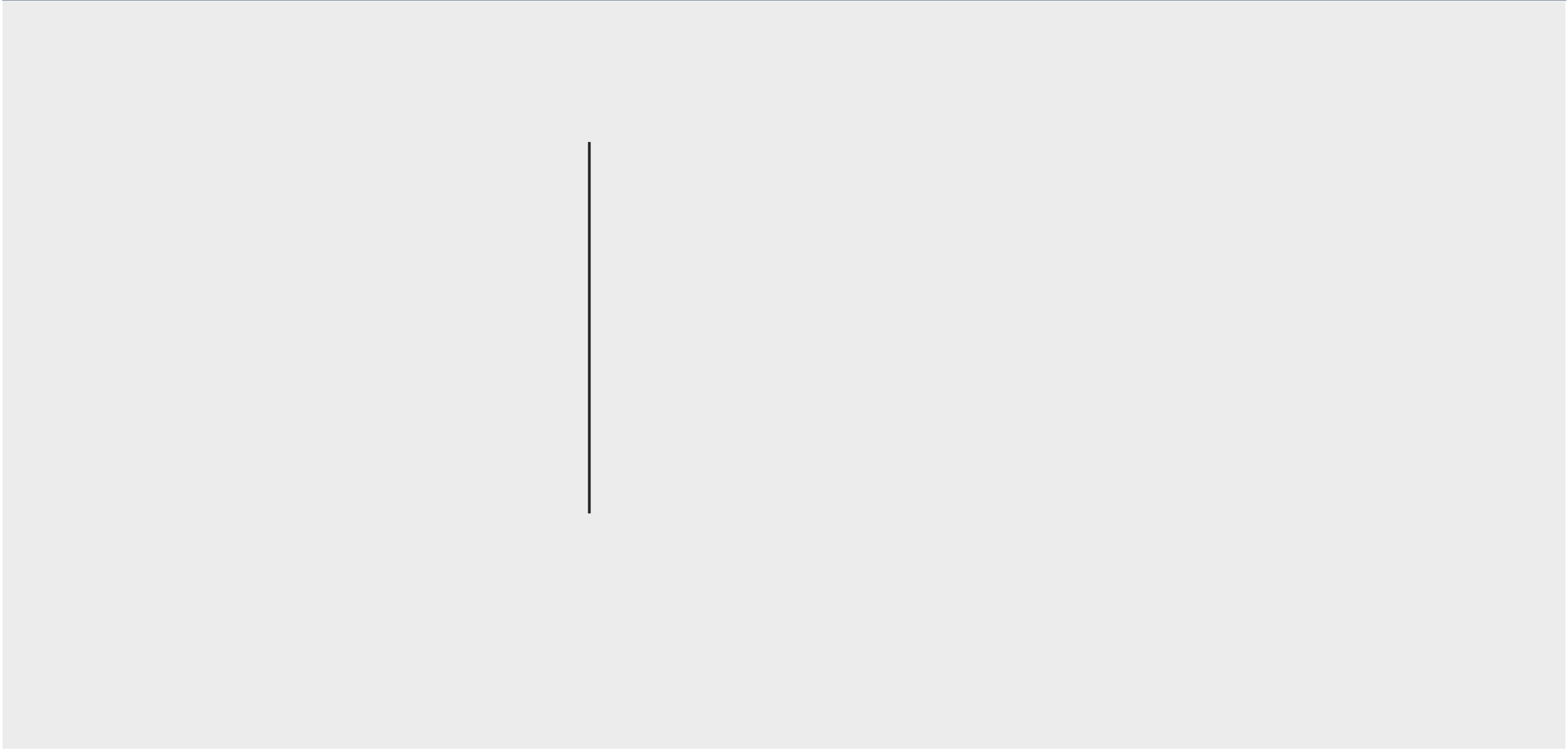
*in vivo* new diagnostic tools

Novel therapeutic targets

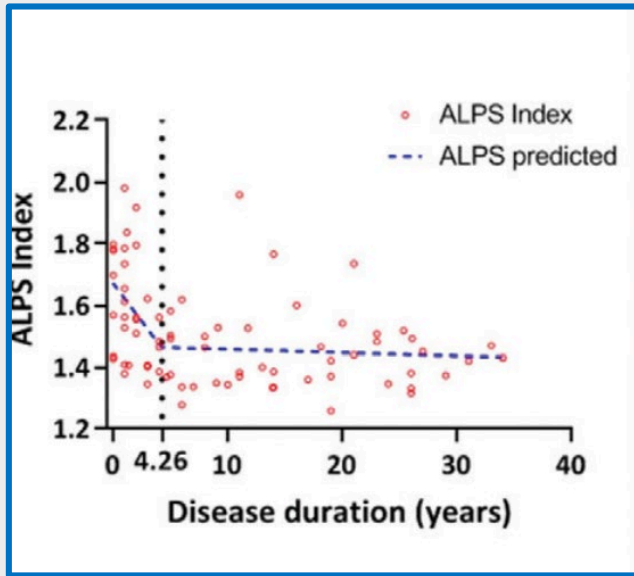
# THE GLYMPHATIC PATHWAY

[carla.uggetti@gmail.com](mailto:carla.uggetti@gmail.com)





# Multiple sclerosis



Review > Radiology. 2023 Jun;307(5):e221512. doi: 10.1148/radiol.221512.

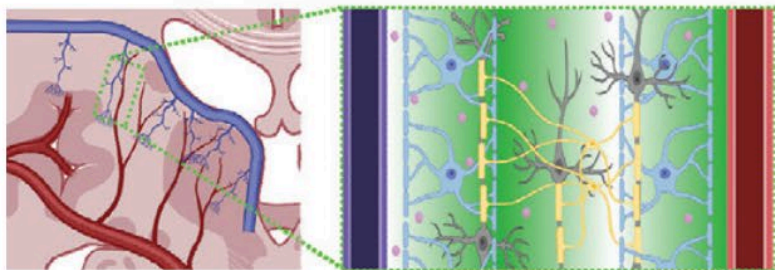
2023

## Emerging Perspectives on MRI Application in Multiple Sclerosis: Moving from Pathophysiology to Clinical Practice

Maria Assunta Rocca<sup>1</sup>, Monica Margoni<sup>1</sup>, Marco Battaglini<sup>1</sup>, Arman Eshaghi<sup>1</sup>, Jeffrey Iliff<sup>1</sup>, Elisabetta Pagani<sup>1</sup>, Paolo Preziosa<sup>1</sup>, Loredana Storelli<sup>1</sup>, Toshiaki Taoka<sup>1</sup>, Paola Valsasina<sup>1</sup>, Massimo Filippi<sup>1</sup>

Rocca et al

### 1) Is noninvasive MRI visualization of the glymphatic system feasible and relevant?



- The appearance of MRI-visible dilated perivascular spaces, visualized on structural MRI scans, is believed to reflect impaired glymphatic exchange.
- A lower DTI-ALPS index was observed in patients with MS compared to HC subjects, even lower in the progressive phase, suggesting an overall glymphatic impairment.
- Non-invasive MRI-based approaches have not yet been validated against reference-standard contrast-based measured of perivascular exchange.

# Migraine

> [J Neurosci](#). 2017 Mar 15;37(11):2904-2915. doi: 10.1523/JNEUROSCI.3390-16.2017.  
Epub 2017 Feb 13.

## Cortical Spreading Depression Closes Paravascular Space and Impairs Glymphatic Flow: Implications for Migraine Headache

Aaron J Schain<sup>1 2</sup>, Agustin Melo-Carrillo<sup>1 2</sup>, Andrew M Strassman<sup>1 2</sup>, Rami Burstein<sup>3 2</sup>

Zhang *et al.*  
*The Journal of Headache and Pain* (2023) 24:147  
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s10194-023-01673-3>

The Journal of Headache  
and Pain

RESEARCH

Open Access

## Increased glymphatic system activity in migraine chronification by diffusion tensor image analysis along the perivascular space

Xue Zhang<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Wei Wang<sup>4</sup>, Xiaoyan Bai<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Xueyan Zhang<sup>5</sup>, Ziyu Yuan<sup>4</sup>, Bingjie Jiao<sup>6</sup>, Yingkui Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Zhiye Li<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Peng Zhang<sup>4</sup>, Hefei Tang<sup>4</sup>, Yaqing Zhang<sup>4</sup>, Xueying Yu<sup>4</sup>, Ruiliang Bai<sup>6,7,8\*</sup>, Yonggang Wang<sup>4\*</sup> and Binbin Sui<sup>1,2\*</sup>

